# EUC: ADVANCED INTEGRATIONS - 2019



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## Day 1

# Getting Started - Workspace ONE Access & Workspace ONE UEM SaaS Instance

#### **Part 1 Overview**

The scenario you will be working with this week is a company called euc-livefire. They are a very dynamic organisation and have traditionally been on-premise but have recently moved into the cloud without truly understanding the challenges and would like a simple solution from an enduser perspective.

The organisation has key drivers around security, availability, mobility, and business continuity. They have an existing infrastructure with multiple authentication services such as OKTA and active Directory and would like to bring these together from the end-user perspective.

The organisation has recently started considering moving from office 2013 to Office 365 and sees this as another cloud resource the users would potentially need to connect to.

End-users require consumption of their applications across all platforms and recently have commented on how difficult it is to remember all the access portals and passwords.

As a consulting team our objective this week will be to integrate all existing resources both Onpremise and SaaS into a singular simple solution for end users.

#### 1. Overview of our On-premise and SaaS resources

#### **On-premise resources**

- The following resources in your lab environment are representative of what the EUC-Livefire organisation "On-premise' resources.
  - Active Directory Domain Controller and DNS services.
     Server Name is ControlCenter2 and the Active Directory Domain is EUC-Livefire.com
  - 2. Citrix XenApp server.

We have a Citrix XenApp server with Storefront and legacy applications published to Citrix XenApp server name is Citrix.euc-livefire.com. A dedicated server for the integration broker called **Citrixbroker.euc-livefire.com** and a server called **citrixrdsh.euc-livefire.com** 

#### 3. Connector Server

A dedicated Windows server called **ws1.euc-livefire.com**, this is dedicated for the Workspace ONE Access connector which will have to be installed.

#### **Cloud SaaS resources**

As part of this story and part of the final solution you will register now in this section, with the following SaaS resources.

- A SaaS Instance of Workspace ONE Access (formerly known as VMware Identity Manager)
- A SaaS Instance of WorkspaceONE UEM (formerly known as VMware AirWatch)

In a later part of the labs you will register with the following SaaS services with a view to building a complete EUC solution.

- Office 365 tenant which will federate with Workspace ONE Access
- A Salesforce tenant with Workspace ONE Access

## Part 2: Registration of your SaaS Tenants for Workspace ONE Access and Workspace ONE UEM

This section takes you through the registration process for your lab resources. You will login to a SaaS tenant of Workspace ONE Access and Workspace ONE UEM.

In addition you will login and gain access to what will represent your on-premise components.

These include the Microsoft Windows Workspace ONE Access Connector, your Windows 10 Test Virtual machine and your Citrix Farm

- 1. **To Register for the course (Digital Workspace Livefire)** by clicking on the unique lab registration link found on <a href="https://www.vmware.com/go/euclivefire">www.vmware.com/go/euclivefire</a> that takes your to <a href="https://www.mware.com">mylearn.vmware.com</a>
- 2. Click on Start This Course
- 3. You will notice that a new Windows will open that allows you to Access the VLP (VMware Learning Platform) from which you will interact with your on-premises components. We will come back to these later in the lab.
- 4. At this time check your e-mail and you should have received an e-mail from **svc.labadmin@vmware.com**.

**NOTE**: Check your JUNK folder

5. This e-mail contains the unique tenant for your Workspace ONE Access SaaS instance. Click on the **TENANT URL** to launch the Workspace ONE Access Admin Console.

Use the credentials provided to login: Username: Administrator Password: VMware1!



Home > Services > VMware Education

#### **VMware Education**

Course: Digital Workspace Livefire

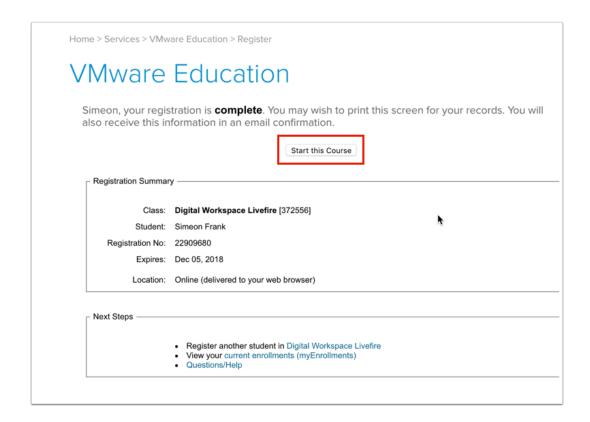
Delivered by the EUC-Livefire team, the Digital Workspace Class empowers technical professionals to focus on solutions and expose an individual to the broad base of product and the challenges one might face with integrations through deep-dive labs, expert to expert discussions, and experience-based knowledge sharing.

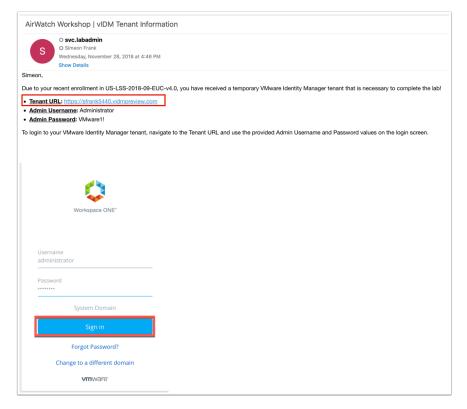
Length: 4 Days

Start this Course

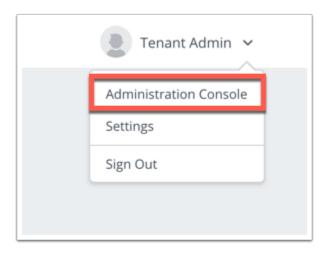
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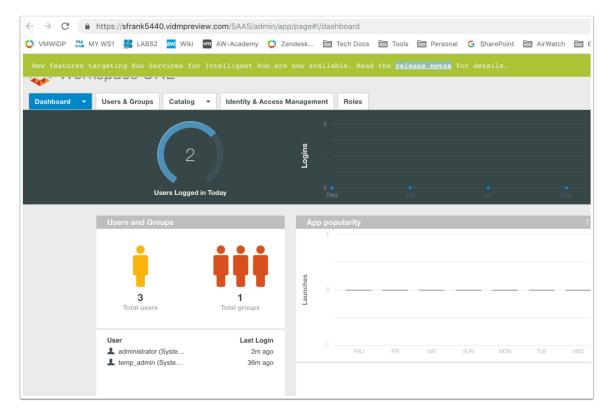
If you have any questions about this course, please contact the course manager at <a href="mailto:eagudelo@vmware.com">eagudelo@vmware.com</a>



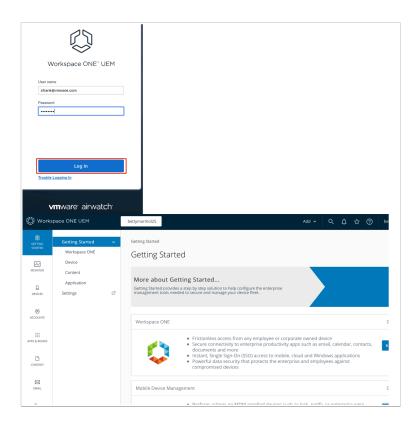


- 6. Now that you are signed in, change from the catalog view to the admin console by navigating to the top right and clicking on Tenant Admin and selecting Administration Console from the drop-down.
- 7. You should now see the Workspace ONE Access **Admin Console** to which we will return in a later lab.





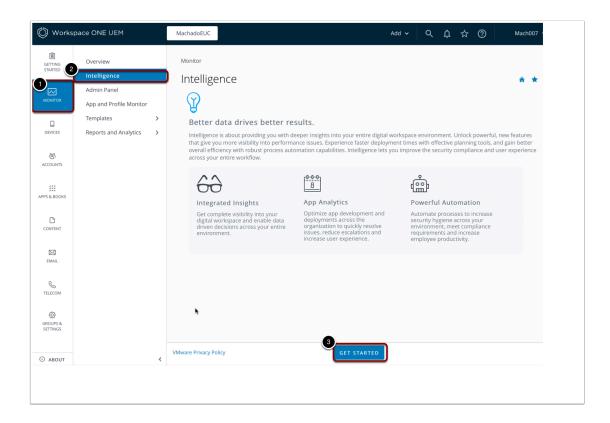
- 8. Open a browser and navigate https://cn-livefire.awmdm.com
- 9. Use the e-mail address you signed up to the course with as the **User Name** (Eg sfrank@vmware.com) and the password: **VMware1!** Click **Log In**
- 10. Now set a security question and answer and a four digit Pin
- 11. You should now be on the Getting started window of the UEM console which is the default landing page.



#### Part 3. Integrating with Workspace ONE Intelligence

This part of the lab will take you through how to activate your WorkspaceOne Intelligence Trial environment from the UEM console.

- 1. IF you aren't already, log into the Workspace ONE UEM console by opening a browser to <a href="https://cn-livefire.awmdm.com">https://cn-livefire.awmdm.com</a>
- 2. Login using your **e-mail** as username and password: **VMware1!**
- 3. Select **Monitor** on your left of the Workspace ONE UEM pane and then select **Intelligence** and click **GET STARTED**



4. It will now give you the information as to what Intelligence will collect from your UEM environment.

Click the **check box** next to "**Opt In**" and select **Next** at the bottom of the page.

- 5. You will now need to **fill in your details** and select **ACCEPT.** Note: The form values can be fictitious.
- 6. You will now be re-directed to the Intelligence server.

You now have access to the WorkspaceOne Intelligence platform.



We will setup the WorkspaceOne Intelligence integration with Workspace ONE Access. this will allow us to begin aggregating information based on logins to Workspace ONE UEM and AppLaunch.

- 1. On the left of the pane, navigate to and select the dropdown next to **Settings**, and select **Integrations** select SET UP under **Workspace ONE Access**
- 2. Select **GET STARTED** on the the wizard page
- 3. On the **Authorize: Workspace ONE Access** page select **Provide Credentials** and next to **Tenant Domain\*** type **your unique Workspace ONE Access tenant URL** for this course. e.g **https://aw-livefirerplaston.Workspace ONE Accesspreview.com**
- 4. Select CONNECT TO WORKSPACE ONE ACCESS
- 5. On the Workspace ONE Intelligence Integration window select ACCEPT
- 6. On Workspace ONE Access authorised successfully window select FINISH

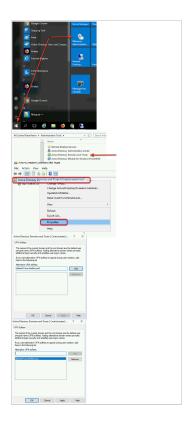
This concludes the the setup of our VMware WorkspaceOne tenants needed for the remainder of the labs.

You may now move on to the next lab



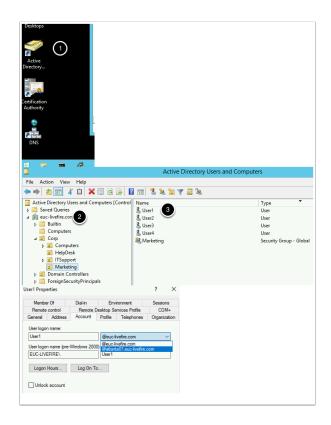
#### Part 4. Configuring domain trust

- On your ControlCenter Desktop, Select the Start Button to launch the Start Menu and select Administrative Tools
- 1. Select Active Directory Domains and Trusts shortcut
- 2. In **Active Directory Domain and Trusts mmc** select and right-click **Active Directory Domains and Trusts [ControlCenter2.euc-livefire.com]**
- 3. Select Properties
- 4. Under the **UPN Suffixes** Tab under **Alternative UPN suffixes** type **your custom domain name**. the example we have in this lab is **tokyo01.euc-livefire.com**
- 5. Select **Add** , select **OK** to close the window, **close** the **Active Directory Domains and Trusts** Window.



2.

- On your **ControlCenter** Desktop **close** Active Directory Domain and trusts.
  - 1. In the **Administrative tools** folder select **Active Directory Users and Computers** shortcut and select **open**
  - 2. Under the euc-livefire.com domain, expand the Corp > Marketing Organisational Units
  - 3. You will notice we have **Users 1 to 4.** Select and right-click **User1** and select **Properties**
  - 4. Select the **Account** tab, to the right of **User logon name:** select the **drop down arrow** and select **your custom domain**
  - 5. Repeat these tasks for all 4 users. Close the Active Directory Users and Computers window



#### Part 5. Configuration of a Custom Test Account

In this part you'll be creating your test user for the salesforce lab.

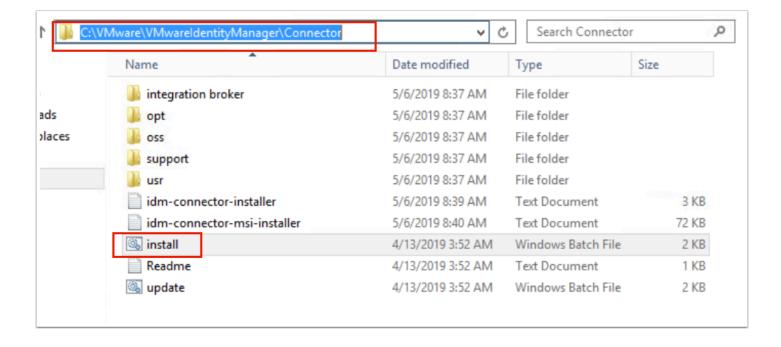
- Open Active Directory User & Computers. Expand the EUC-livefire.com domain, expand the Corp OU and expand the Marketing OU
- 2. On the **Marketing OU** select and right-click the **Marketing OU** and select **New User**. Fill in the unique user details,
  - **First Name:** User xxxxx {your student number + {the first letter of your city and country abbreviation}} eg {for San jose, Costa Rica User33SCR}
  - Last Name: {the first letter of your city and country abbreviation} eg. SCR
  - **Username:** FirstName@customdomain.euc-livefire.com, eg. User33SCR@Sanjose33.euc-livefire.com}
- Select Next
- In the New Object User, type your password VMware1!
- select the Password never expires checkbox, select Next, select Finish
- Select your custom user and select and go to properties, on the General Tab type in the email address eg.user35AK@utrecht35.euc-livefire.com
- Select the Member Of tab select Add, in the Enter the object names box type Marketing and select Check Names, select OK, select OK

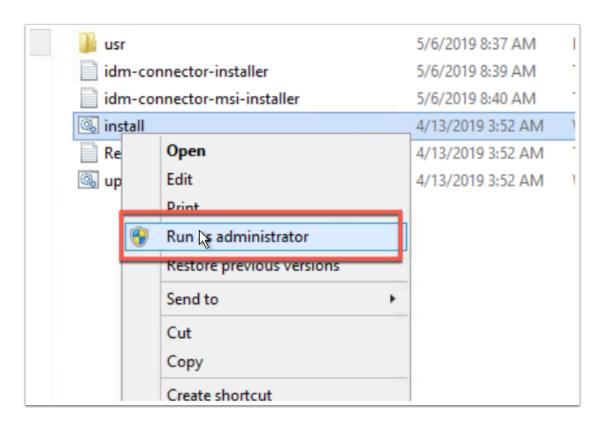


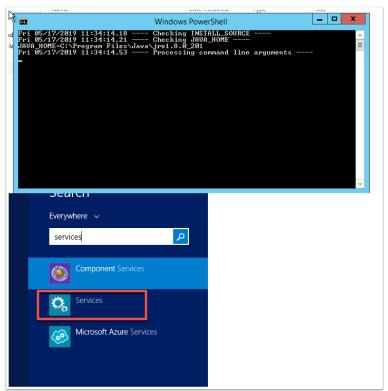
# **Configuring the Workspace ONE Access Connector**

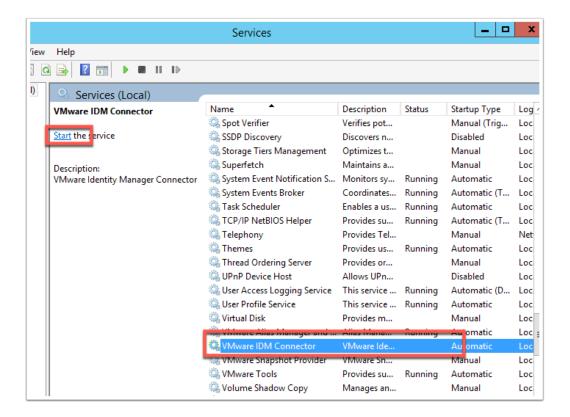
#### Part 1. Configuring the Workspace ONE Access Connector

- 1. We have pre-installed the Workspace ONE Access Connector for you in the Lab environment. However since we have cloned the machine the connector is in an idle state and needs to be reinitiated.
- Log into your ControlCenter2 server with username administrator@euc-livefire.com and password VMware1!
  - On your ControlCenter2 server desktop select your Remote Desktops folder and select and launch your WS1-Connector.RDP shortcut.
  - When prompted log in as username administrator@euc-livefire.com with the password VMware1!
  - On the WS1-Connector server open the File Explorer to the following path C:\VMware\VMwareidentityManager\Connector
  - 4. Right Click the **install.bat** file and click **Run as Administrator**
  - 5. This will launch a PowerShell window that will clear out the state of the connector. Wait till the Powershell Window closes which confirms it has run successfully.
  - 6. Open **services.msc** and **start** the **VMware IDM Connector** service
  - 7. Wait for a few minutes till all the services have launched and move on to the next part of the lab.







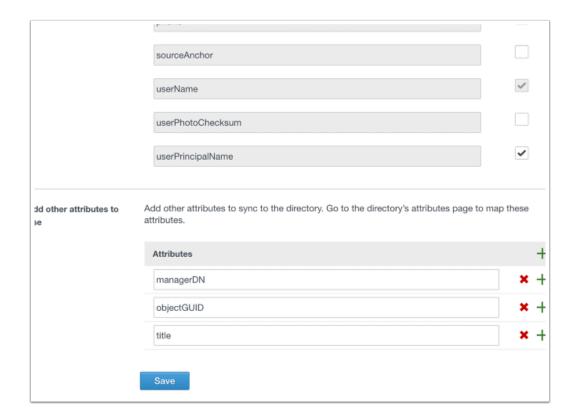


- Our objective is to associate our on-premise connector instance with our SaaS instance of Workspace ONE Access.
- Log on to your Control Center2 server in your Lab use your Google Chrome browser.
  - On your chrome select the WS1-connector shortcut or type https://ws1-connector.euc-livefire.com:8443/cfg in the address bar
  - On the Your Connection is not private page, select Advanced and select Proceed to ws1-connector.euc-livefire.comue.
  - 3. On the **Get Started** Window select **Continue**
  - 4. In the **Set Passwords** section next to **Username** type **admin** next to **password** type **VMware1!** next to **Confirm Password** type **VMware1!** select **Continue** at the bottom of the page.
  - 5. On your browser, open up a **second Tab**, navigate to your unique **Workspace ONE Access Tenant** and if you have not done so login as **Administrator** with your **unique password**, that your received in your e-mail login
  - Navigate to Identity & Access Management > Setup > Connectors Select Add Connector
  - Next to Connector ID Name: type WS1-Connector. Next select Generate Activation Code. Next copy this code
  - Revert back to your WS1-Connector Server setup: On the activate connector page
     Paste this code into the Activation Code box of your Connector configuration setup, select Continue
  - 9. You should get a **setup is complete** page inside the Workspace ONE Access Console.

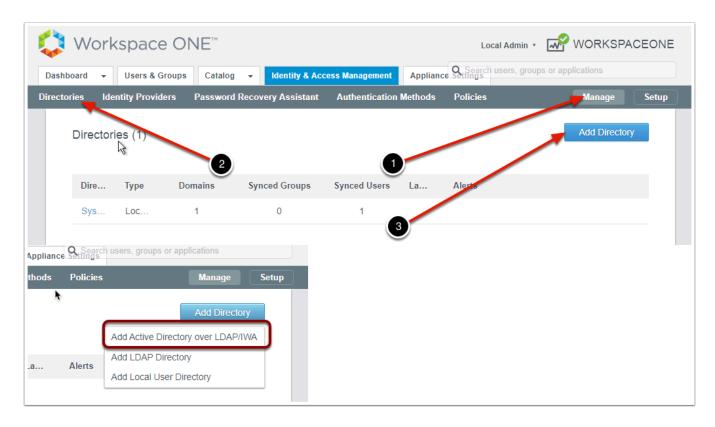


- 2. We will now configure and synchronise Active Directory to the Workspace ONE Access server using the external connector.
- First we will configure the Attributes. Note! Every organisation will need to research their requirements when deciding whether or not to set attributes to **required.** For specific applications where this needs to be considered, if the associated user object does not have the attribute, authentication might fail.
  - Navigate to Identity & Access Management > Setup > User Attributes
     Notice the attributes that are available and the option available to set these to Required.

     IMPORTANT NOTE: The attributes set to required cannot be changed after a directory sync has taken place.
  - 2. Set the attribute distinguishedName and userPrincipalName to Required
  - 3. Under Attributes to the right select the **Green Plus** (+) Add the following additional attributes (case sensitive):
    - objectGUID
    - title
    - managerDN
  - 4. Select Save

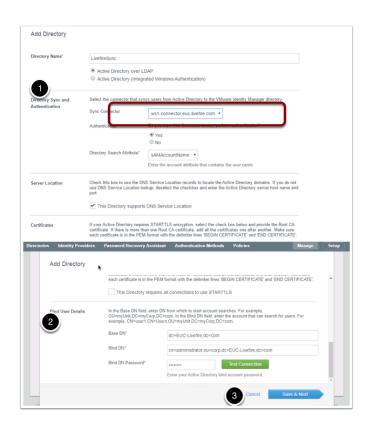


- 3. Configure our AD-sync configuration with Workspace ONE Access.
- 1. To the right of the screen select Manage, select Directories
- 2. Select Add Directory > Add Active Directory over LDAP/IWA



4. Configure our AD-sync configuration with Workspace ONE Access....continued

- In Add Directory Page, configure the following
  - 1. Directory Name: LivefireSync
  - 2. Ensure the Active Directory over LDAP radio button is selected
  - 3. The **Sync Connector** select the external connector **ws1-connector.euc-livefire.com**
  - 4. Directory Search Attribute: sAMAccountName
  - 5. Base DN: dc=EUC-Livefire,dc=com
  - 6. Bind DN: cn=administrator,ou=corp,dc=EUC-Livefire,dc=com
  - 7. Bind DN Password: VMware1!
  - 8. Select Test Connection
  - 9. Select Save & Next



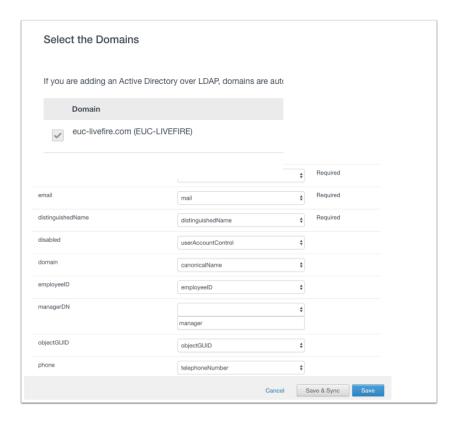
5.

- Configure our AD-sync configuration with Workspace ONE Access....continued
  - 1. On the **Select the Domains** page, select **Next**. **euc-livefire.com** should be discovered.
  - 2. On the **Map User Attribute** page scroll down to **objectGuid** and select the **drop down** arrow select **objectGUID**.
    - Since this is the attribute we setup earlier in User Attributes we will also need to map it to an AD attribute.
  - 3. Next to managerDN select custom input and type manager in the dropdown
  - 4. Next to **title** select **title** in the dropdown
  - 5. Select Next

#### Note of interest

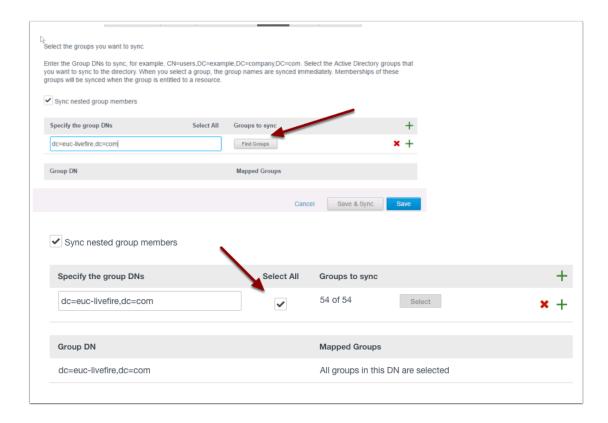
From version **Workspace ONE Access 1903** of , an attribute has been added which is **sourceanchor** set this also to **ObjectGUID**. Sourceanchor is the attribute often used for when

federating Azure. (Note: Some large customers may decide to use an alternative value such as ms-ds-consistenctguid for this attribute)



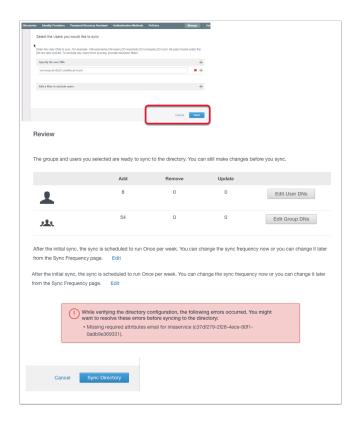
6.

- Configure our AD-sync configuration with Workspace ONE Access....continued
  - 1. On the **Select the Groups you want to sync** page, select the green plus (+) to the right of the page,
  - 2. Under **Specify the group DNs** type the following **dc=euc-livefire,dc=com** next to the distinguished name you added, select Find Groups then the **Select All** check box
  - 3. select **Next**.

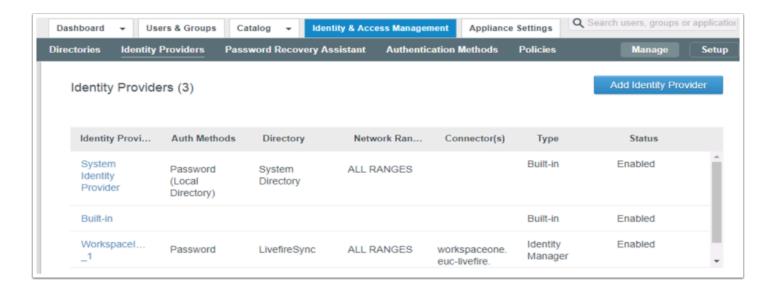


#### 7.

- · Configure our AD-sync configuration with Workspace ONE Access....continued
  - On the Select the Users you would like to sync page, under specify the user DNs type ou=corp,dc=EUC-Livefire,dc=com
  - 2. Select **Next**, notice the objects to sync in the Review page.
  - 3. There may be an error, "Missing required attributes email for imaservice" Disregard this error. The sync will stil work.
  - 4. Select Sync Directory

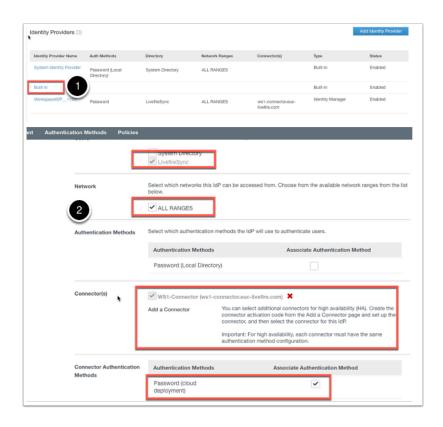


- 8. Configuring the Built-in IDP in Workspace ONE Access
- Navigate to and select Identity & Access Management > Manage, select Identity
   Providers. Notice you now have an additional Identity Provider which is a Workspace IDP called WorkspaceIDP\_1xxx which is associated with the LiveFireSync directory we just created above. This is an automatic process whereby when the built in connector is associated with Active Directory this Identity Provider gets created.



- 9. Configuring the Built-in IDP in Workspace ONE Access...continued
- Let's associate the Built-In iDP with the AD and the external connector to ensure **Password** (**Cloud Deployment**) can be used as an authentication method.

- 1. Select Built-In.
- 2. In the **Built-in IDP** windows select the following:
  - Select LivefireSync under Users
  - 2. All Ranges under Network
  - 3. Add the WS1-Connector.euc-livefire.com to the connector section
    - Click Add Connector to confirm
  - 4. Select Password (Cloud Deployment) checkbox
  - 5. Select **Save** at the bottom of the page.



#### 10. Configuring the Built-in IDP in Workspace ONE Access...continued

- We need to ensure that our default access policy has **Password (Cloud Deployment)** set as the authentication method for enrollment to work. Note, Workspace ONE enrollment uses this access policy.
  - Navigate to Identity & Access Management > Manage > Policies. Select dafault\_access\_policy\_set and select EDIT (this will edit the default Access Policy Set)
  - Select Configuration on the left navigation and Workspace One App Policy and select Password (Cloud Deployment) as the first authentication form. Select SAVE at the bottom of the page.
    - 1. **NOTE**: Be sure to leave Password (Local Directory) as the fallback method as seen in the screen shot below.
  - 3. Now Select the **Web Browser** and do the same by changing the primary authentication method to **Password (Cloud Deployment)** and select **SAVE** at the bottom of the page.
    - 1. **NOTE**: Be sure to leave Password (Local Directory) as the fallback method
  - 4. Select **NEXT** on the **Policy Page** and **SAVE** on the final page of the wizard.



This section of the lab is completed. We will not install and configure the ACC as a later lab will look at SCIM provisioning users in the WorkspaceOne UEM.

# Workspace ONE Access and Workspace ONE UEM Integration

### Part 1: Workspace ONE UEM integration with Workspace ONE Access

In this section we will do the Workspace ONE UEM side of the configuration.

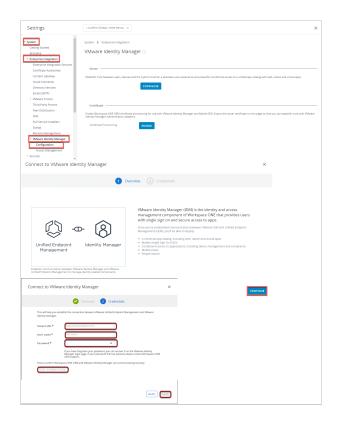
- 1. Switch back to the Workspace ONE UEM Admin console.
- Be sure to make these settings at the company organisation group, then navigate to Groups and Settings > All Settings > System > Enterprise Integration > VMware Identity Manager > Configuration
- 2. Click **CONFIGURE** under **Server** settings
- 3. Click **CONTINUE**

On the Connect to VMware Identity Manager window enter the following:

- 1. Tenant URL: Your Tenant eg. <a href="https://aw-euclivefiret3rn.vidmpreview.com">https://aw-euclivefiret3rn.vidmpreview.com</a>
- 2. User Name: Your Tenant Admin account
- 3. Password: Your Tenant Password

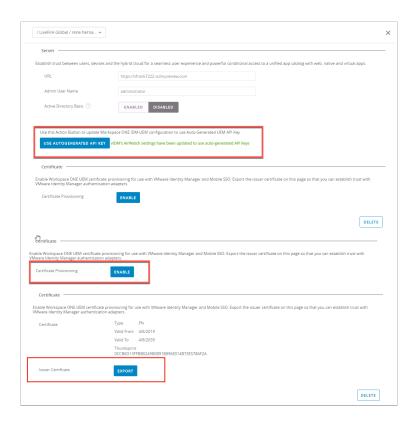
Select **TEST CONNECTION** to ensure Tenant configuration has been entered successfully.

4. Select **SAVE** and close the settings window



#### 1. Click "Use Autogenerated API KEY"

- 2. In the **Certificate** section, next to **Certificate Provisioning** click **ENABLE** we will use this certificate later for Single-Sign-On with Windows 10
- 3. Now click **EXPORT** we will use this certificate in a later exercise. leave this window open for the next part.



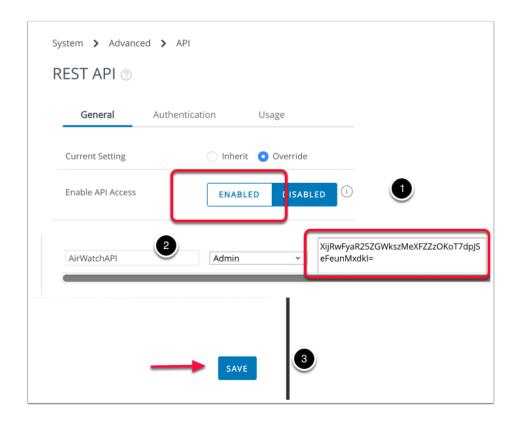
#### Part 1B. Creating a custom REST API Account

- We will configure this REST API Account in preparation for Part 2 of this Lab
  - 1. If you closed the settings windows in the previous part navigate in the Workspace ONE UEM Admin Console to **Groups & Settings** > **All Settings**
  - 2. Under **System** select **Advanced**
  - 3. Under Advanced select API
  - 4. Under API select REST API



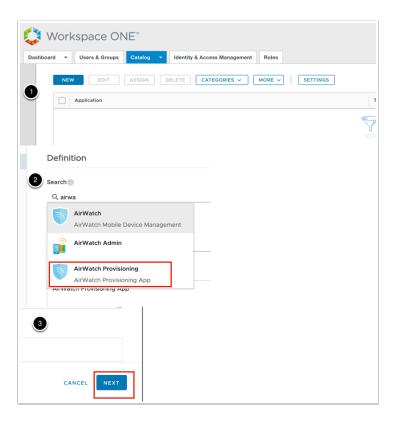
#### 2. Part 1B. continued..

- Creating a custom REST API Account
  - 1. Under **REST API** under **General** next to **Current Setting** select the **Override radio button**. Next to **ENABLE API Access** ensure that **ENABLED** is selected.
  - 2. You will notice an **AirWatchAPI Admin** is automatically generated. **Copy the API Token** and save to a text editor
  - 3. Select **SAVE**
  - 4. After the settings have been save successfully select the X in the right corner to close the window

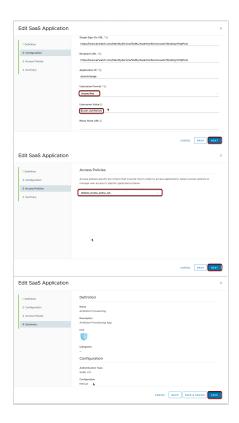


# Part 2: Configuring the AirWatch Provisioning Adaptor in Workspace ONE Access for Workspace ONE UEM

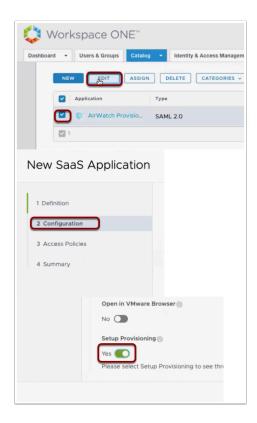
- This first section will be done in the Workspace ONE Access SaaS console
  - 1. In the **Admin Console** select the **Catalog** tab and select **NEW**
  - 2. On the **New Saas Application**, next to section **1.Definition** under **search** type **AirWa** and you should see **Airwatch Provisioning**. Select **AirWatch Provisioning**
  - 3. Select Next



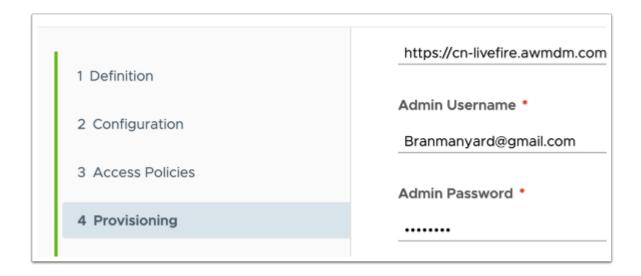
- In the NEW Saas Application wizard continued...
  - 1. In Section 2.Configuration ensure the following is configured:-
    - Under Username Format ensure Unspecified is selected, Under Username Value ensure \${user.userName} is selected and click NEXT
  - 2. In Section 3. Access Policies accept the default and select NEXT
  - 3. In Section 4.Summary select SAVE



- Under the Catalog tab
  - 1. select the check box next to Airwatch Provisioning and select EDIT
  - 2. In the Edit Saas Application wizard in the left pane select 2 Configuration
  - 3. In the Configuration section **scroll down**, expand **Advanced Properties** and change **Setup Provisioning toggle** from **No** to **Yes**



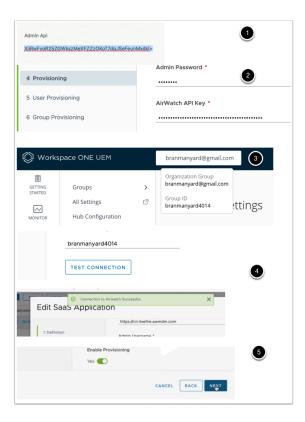
- In this section we will continue in the Workspace ONE Access console
  - 1. In the Edit Saas Application wizard select section 4 Provisioning
  - 2. In the middle pane under Airwatch Host type: https://cn-livefire.awmdm.com
    - Under Admin Username type your custom Workspace ONE UEM Admin account
    - Under Admin Password type your the custom Admin password (should be VMware1!)



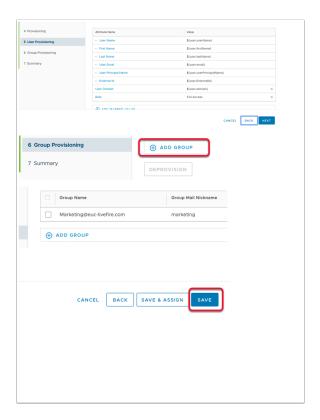
#### 5. AirWatch Provisioning Adaptor

• In this section we will continue in the Workspace ONE Access console

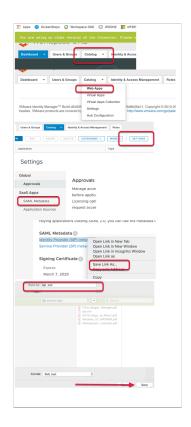
- 1. Launch your **text editor** where you have documented your Identity Manager admin Token and **copy the admin token**
- 2. Switch back to your **VIDM Edit Saas Application** wizard and under **AirWatch API Key** paste the token
- 3. Switch back to your **Workspace ONE UEM** console, at the top of the Workspace ONE UEM Console you will see your Organization Name, Expand your Organization Name and copy your Group ID
- 4. Switch back to your VIDM Edit Saas Application wizard
  - Under AirWatch Group ID type YOUR Group ID
  - Scroll down and under Enable Provisioning change the toggle from No to Yes
  - Above Enable Provisioning select TEST CONNECTION, you should notice a Connection to Airwatch Successful message
- 5. At the bottom of the **VIDM Edit Saas Application** wizard select **NEXT**



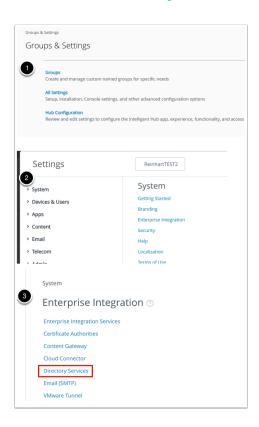
- In this section you will continue with the VIDM Edit Saas Application wizard
  - 1. In section 5 User Provisioning, accept the default and select NEXT
  - 2. in section 6 Group Provisioning, select ADD GROUP
  - Under Group Name type mark and select Marketing@euc-livefire.com, under Nickname type Marketing and select SAVE
  - 4. On the **Group Provisioning** page select **NEXT**
  - On section 7 Summary select SAVE



- In this section we will continue on the **Workspace ONE Access Admin Console** and download an .XML file:-
  - 1. If you are not there already, navigate to Catalog > Web Apps
  - 2. To the right select **SETTINGS**
  - 3. Under Settings > SaaS Apps select SAML Metadata
  - Under SAML Metadata select Identity Provider (IdP) metadata right click and select Save Link As
  - 5. In the SAVE as window select Save, you will notice the file name is idp.xml

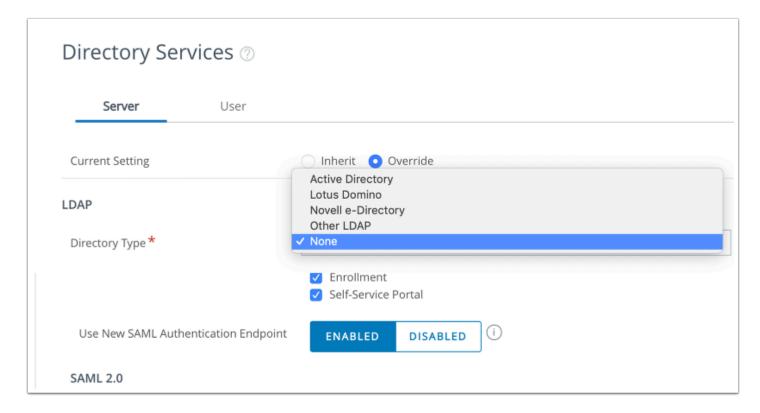


- In this section we will switch to the **Workspace ONE UEM** console
  - 1. Go to Groups & SETTINGS > ALL SETTINGS
  - 2. In the **Settings** window under **System** select **Enterprise Integration**
  - 3. Under Enterprise Integration select Directory Services

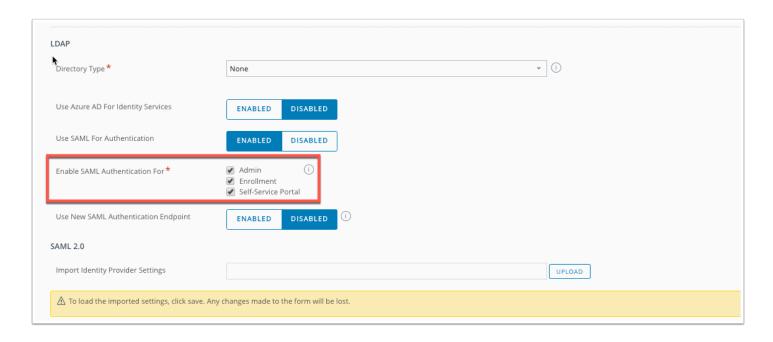


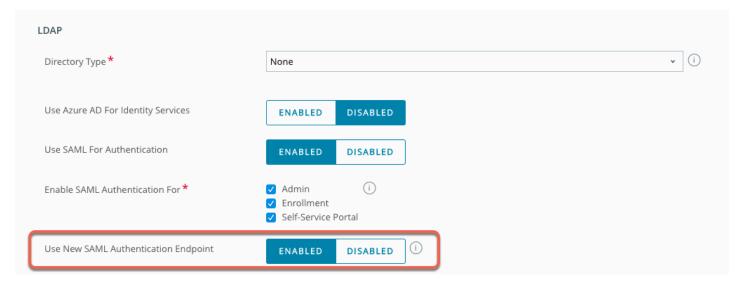
- 9. AirWatch Provisioning Adaptor
- In the Directory Services interface click "Skip wizard and configure manually"
- Under the Server tab (default) next to Current Setting ensure the Override radio button is selected
- 3. Under LDAP next Directory Type change this from Active Directory to None
- 4. Under LDAP next to Use SAML for Authentication select the ENABLED box

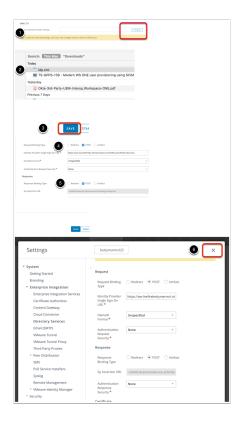




- Next to Enable SAML Authentication For put a check next to Admin, Enrollment and Self-Service Portal
- 2. Next to Use New SAML Authentication Endpoint select **Enabled**
- 3. Under **SAML 2.0** next to **Import Identity Provider Settings** select **UPLOAD** and choose your xml file.
- 4. At the bottom of the window select **SAVE**
- 5. Next to **Request Binding Type** select the POST radio button,
- 6. Next to Response Binding Type select the POST radio button, scroll down and select SAVE
- 7. Close the Settings window by selecting X to the right of the window



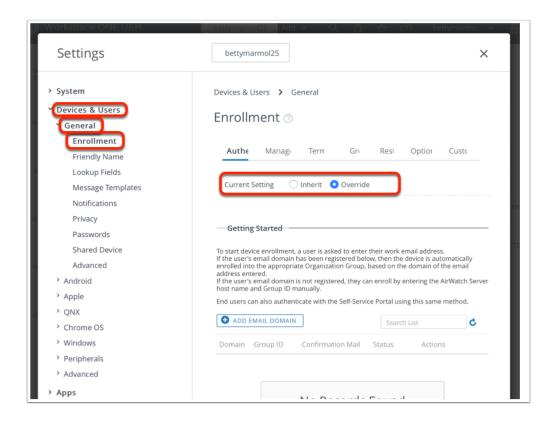


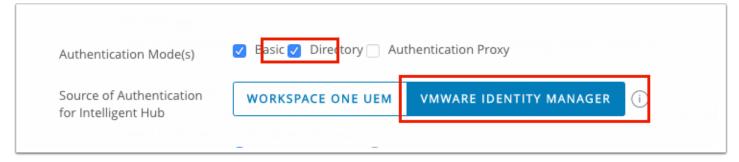


- In this section we will work Workspace ONE UEM Admin Console, Under Groups and settings > All Settings > Devices & Users > General > Enrollment
  - 1. Next to Current Settings Click Override
  - 2. Next to **Authentication Mode(s)** ensure the **Directory checkbox** is enabled
  - 3. Next to Source of Authentication for Intelligent Hub. Select VMWARE IDENTITY MANAGER

**NOTE:** If SAML 2.0 is enabled as above it will still use Workspace ONE Access for authentication even if **WORKSPACE ONE UEM** is selected, but **People Search** and **Notifications** will only be enabled in **HUB** if **VMWARE IDENTITY MANAGER** is select here.

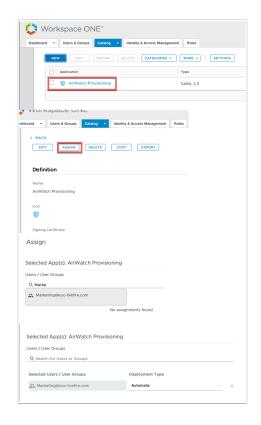
4. Select **SAVE** 

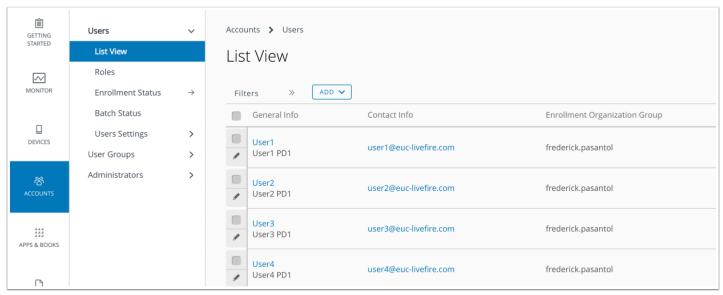




- Switch back to the Workspace ONE Access Admin console
  - Select Catalog and select the checkbox next to AirWatch Provisioning Application Select ASSIGN
  - In the Assign window under **Users / User Groups** type **Marketing**, select **Marketing@euc-livefire.com**
  - 3. Under Deployment Type change User-Activated to Automatic and SAVE
  - The users should now be provisioned into WorkspaceOne UEM. You can check this by going into the WorkspaceONE UEM console select Accounts > Users > List View

Note! It could take up to 10 minutes for provisioning to work.



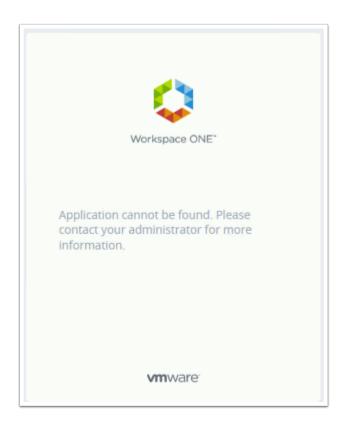


# Part 3: Completing full SAML configuration in Workspace ONE Access of Workspace ONE UEM

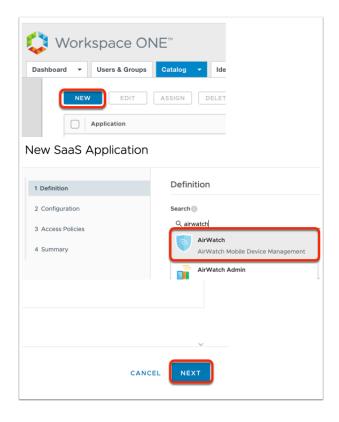
The AirWatch Provisioning Adaptor is a new way to configure User and Group Provisioning. One of the steps we followed was to copy Workspace ONE Access Metadata into Workspace ONE UEM. What we have learned in our troubleshooting is that if we were to leave configuration as it is, enrollment of devices will fail. In testing with Windows 10 and Android based enrollment we got a common error message which looked as follows. Application cannot be found.

With extensive collaboration with the PSO team in our Atlanta USA office we were able to establish the cause.

We required full SAML configuration on both services that being Workspace ONE UEM and Workspace ONE Access. Up till now we have only configure SAML integration of Workspace ONE Access in Workspace ONE UEM. We will now configure SAML integration in Workspace ONE Access of Workspace ONE UEM.



- 1. SAML integration Configuration (Part 4)
- Switch to your Workspace ONE Access Console
  - 1. Select Catalog > Web Apps and then select NEW
  - In the New Saas Application under Search type airwatch and select AirWatch Mobile Device Management
  - 3. Scroll down to the bottom of the page and select **NEXT**

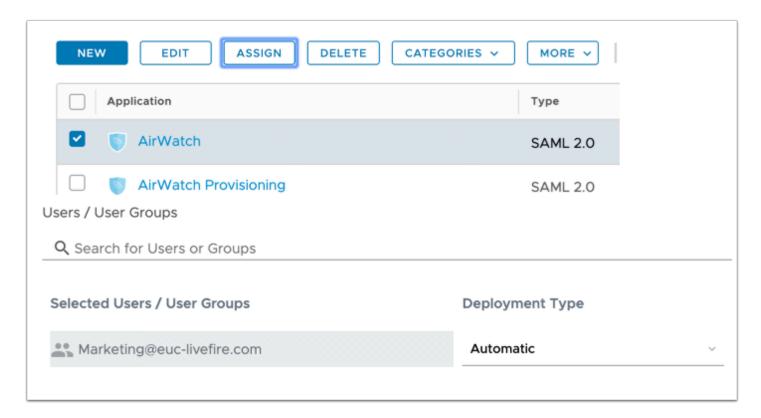


- 2. SAML integration Configuration (Part 4)
- Step 2 of the New Saas Application wizard
  - 1. In the **New Saas Application** wizard, step **2 Configuration**, scroll down to **Application Parameters** and configure the following:- next to :
    - 1. AWServerName under Value type : ds-livefire.awmdm.com
    - 2. AC type your Group ID under Value: eg. Plaston444
    - 3. Audience under Value: AirWatch
    - 4. Scroll down and move the toggle under Show in User Portal to No
    - Select NEXT
  - In step 3 Access Policies select NEXT
  - 3. In step 4 Summary select SAVE



- 5. SAML integration Configuration (Part 4)
- Select the checkbox next to AirWatch application and select Assign

1. In the **Assign** window under **Users** in the search type **Mark** and add **marketing@euclivefire.com**, set the **Deployment Type** to **Automatic** and select **SAVE** 



# Federating AZURE with Workspace ONE Access and Office 365 as a service

### Part 1: Setting Up a Developer Account

One needs to setup an **Office 365 E3 Developer** subscription account to be able to integrate with Workspace ONE. In this section we will walk through and setup the required developer subscription that allows you a 12 -month free trial.

#### An Important NOTE!

- Be sure to to take notes and document your configurations immediately.
- Be 100% clear from your document what your assigned domain name is.
- Open a browser and go to Google Chrome search engine and type office 365 e3 developer subscription.



2. Find the option that says **Set up an Office 365 developer subscription** and **select** 

About 464,000 results (0.32 seconds)

#### Microsoft® Office 365™ | Empowering Productivity | office.com

(Ad) products.office.com/Microsoft/Business \*

★★★★ Rating for office.com: 4.8 - 1,263 reviews

Includes the Latest Office 2016 Apps! Office 365™ Business-Subscribe Today. Free eBook. Buy Online. Types: Office 365, Office 2016, Office 365 for Mac, Office 2016 for Mac. Support Center · Office For Business · Office For Home · Contact Us

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Learn what Microsoft Recommends for a Fast User Experience. Get the Guide. Direct to cloud. Zero Trust Access. Infinitely Scalable. Redefine Network Security. Secure Remote Access. Always-on Protection. Reduce Security Costs. Network Transformation. Unmatched Security.

Office 365 Best Practices · Definitive Guide for O365 · Office 365 Deployment



#### <u>Set up an Office 365 developer subscription | Microsoft Docs</u> https://docs.microsoft.com/.../office/developer.../office-365-developer-program-get-st... •

https://docs.microsoft.com/.../office/developer.../office-365-developer-program-get-st... ▼
19 Mar 2018 - Set up an Office 365 developer subscription to build and test your solutions independent of your production environment. The subscription is an Office 365 Enterprise E3

Developer subscription with 25 user licenses. It lasts for one year and is free to use for development purposes (coding and testing solutions).

Set up your subscription · Configure the subscription · Provision Office 365 services

# 3. On the **Set up an Office 365 developer subscription** page under **Set up your subscription** Under **! Note**

Select the join the Office 365 Developer Program hyperlink

① Note

To set up a subscription, you must first join the Office 365 Developer Program. After joining, you'll see the option to set up a subscription.

4. On the **Welcome to theOffice 365 Developer Program** page select the **Join the Office 365 Developer Program** page

## Welcome to the Office 365

# Developer Program

03/20/2018 • 2 minutes to read • Contributors 1 1 1 1 1 1

Join your friends and colleagues in the Office 365 Developer Program. Use the Office 365 developer subscription to develop and test your solutions independent of your production environment. You can build solutions for Microsoft Teams, Office Add-ins, Microsoft Graph, SharePoint Framework, SharePoint Add-ins, and more.

#### Join the Office 365 Developer Program

1. Go to the Join the Office 365 Developer Program page.

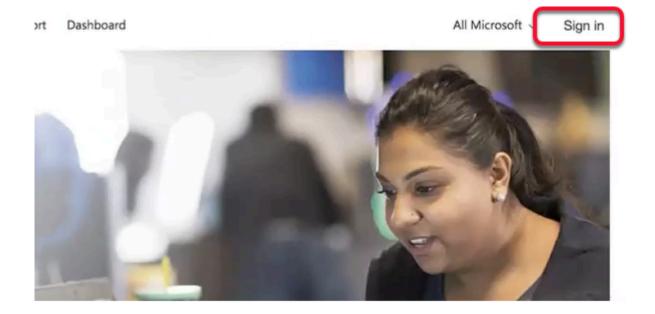
2. In the upper-right corner, choose **Sign in** to sign in with your Microsoft account or Azure Active Directory-enabled email.



5. You will now be re-directed a 3<sup>rd</sup> time to the **Join the Office 365 developer program today!**Do not select JOIN NOW



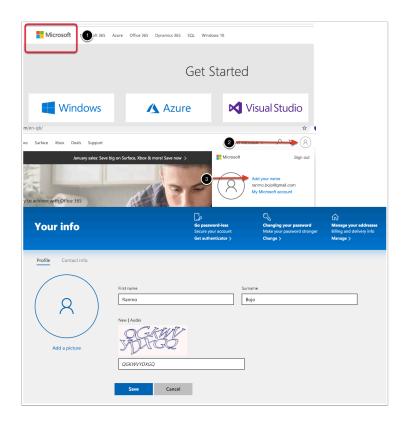
6. To the right of the page first select Sign In



- 7. On **Microsoft Sign in Page** type in the **email address** of an account you own (NB! If this account is already associated with an office 365 account you will have to create a new account)
- 7.1 Alternatively next to NO account? select Create one!
- 7.2 On the **Create account** page type your **custom email address**
- 7.3 Select Next
- 7.4 On the **Create a password** window type a unique **password** and select Next
- 7.5 On the Create account page type in your country and Birthdate and select Next
- 7.6 On the **Verify email** page notice you *need to enter a code*, log into your gmail account and select the email and find the code and then **enter the code** in the **Enter Code** area and select **Next**
- 7.7 On the **Create account**, page enter the **custom security** letters for your login
- 7.8 On the **Stay Signed** in page, select **Yes**
- 7.9 On the **Sign in** page type in your custom **email address** and select **Next**
- 7.10 On the **Enter password** page, type in your **password** and select **Sign in**



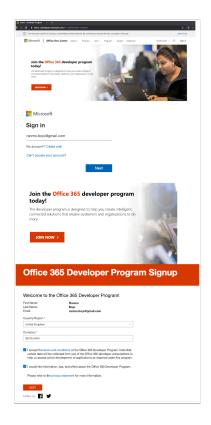
- 8.1 To the left of the page, select the Microsoft icon
- 8.2 Then look to the right of the page and select your account Icon, next select Add your name
- 8.3 On the **Your info** page under **First name** type your custom **name** and under **Surname** type your custom **Surname**, type in the **matching security letters** and select **Save**



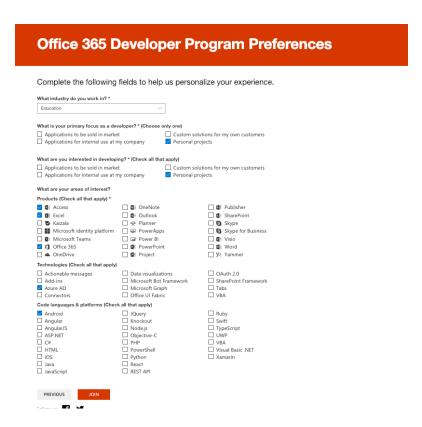
9.0 Open an Incognito browser session with Google Chrome and copy the following url in the Browser address bar,

#### https://developer.microsoft.com/en-us/office/dev-program

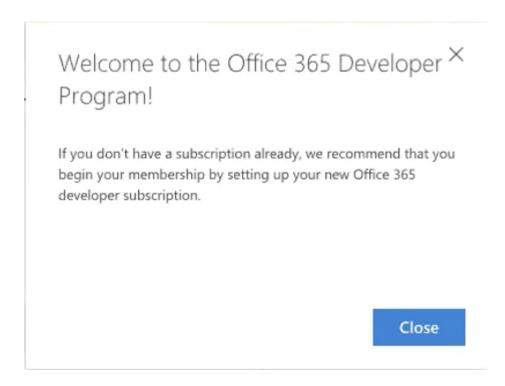
- 9.1 To the right select **Sign In**, On the **Sign In** page type in your **custom email address** and select **Next**
- 9.2 On the **Enter password** window, type the **custom password** you created and select **Sign in**
- 9.3 On the Stay signed in? window select Yes
- 9.4 On the Join Office 365 Developer program today page select JOIN NOW>
- 9.5 On the **Office 365 Developer Program Signup** page select your **Country/Region** and type in the **name of your Company** and select the **two checkboxes** for **terms and conditions** and **information** and select **NEXT**



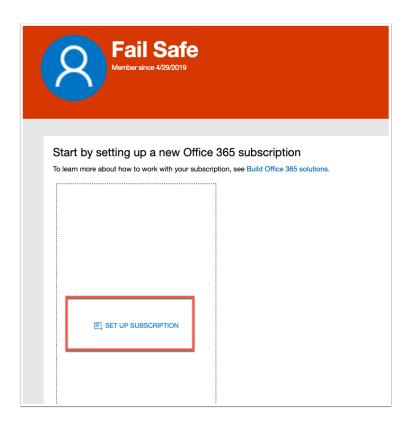
10. On the **Office 365 Developer Program Preferences** page select **enough check box and options** to make sure the **Join** button becomes available and the select **JOIN** 



11. Close the Welcome to the Office 365 Developer Program! Window by selecting Close



12. On the Office 365 Developer Page select SET UP SUBSCRIPTION



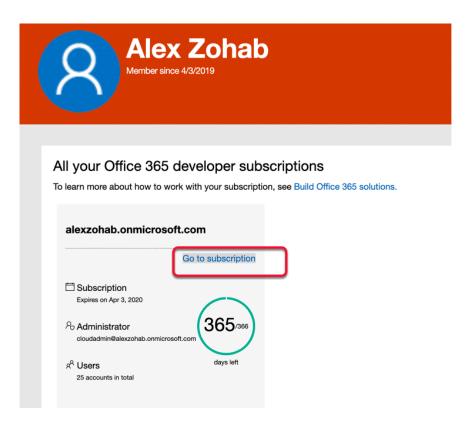
13. In the **Setup your developer subscription** window, create a unique admin account, for example, your username could be CloudAdmin and your **Domain** could be your firstname and surname

NB! Ensure you document these credentials

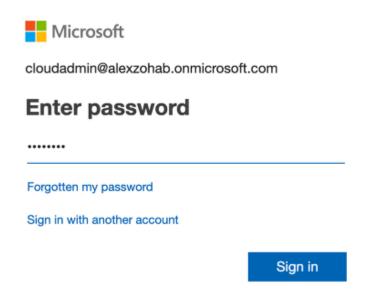
- 14. When you are done select **Continue**
- 15. On the **Add phone number for security** windows type in your **Country Code** and your **phone number**
- 16. Select **SEND** code , follow through on the **security picture block** selecting your **relevant pictures**, and select **Next** Enter the Code from your phone and select Set up



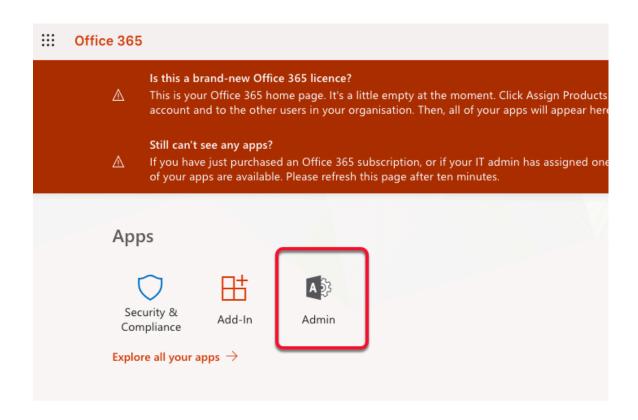
17. Once **your** registration is complete you can login in using your new ADMIN account. On the your **Office 365 Subscription** page select and right click the **Go to subscription** hyper link and select Open Link in New Tab



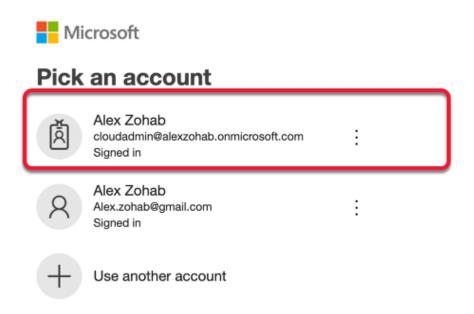
18. On the Sign In window, Enter your password and select Sign in



19. On the Office 365 Page almost in the middle select Admin



20. On the **sign in** page pick your new **CloudAdmin** account



21. If you get prompted with a Welcome to Office 365 Admin Center Page select Skip

# Welcome to the Office 365 Admin Center If you are new to Office 365 and administration we highly recommend that you take our quick tour to familiarize yourself with the basits. It takes less than a minute to finish.

Skip

22. Notice the **Office 365 E3 Developer Setup is incomplete**. Select **Go to Setup box** 

Start the tour

(	ice 365 Enterprise E3 Developer setup is incomplete. Get someone to help yo	ou.
	Go to setup	

23. **NB!** Before moving onto the next section, ensure that you are **100% clear** what **YOUR** registered Domain will be.

In the course lab we will use a Domain naming convention based on the location we are delivering at.

For example if this training session was being delivered in Atlanta, your domain name might be **atlanta01.euc-livefire.com** for **student number 1**. If we have 18 attendees there will be 18 different registered Domain names using the above mentioned naming convention. we have automated the dns configuration for this lab, so we will use a **vrealize automation self service portal** to configure your dns zone.

On the **Microsoft 365 admin center** ensure the **Connect a domain you already own** radio button is selected and below *type your registered Domain name* (this example in the screenshot is only for demo purposes) select **Next** 

• Note when registering your own domain name with Office 365, there are several approaches. The most seamless and trouble free approach is to register your own Domain Name with GODADDY. This provides a seamless experience and the verification takes seconds once you have your own domain name from GODADDY. GODADDY is an example of a name provider that seamlessly integrates with Microsoft's Office 365. If one chose this option your name that you use would belong to you for however long you choose to use your Office 365 Tenant

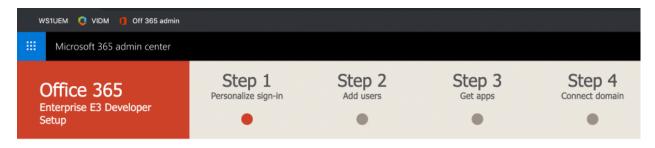
Another approach is to do this manually. EUC Livefire already owns a domain name which is hosted in AWS Route53. In the Office 365 setup wizard you will notice there is a step by step guide on how to setup your zone in AWS Route53 manually. We have chosen to automate this process for the sake of time.

If you choose this option the zone provided to you by Livefire associated with your tenant will possibly only be active for a maximum of a month and you will then have to find your own Domain name.

If you choose to follow the Livefire option, we have automated this process for your convenience using VMware VRA. Generally DNS name configuration in AWS Area 53 is a completely Manual process. We have automated more than 98% of this process. You will however interface with VMware vRealize Automation for 2 configurations.

- 1. MS record modification
- 2. MX record modification

You do not have Access to AWS AREA53. You will be using VMware vRealize Automation to facilitate the edit of these records



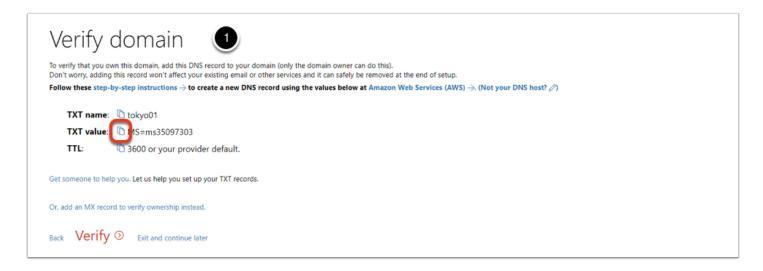
# Personalize your sign-in and email

The domain you choose will become the part of your email address that comes after the @ symbol. You and your staff will use it to sign in and it's how customated to sign in and your staff will use it to sign in and it's how customated to sign in and it's how cu

24. On the **Verify domain** page notice there are step-by-step instructions to follow, Notice that there are DNS records called **TXT name**, **TXT value** and **TTL** 

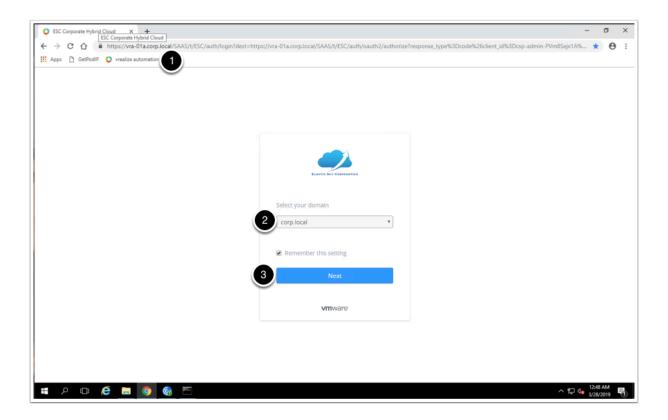
- Note!. We have our Hosted DNS service in called AREA53 on AWS. We have our own euclivefire.com Zone. Each of you have your own registered Zone Database, that is part of the EUC-Livefire.com namespace. eg. Tokyo01.euc-livefire.com. Your Office 365 instance will need to be verified with this namespace. To do this will require to modify your DNS subzone, working with the vrealize automation portal in a different browser tab while your doing your o365 tenant.
  - 1. Click on the copy icon next to your MS record
  - 2. Select **Verify** at the bottom of the screen

#### NB! At this point ignore any error messages!



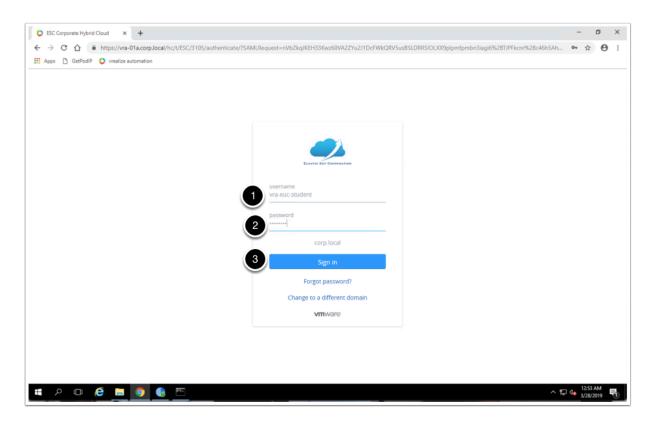
#### 25

- On your Controlcenter2 desktop, from your task bar open your FireFox Browser
  - 1. Next to the bookmarks bar open vrealize automation
  - 2. Next to the "Select your domain" dropdown menu select corp.local
  - 3. Select Next



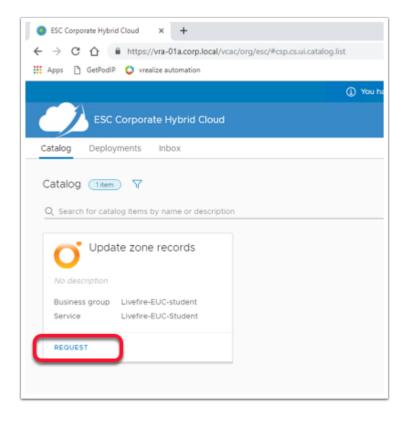
#### 26.

- VRA automation continued ...
  - 1. In the **username** field type **vra-euc-student**
  - 2. In the **password** field type **VMware1!**
  - 3. select Sign in



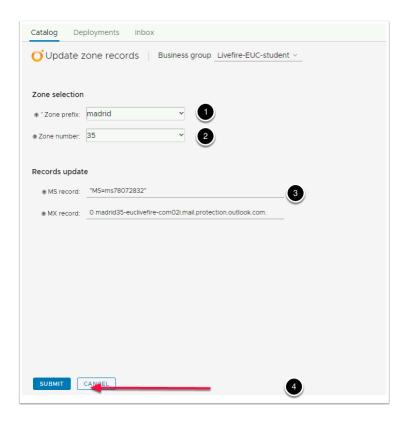
#### 27. VRA automation continued ...

In the update zone records catalog object, select Request

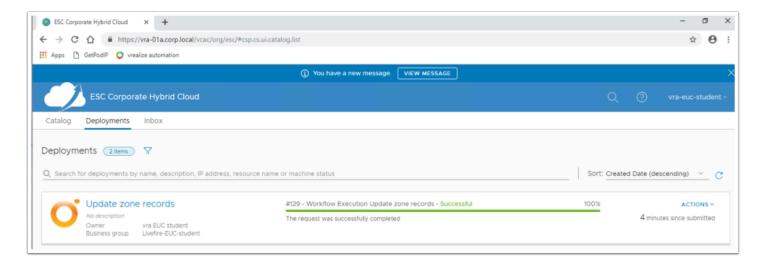


#### 27.

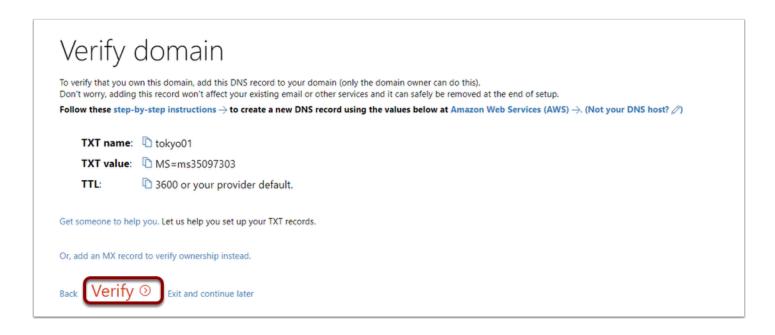
- VRA automation continued ...
  - 1. Next to **zone prefix** dropdown menu select the **city corresponding to your current location**.
  - Next to zone number drop down menu select your dns zone number as described in your information sheet
  - Under Records update next to MS record replace the existing record your MS record and Paste your MS record, NOTE ensure that your MS record is enclosed in Quotation Marks
  - 4. Select Submit



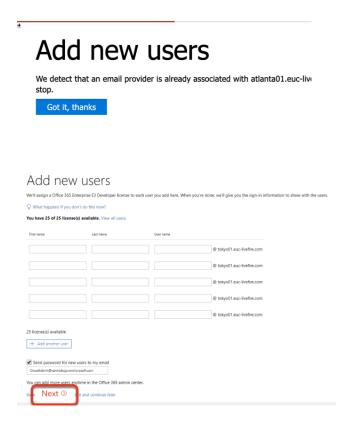
28. Wait until the progress shows 100% and continue with your lab. you might need to refresh your browser if you see no progress bar.



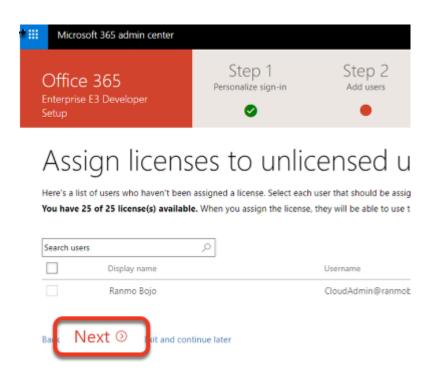
29 .Go back to your o365 domain configuration and click on **verify**. it might give you an error because of the time it takes to replicate DNS configurations and it might require you to click on verify a couple more times.



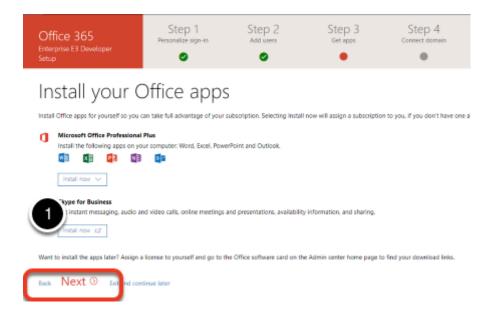
30. On **Add new users** window select **Got it, thanks,** select Next



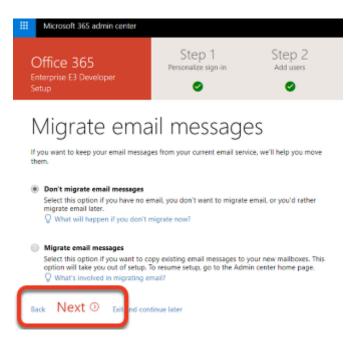
31. On the Assign licenses to unlicensed users page select Next



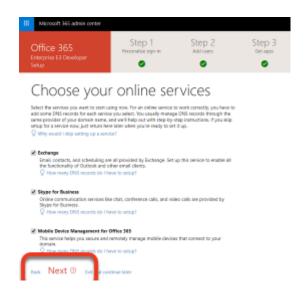
#### 32. On Install your Office apps page select Next



33. On the **Migrate email messages** page leave the default **Don't migrate email messages** radio button and select **Next** 

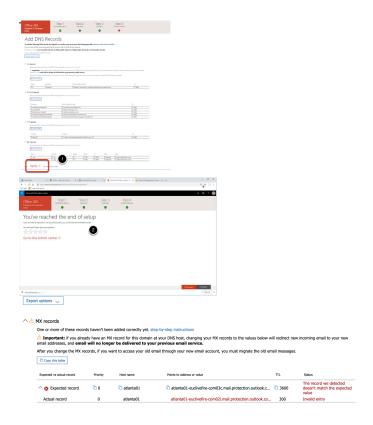


34. On the **Choose your online services** page, ensure that **Exchange, Skype for Business** and **Mobile Device Management for Office 365 checkboxes** are selected and select **Next** 



35.

- On the Add DNS Records page.
  - When ready select Verify at the bottom of the Add DNS Records window. If there is a failure on any records reach out to the EUC-livefire instructor team to get the records fixed and select
    - **Verify** again. Note you might have to give a few minutes for the records to update in DNS before selecting **Verify**
  - 2. Notice that when **Verify** is successful the **you just configured your Office 365 Tenant successfully** will show and you are ask to provide feedback related to your experience.
- However, If Verify is Not successful and its MX related in the message go to the next step in this exercise.

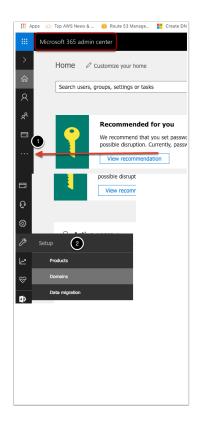


#### 36

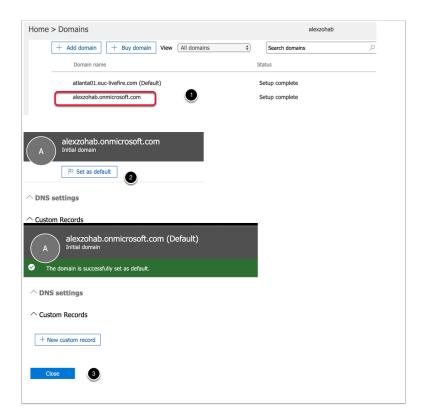
- If you get an error mentioning your **MX records** follow these steps:
  - 1. Click on the the **copy** icon next to **Expected record**
  - On your ControlCenter2 server, Go back to the update zone records tool, select REQUEST
  - 3. Get to your zone and paste the MX records,
    - NOTE the example, there is a zero in front MX record, this is a priority field and should not be deleted.
  - 4. Select **SUBMIT**
  - 5. Go to your 0365 domain configuration and **Verify** the domain again.
  - 6. You should get a message saying You've reached the end of the setup



- 37. Select Microsoft 365 Admin center next to the 9 dot blue square in the top left corner.
  - In your Microsoft 365 Admin center,
    - 1. Select the 3 parallel dots in the black bar to the left of the console, this will expand the console
    - 2. Select the Spanner icon for **Setup** and select **Domains**



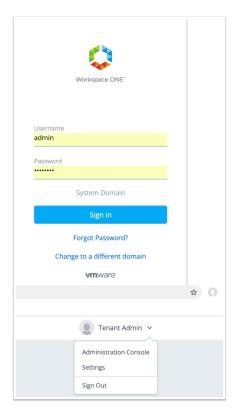
- In the **Home** > **Domains** interface, check to see if your namespace you have associated with your Office 365 setup has a **(Default)** next to it. If this is the case do the following.
  - 1. Select your **account name** that is not set to default:
  - 2. Select Set as default
  - 3. Your custom domain cannot be the default domain when federating with Workspace ONE Access. Select **Close**. Check to see that you have a corresponding configuration in the domain portion of your setup as the screenshot.



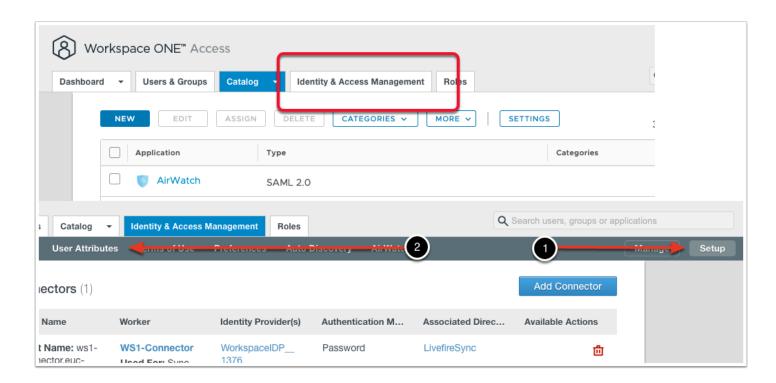
## Part 2: Federating Office 365 with Workspace ONE Access.

In Part 2 of this lab session we will now federate our Office 365 Tenant with a Workspace ONE Access SAAS tenant.

- Using your Tenant Admin credentials, login into your SAAS Workspace ONE Access Tenant.
  - 1. To the right of the **Workspace ONE Access** console under **Tenant Admin** select **Administration Console**

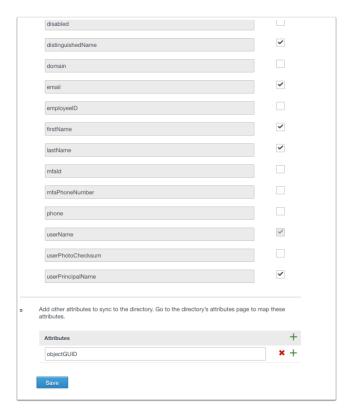


- 2. Select the Identity & Access Management tab
- To the right in the Identity & Access Management tab select Setup > User Attributes



3. In the **User Attributes** interface notice you have already set **userPrincipalName** and **distinguishedName** to **Required** and you have already created the **objectGUID** attribute.

These are pre-req requirements for Federating Office 365 with Workspace ONE Access.



#### 4.

- On your **ControlCenter2** desktop server select your **Software** shortcut and open the path to the **Applications** folder. In the **Applications** folder open the **Azurefiles** folder.
  - 1. Open the msoidcli\_64.msi installer and when prompted select Run
  - 2. On the Microsoft Online Services Sign-in Assistant Setup page select the I accept the terms in the Licence agreement... checkbox. Select Install,
  - 3. When the installer is done select Finish
  - 4. If prompted to restart then do so and login as administrator



5.

- Under the same Azurefiles folder,
  - Select and launch the AdministrationConfig-en.msi , select Run. On the Open File -Security Warning window select Run
  - 2. On the **Windows Azure Active Directory Module for Windows Powershell Setup** window select **Next**
  - 3. On the **License Terms** window, ensure the **I accept the terms radio button** is selected and select **Next**
  - 4. On the **Install Location** window, select **Next**
  - 5. On the **Ready to Install** window select **Install**
  - 6. Select Finish



6.

- On your ControlCenter server desktop, you will notice a Windows Azure Active Directory for Powershell Shortcut.
  - 1. Right click the Windows Powershell and select Run as administrator
  - 2. For your convenience we have added all the powershell commands to a TXT file that is available in the software folder on the desktop. You can copy the commands from the file directly into the powershell. **Please note some of the commands require editing**
  - 3. Simply browse to \\cs1-pd1.euc-livefire.com\software\Applications\Azurefiles where you will find the file powershell commands.txt
  - 4. In the Powershell Console type the following

Connect-MsolService

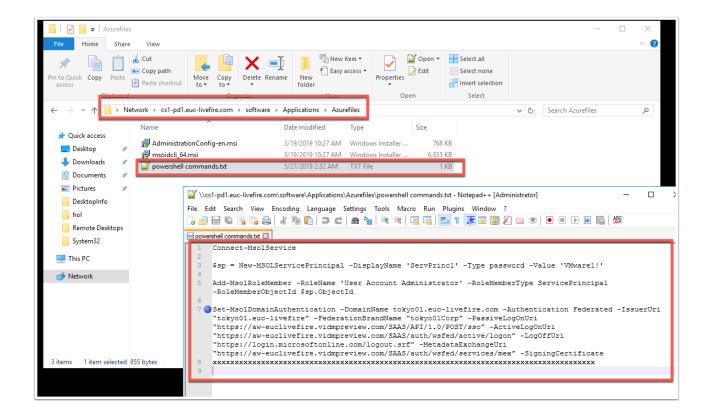
- 1. When prompted for **User name** and **Password**, use your Cloud Admin account e.g. **cloudadmin@ranmobojo.onmicrosoft.com**
- 2. Next we have to create a Service Principal account type in the powershell

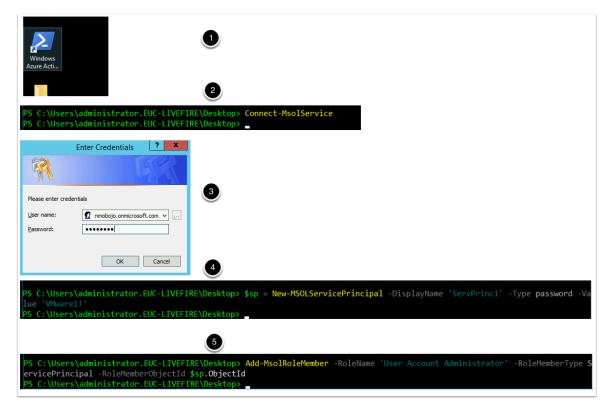
```
$sp = New-MSOLServicePrincipal -DisplayName 'ServPrinc1' -Type password
-Value 'VMware1!'
```

3. Next we are going to assign a role to the ServPrinc1 user

Add-MsolRoleMember -RoleName 'User Account Administrator'

-RoleMemberType ServicePrincipal -RoleMemberObjectId \$sp.ObjectId

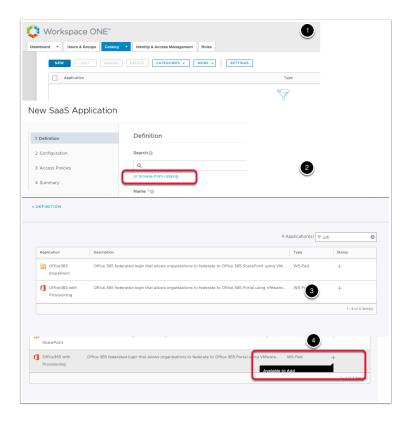




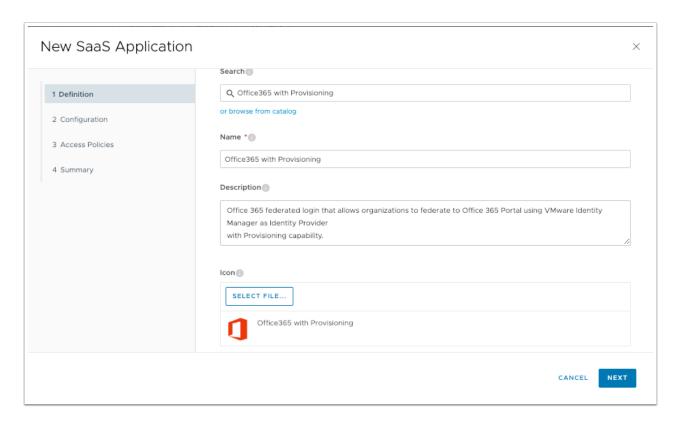
7

- Revert back to your Workspace ONE Access SAAS Tenant Admin Console
  - 1. Select the Catalog Tab in the Admin Console, select NEW
  - 2. In the New SaaS Application window under Definition select or browse from catalog
  - 3. In the **DEFINITION** window to the right in the **search** area type off

4. Select **Office365 with Provisioning** by selecting the + sign to the right



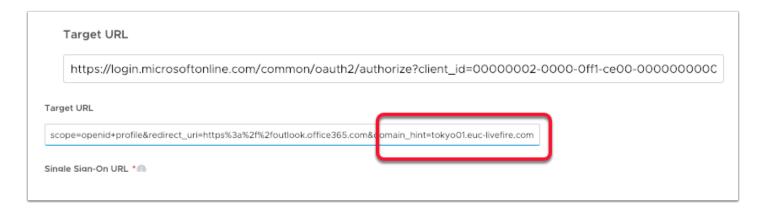
8 On the New SAAS Application window select Next



9. In the **New Saas Application** window, in the **Configuration** section add the following:

- Under Target URL add the following. Actual text to copy to edit into the configuration is in BLUE
- edit the last area after hint=
   .....domain\_hint=tokyo01.euc-livefire.com

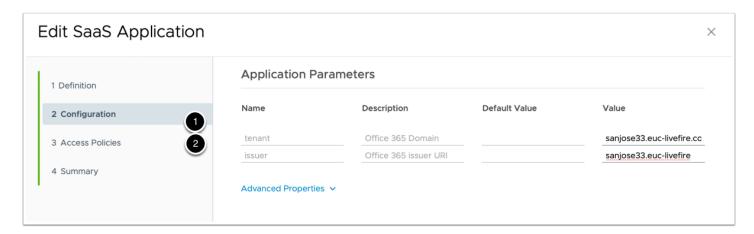
https://login.microsoftonline.com/common/oauth2/authorize?client\_id=00000002-0000-0ff1-ce00-00000000000&response\_mode=form\_post&response\_type=code+id\_token&scope=openid+profile&redirect\_uri=https%3a%2f%2foutlook.office365.com&domain\_hint=tokyo01.euc-livefire.com



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- In the New Saas Application window, in the Configuration section leave the following default:
  - -Single Sign-On URL / Application ID / Username Format / Username Value
- Add the following: under **Application Parameters** in the **tenant** line under **Value** add **YOUR** custom Fully Qualified Domain Name ie **tokyo01.euc-livefire.com**
- Under Application Parameters in the *issuer* line under Value add your custom domain name (without the .com part) ie tokyo01.euc-livefire

Make sure there are no hidden carriage returns if you paste this in



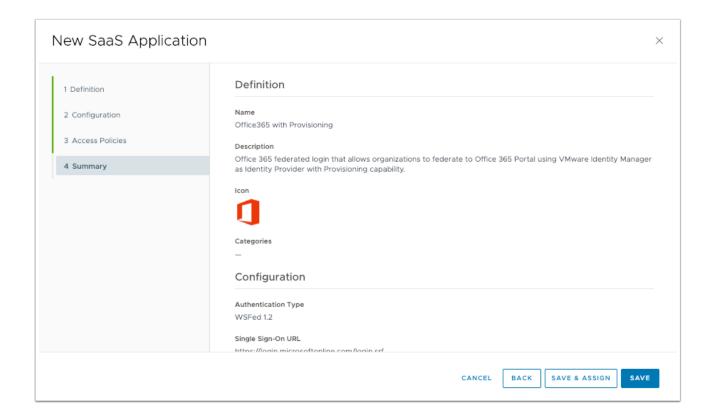
11. In the **New Saas Application** window, in the **Configuration** section under **Advanced Properties** *leave the following default:* 

# -Enable Multiple O365 Email Domains / Credential Verification / Signature Algorithm / Digest Algorithm / Assertion Time

- -Under Custom Attribute Mapping in the UPN and ImmutableID keep the values default
- In the New Saas Application window, in the Access Policies section select NEXT

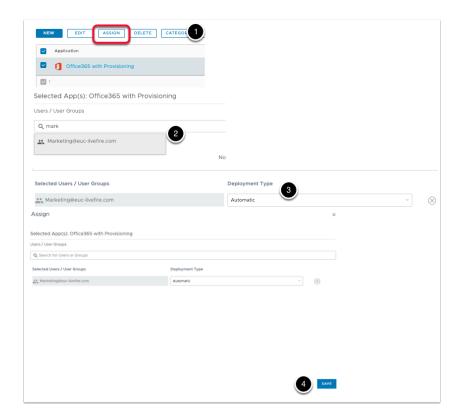
New SaaS Application Access Policies 1 Definition Access policies specify the criteria that must be met in order to access applications. Select access policies to 2 Configuration manage user access to specific applications below 3 Access Policies default\_access\_policy\_set 4 Summary Client Access Policies for Username/Password Clients When Office 365 clients (VMware Boxer, iOS and Android native email clients) use username and password authentication, Identity Manager controls access through Client Access Policies. Set your client access policies below. These client access policy apply to all WS-Fed Web (Office 365) applications configured in the catalog. Creating a new rule or editing an existing rule impacts all users that access any of these apps. Clients Network Range Device Type Groups Action ADD POLICY RULE CANCEL

12. In the New Saas Application window, in the Summary section select SAVE



13

- · We will now do the Entitlement configuration of the User
  - 1. In the Catalog for Web Apps select the Office 365 with Provisioning and select Assign
  - 2. In the **Assign** wizard type Mark in the **search area** under **Users / User Groups**, select **Marketing@euc-livefire.com**
  - Under Deployment Type, select the drop down arrow change the Deployment Type to Automatic
  - 4. In the **Assign** wizard, review your configuration, in the bottom right hand corner select **SAVE**

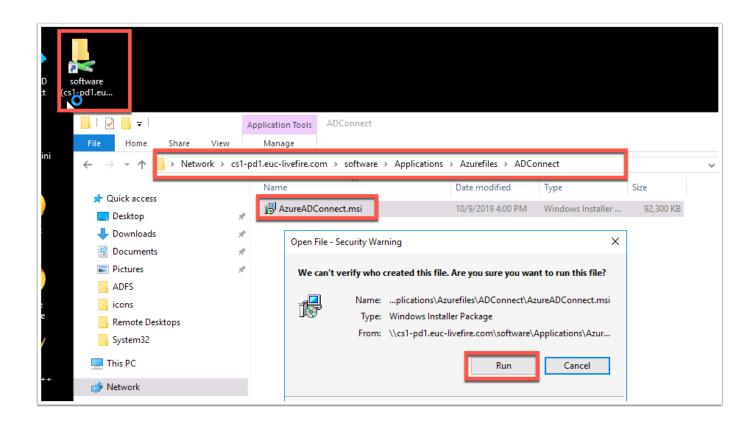


# Part 3: Using Azure ADconnect for user provision to Azure AD

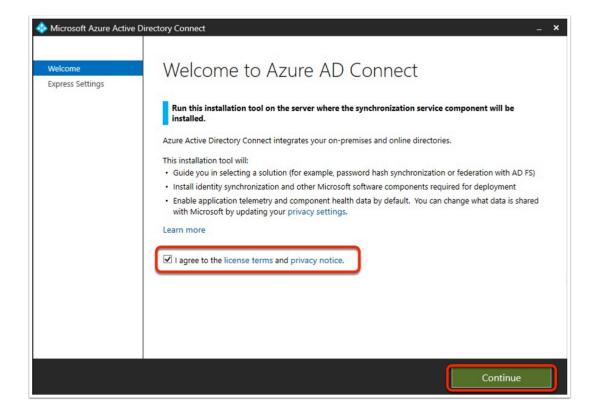
In this part we are goin to install Azure AD Connect tool to provision users to azure AD from on premise Active Directory.

Please note: It is best practice to use Azure AD connect tool but not a requirement. You can also provision users to Azure AD from Workspace ONE Access using Office365 with Provision application with Setup Provisioning ENABLED.

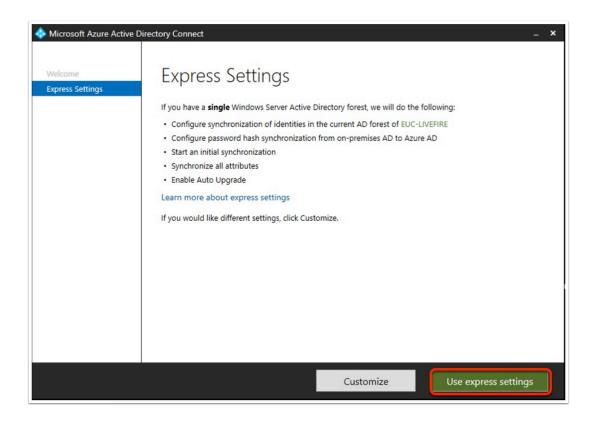
- 1. From your **Controlcenter** machine desktop, open the **Software** shortcut on your desktop and navigate to the **Applications** > **Azurefiles** > **ADconnect** folder.
- 2. Double- click on AzureADConnect.msi and click run on the security warning



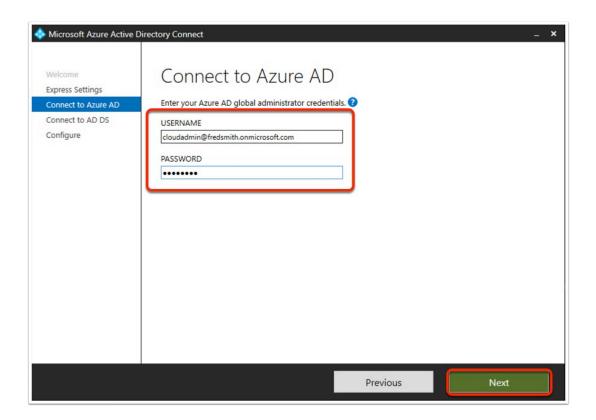
3. On the **Welcome to Azure AD Connect** window check the box next to "I agree to the license terms and privacy notice" and click **Continue** 



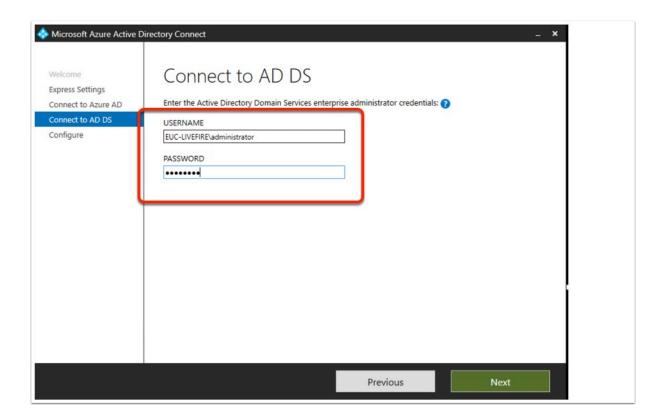
4. In the Express Settings window click on "Use express settings"



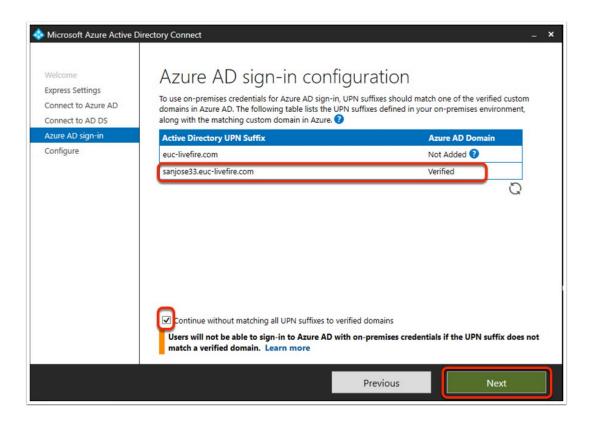
5. On the **"Connect to Azure AD"** window, **fill in your credentials** for your microsoft account and click **Next** 



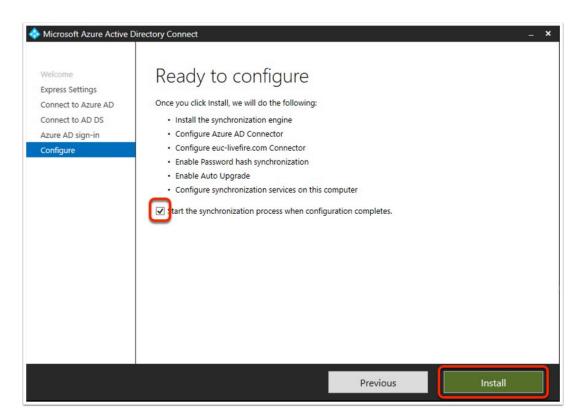
6. In the "**Connect to AD DS**" window fill in your domain credentials, **USERNAME:** EUC-LIVEFIRE\ ADMINISTRATOR, PASSWORD: VMware1!



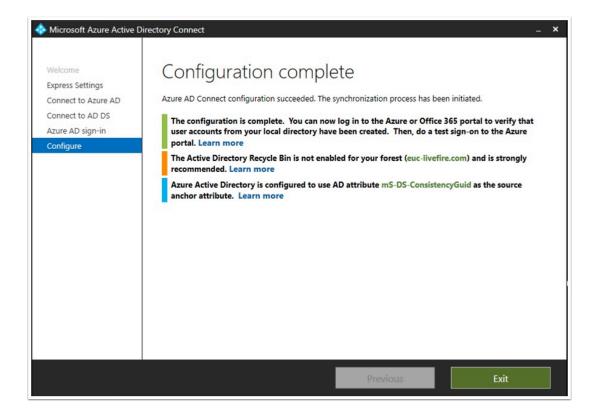
- 7. Verify your custom domain is verified
- 8. Check the box next to "Continue without matching all UPN suffixes to verified domains" and click Next



9. On the "Ready to configure" windowmake sure the box next to "Start synchronization process when configuration completes" is checked and click Install. Getting to the following step should take a couple of minutes.

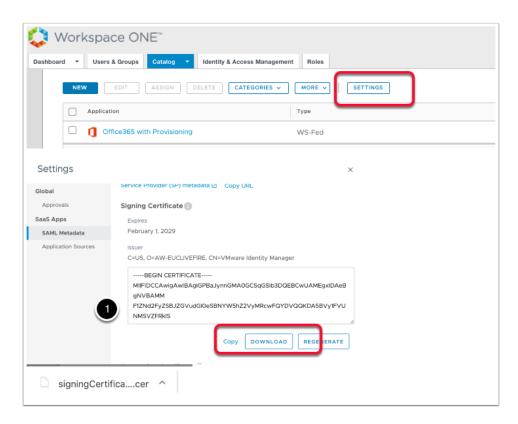


10. In the "Configuration complete" window click "Exit"



# Part 4: Setting up the SAML between Workspace ONE Access and Office 365

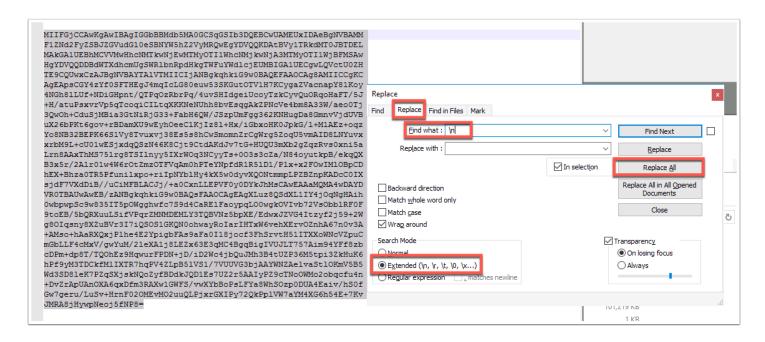
- 1. Ensure you do the next section on your **ControlCenter2** server.
  - Login to your to the Workspace ONE Access Admin Console, as Admin, under the Catalog > Web Apps tab to the right select SETTINGS
  - 2. In the **Settings** window under **SaaS Apps**, select **SAML Metadata**, in the right hand pane under the **SAML Metadata** heading select **DOWNLOAD** under **Signing Certificate**
  - 3. Using Notepad++ Open the **signingCertificate.cer** from your default download location .

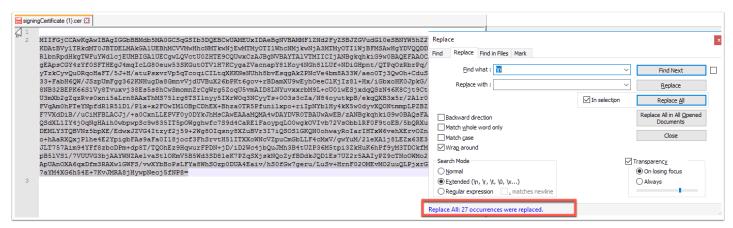


2. In the signingCertificate.cer we will remove all carriage returns the document

Do this with Notepad++ on your **ControlCenter server**. Any hidden carriage returns will cause this exercise to FAIL

- 1. Remove the -----BEGIN CERTIFICATE----- and -----END CERTIFICATE----- lines from the certificate.
- 2. Then select the certificate portion of the file and click **ctrl** + **F** in the **Replace** tab at the top type \n in the Find what field.Leave the Replace with field empty. Make sure the Search Mode at the bottom is **Extended**. Then click on **Replace All**.
- 3. Your certificate should now no longer have carriage returns. Notepad++ will tell you how many instances were replaced and your certificate will look different.



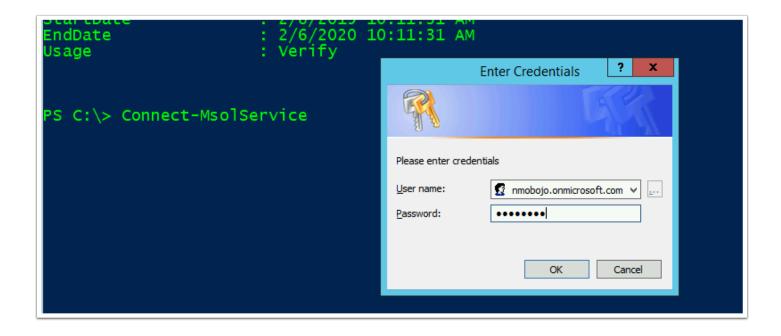


3. On the **ControlCenter2** server and open the existing **Powershell** interface we were working with earlier (from the shortcut on your desktop). please copy, edit and paste the commands from the text file called powershell comands, located in your Software folder (linked in your control center desktop), in the \Applications\Azurefiles folder.

Run the following command:

#### Connect-MsolService

 In the Powershell Console type the following using your Cloudadmin credentials. The example we use is cloudadmin@ranmobojo.onmicrosoft.com and your password



- 4. Next we edit the following Powershell commands for our environment and include the certificate string as part of this command.
- 1. Edit the sample string by replacing any instance of **tokyo01** with the city and number from *YOUR CUSTOM Fully Qualified Domain name, i.e. london08*
- 2. Edit the sample string by replacing **aw-euclivefire.vidmpreview.com** with **YOUR CUSTOM SAAS Workspace ONE Access Tenant Fully Qualified Domain name**

example 1 is the string without the certificate | example 2 is the string with the certificate which you will have to append without introducing any hidden returns into Powershell

```
Set-MsolDomainAuthentication -DomainName tokyo01.euc-livefire.com -Authentication
Federated -IssuerUri "tokyo01.euc-livefire" -FederationBrandName "tokyo01Corp" -
PassiveLogOnUri "https://aw-euclivefire.vidmpreview.com/SAAS/API/1.0/POST/sso" -
ActiveLogOnUri "https://aw-euclivefire.vidmpreview.com/SAAS/auth/wsfed/active/logon" -
LogOffUri "https://login.microsoftonline.com/logout.srf" -MetadataExchangeUri
"https://aw-euclivefire.vidmpreview.com/SAAS/auth/wsfed/services/mex" -
SigningCertificate
MIIFIDCCAwigAwIBAgIGPBaJynnGMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBCwUAMEgxIDAeBgNVBAMMF1ZNd2FyZSBJZGVudGl0eSBN
```

MIIFIDCCAwigAwIBAgIGPBaJynnGMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBCwUAMEgxIDAeBgNVBAMMF1ZNd2FyZSBJZGVudG10eSBN YW5hZ2VyMRcwFQYDVQQKDA5BVy1FVUNMSVZFRk1SRTELMAkGA1UEBhMCVVMwHhcNMTkwMjA0MjEzMTAyWhcNMjkw

MjAxMjEzMTAyWjBIMSAwHgYDVQQDDBdWTXdhcmUgSWRlbnRpdHkgTWFuYWdlcjEXMBUGA1UECgwOQVctRVVDTE1W RUZJUkUxCzAJBgNVBAYTA1VTMIICIjANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQEFAAOCAg8AMIICCgKCAgEApWfE7UfEG9iupk538HEU rqfAKb5VlcnsGrQCz9+Hb1QrDba8vvPWNp+H3MhkZ1RZS43mvy+3JVFEuEsCIqHyRrKsJVIswPda2eQKW/ Y7jd3RHZFoxoqbvF4kOyJq5+k38xI/

8t801kv2ruYYHwUZ+SDJpWdxFqbrpcBAFac5IYj71PoPlOv9na+1Z7V8ddWQCrsNydKfndUPeBiUj389Xer0ckzH TcYjeGG82X9NHDXVsmbiMFrDnP0ZbMCD21CMOGyZ8wKFzbx3toStDuqyF6MbXv3tpVCnF/

sELJaJNxbfdoslNGfbyNWiv/UQ7h8XDOywqpzMZkZkch/Bl6Ny1cS3UDW6GYqYuJHkmRu9Pqqv/

98QpFueBrrR71+9WTLocSVxgbBCdyrgwVOHAJK1+yZOrYuiLIGcdJfhjczOaN/

8dJnzYspxgW9tIxZ2SmQQDTy9zscvad2rplOZFqj9MQbDUmdanr52ksQ85jboArLW9B5TVmxefDtoPMiK6GKsR/Q+ygEplsyDT1S6eGzXaVBOQFGjjAFQ3c0wOQtZ0Q6+JJRk3KO4X2F5arDRZKTCfEyzH8VYwaJ04BJBmlkPQs14IKzAhwR/cqBzKnSFUxbeqm5U/

YLeyaOO3NKEYimHqoW7cEB9sPQnO7YUuZOG0KqHrC0S8dVt6dk5adfa0LECAwEAAaMQMA4wDAYDVR0TBAUwAwEB/zANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQsFAAOCAgEAiadCYNp2OVfFIlD3I3iQhLCvmc1hVKMEzz1FJNEAMZ3JZgwBEYLHL7d8kiRjI7c4hvZ62P2eQ2bC6z3lzqGVK8GNyUPGMKKgcFOgjJrK+roP4s740cbn4hQX3j3cOLCuQKQ2NkzwF0+5qGU26vOvlwnE8SONR4OxgScW2Bu55E5NOQj+Tu45Pt2KYZpSv9ZP9KJj75AqwmfkynomDBYZXT4WbSft5HDt7VXkFS6OPz41i32yqDTtHePLKbJ83LcXEETDVfyfigS1m1VWwcDp9sLfbqA4yEIoGFNO5KMssHOkVeCFCjzCs06B1pVHoWYqqNOg0gMU0vpX+gFcj7tHJklhbHUcqQpnYs/

AJyLOpEroVZTBJS3UgK9vMEage9P+hoVqiX9g+Csd0GjRLExlpkm3uFKt0su05UQ0E9PrYpOS74YbmuRFEUJ5R5PzxSAWErG/

SxPWNtGKzKdGjJzBmErOgShODflleURanuL18FDqBR7KXGOnNWDNk5GKVcB2LWqmmz6AmCkFee9oPju6hT+Y4M3O6mmP6dxjTILPUAddObZUUFhhX8fyjpTDUjTzKWdPaf5G4/

 ${\tt ISfSqa0CoCFaNGTeEhoR9NtjYlabENZMuD2OoVDacMQvRMN1IbtilDF9ISROG3jzVJDNtFvwkuRzUJ5QyUEAuBZ6xpVEt/8Do=}$ 

PS C:\> Connect-MsolService
PS C:\> Set-MsolDomainAuthentication -DomainName tokyo01.euc-livefire.com -Authentication Fe derated -IssuerUri "tokyo01.euc-livefire.com" -FederationBrandName "Livefire" -PassiveLogOnU ri "https://aw-euclivefire.vidmpreview.com/s4As/sAAs/aPI/1.0/POST/sso" -ActiveLogOnUri "https://aw-euclivefire.vidmpreview.com/sAAs/auth/wsfed/active/logon" -LogoffUri "https://login.mi crosoftonline.com/logout.srf" -MetadataExchangeUri "https://aw-euclivefire.vidmpreview.com/sAAs/auth/wsfed/services/mex" -SigningCertificate MIIFKDCCAxcgAwIBAgIGPBcCTXRSMAOGCSqGSIb3DQE BcWLAMEwxIDAeBgNVBAMMFIZNd2FyzSBJZGVudG10eSBNYw5hZ2VyMRswGQVDVQQKDBJBVyIFVUNMSVZFRk1SRTpFTkM xCzAJBgNVBAYTA1VTMB4XDTE5MDIWNDIXMZEWNFoXDTI5MDIWMTIXMZEWNFoWTDEgMB4GA1UEAwwXVk13YXJ1IE1kZw5 0aXR5IE1hbmFnZXIXGzAZBgNVBAOMEkFXLUVVQ0XJVkVGSVJF0kV0QzELMakGA1UEBhMCVVMwggIiMAOGCSqGSIb3DQE BAQUAA4ICDwAwggIKAOICAQCpYVvr3NU7c6mIVGdd9ut7xhK6MDTgU0/qs1toLBZ+kY7NrNXMKSXJ0LCKDR8L0/GSknc hHGFRsBHndYnN645bY4SI1KFXkjmgYmYumtk8j1G8waKcyZ7Nhrx+1Z6TqsEwJ9nn7rhPf5j9YCkyDwtFl+YE2zLLvX0 repGzZ5TDEwGFGyZU4mxhayNi20JYTjbtiyJ6TZGQb9YrYccL8kqoJgpHkR20q2rUb25QVgKDphmoov2BGYpqkesCTTjJJHTOHThG7NOSEmX7wzn33q92iPayx57rYNa2bN448vutge6juT5EB88ByL5qR8RitWLUX1POBUCPWIV4did150wmM+UI9702GDPF2dlnGWEuqX54qofHzns27WZnAWEwz1A0JJHQRR1xpkI35wzfuZza41QU67ItD5V9+iB+USgHeSVQ2SyTNr P9j+KL4bF+H4SkD104Vh2Zapt4xjD++hr9ViZxJ2hZW5p9/xbkh2cLKHgzGwKNHcrCrE4ak90HxXE3qEwPRi3wTWgK KxjBspuYXGB7rF2PYCYp18pq8f/5j5P7wm8vyQetVGIok3H00mamWqY1V49sNQIXmk87uYbeBAvCo396i4wnoG93/JtTrS6pMdQeltR6y19hwr00+lGR4zbrBG6ddRsAfXtuqOCnK6hi7RHdeR5bARA3y3Q1DAQABoxAwbjAMBgnVHMMEBTADAQH /MA0GCSqGSIb3DQEECwUAA4ICAQAkgsmh13H0GyV7ZojU0E72L1;yxka4xXtd0YB/t/ImV6ErL6euNTEUXQ+eBPhNQ/h k89eG4XTIJLSFStrMq9Qd0s6fzxgMkhacbkowqCo02S1/2/L4wndiZdo/NcxtnWy2pNH6Uaz7jcOpy3Braw3NEWJAEqFJ5u5t6vgIe+Tsunx0n2qBPJaygZm5npertX97JzmElkHGXfSLkwH01Fris3lpncvOtRwGm8+39FirdnxA3UALSdiU7swQ g/Z8JIwbMdfWzjDBkNHiem4ptzKKkpnIeop+2R6aizvo7NNU416t400EIDAyQ/yDX+4vLTOft\_PXKcr121Sr+3+jjHGQkdh OwfNMBL5jrXedon5Op/c2QGDv2QGe+IJoprqi72czm1EBVGxo6fjpS61x32kc29yYCpg0

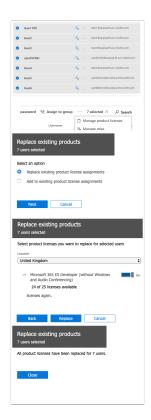
5. We will now check the federation with the following command in the powershell **Get-MsolDomainFederationSettings -domainName tokyo01.euc-livefire.com** 

The settings will return output regarding the settings that make up this federation.

C:\> Get-MsolDomainFederationSettings -domainName tokyo01.euc-livefire.com https://aw-euclivefire.vidmpreview.com/SAAS/auth/w ActiveLogOnUri sfed/active/logon DefaultInteractiveAuthenticationMethod Livefire
tokyo01.euc-livefire.com
https://login.microsoftonline.com/logout.srf
https://aw-euclivefire.vidmpreview.com/SAAS/auth/w ederationBrandName .ogOffUri MetadataExchangeUri sfed/services/mex NextSigningCertificate OpenIdConnectDiscoveryEndpoint https://aw-euclivefire.vidmpreview.com/443/SAAS/AP assiveLogOnUri I/1.0/POST/sso
MIIFKDCCAXCGAWIBAGIGPBcCTXRSMAOGCSqGSIb3DQEBCWUAME
WXIDAEBgNVBAMMF1ZNd2FyZSBJZGVudG10eSBNYW5hZ2VyMRsw
GQYDVQQKDBJBVy1FVUNMSVZFRk1SRTpFTkMxCzAJBgNVBAYTA1
VTMB4XDTE5MDIwNDIXMZEWNFOXDTI5MDIwMTIXMZEWNFOWTDEg
MB4GA1UEAwwXVk13YXJ1IE1kZW50aXR5IE1hbmFnZXIXGZAZBg
NVBAOMEkFXLUVVQ0XJVkVGSVJF0kVOQZELMAKGA1UEBhMCVVMw
GGTIMAOGCSGGSTb3DDEFAOUNAATCDWAWGGTKAGTCAOCGYVAGRAN SigningCertificate ggIiMAOGCSqGSIb3DQEBAQUAA4ICDwAwggIKAoICAQCpYVvr3NU7cGmIVGdU9ut7xhK6MDTgU0/qsltoLBZ+kY7NrNXMKSXJ0LCKDR8L0/GSknchHGFRsBHndYnN64SbY4SIlKFXkjmgYmYumtk8jlG8waKCyZ7Nhrx+lZ6TqsEwJ9nn7rhPfSj9YCkyDWtFl+YE2zLL

# Part 5: In this part, we will now start testing the federation to see and ensure it it working properly

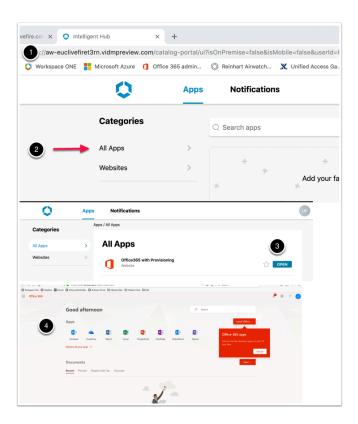
- Login back to your office 365 Tenant with your office Admin account with this url https://admin.microsoft.com/Adminportal/Home?source=applauncher#/homepage and use your cloudadmin account
  - In the left-hand pane under Home, select Users > Active users. Notice that Marketing group Users 1 8 has been automatically provisioned with the unique suffix appended for the user principle name. Also notice that your users are Unlicensed. Select users 1-8
  - 2. Select the radio buttons next to User 1 to User 8. This is includes your Custom User
  - Next to **Assign to group** select the **3 dots** which will expand the menu and select Manage product licenses
  - In the Manage Product licenses window select Next
  - 5. On the **Replace existing products** window under **Location**, select a location ie United Kingdom.
  - 6. Next to Microsoft E5 Developer (without Windows and Audio Conferencing), turn the slider bar to On
  - 7. Scroll down and select Replace select Close.
  - 8. **NB!** Validate that your **Cloudadmin** account is licensed as well. This will depend on whether you started off with a custom Outlook account or used another email in the beginning of the course labs. If not re-apply to the licensing to this account and then ensure that you can open the Cloudadmin mailbox. This requirement must be done before starting your OKTA lab.



- Open up an **Incognito** session of your browser and connect to your SAAS instance of Workspace ONE Access.
  - 1. On the login window ensure that on the select your domain window, **euc-livefire.com** is selected, select Next
  - 2. In the **username** section, use your custom **username ie user35scr** and the **password VMware1!** select **Sign in**



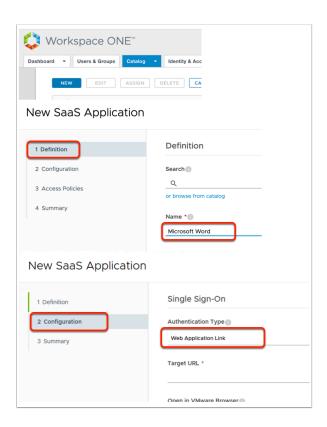
- In the Workspace ONE console
  - 1. Under **Apps** select **All Apps**
  - 2. Next Office 365 with Provisioning select Open
  - 3. You should now see the Microsoft Office365 console



# Part 6: Inserting Office 365 Deep Links into Workspace ONE Access

Having a Portal to Portal single sign-on experience very rarely excites a customer. In this section we will insert Deep Links within Workspace ONE Access to enhance the user experience.

- 1. Inserting Office 365 Deep links
- On your Controlcenter server. Log in to your to your Workspace ONE Access Console as Admin and select the Catalog tab > Web Apps
  - 1. Select **NEW**
  - 2. In the New SaaS Application window under Name type Microsoft Word
  - Under Icon, click on browse, search for the software link on your desktop, and navigate
    to \Applications\Azurefiles\icons. select your Word.png Icon and select Open. At the
    bottom right select NEXT
  - 4. On **2. Configuration** in the **Single Sign-On** section under **Authentication type** to the right select the **drop down** and then select **Web Application Link**

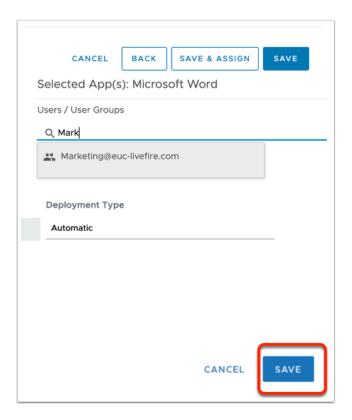


- 2. Inserting Office 365 Deep links (Part 5)
- Copy the URL below and edit in Notepad++ the following in Blue with your assigned domain suffix and then copy the edited URL and Paste under the Target URL
  - https://login.microsoftonline.com/ login.srf?wa=wsignin1.0&whr=EXAMPLEDOMAIN.euclivefire.com&wreply=https://office.live.com/start/Word.aspx?auth=2

Target URL \*

https://login.microsoftonline.com/login.srf?wa=wsignin1.0&whr=lisbona35.euc-livefire.com&wreply

- 3. Inserting Office 365 Deep links (Part 5)
- Select NEXT > SAVE & ASSIGN
  - Under Users / User Groups in the Search area type Mark, select Marketing@euclivefire.com
  - Under Deployment Type select Automatic and select SAVE



- 4. Inserting Office 365 Deep links (Part 5)
  - Repeat the above steps for
    - 1. OneDrive
      - https://login.microsoftonline.com/login.srf?wa=wsignin1.0&whr=lisbonb35.euc-livefire.com&wreply=https://zingaramanwell-my.sharepoint.com
      - · Replace Lisbonb with your domain
      - Replace zingaramanwell with your unique Office 365 domain name. eg in this
        example the domain name is cloudadmin@zingaramanwell.onmicrosoft .com,
        zingaramanwell is the domain name
    - 2. Excel

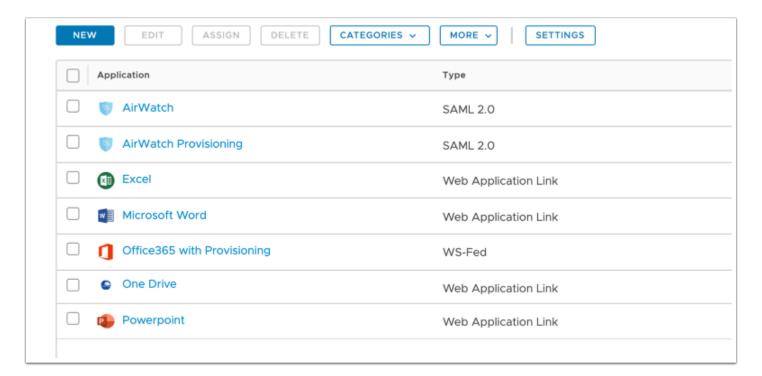
https://login.microsoftonline.com/login.srf?wa=wsignin1.0&whr=lisbonb35.euc-livefire.com&wreply=https://www.office.com/launch/excel?auth=2&home=1

## 3. PowerPoint

https://login.microsoftonline.com/login.srf?wa=wsignin1.0&whr=lisbonb35.euc-livefire.com&wreply=https://www.office.com/launch/powerpoint?auth=2

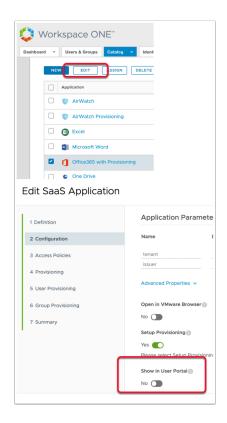
#### 4. Outlook

 https://login.microsoftonline.com/common/oauth2/ authorize?client\_id=00000002-0000-0ff1-ce00-0000000000000&response\_mode=form\_post& livefire.com



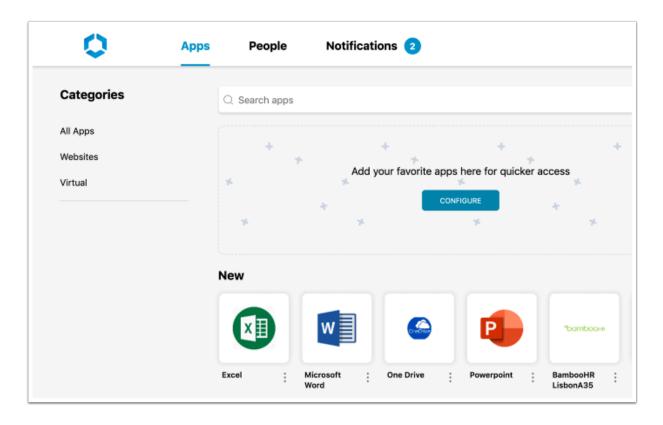
## 5. Inserting Office 365 Deep links (Part 5)

- The Office 365 application has been assigned to Marketing. It has to remain assigned to Marketing for the Deep links to work. However, we do not necessarily want this to be visible to the End-User. We will now solve this issue as part of a well thought out solution.
  - 1. In the Catalog, select the Check-box next to Office365 with Provisioning, select EDIT
  - 2. in the **Edit SaaS Application** window, select step **2 Configuration** and scroll down to the bottom. Change **Show in the User Portal** toggle from **Yes** to **No**
  - 3. Select NEXT > NEXT > NEXT > SAVE



# 6. Inserting Office 365 Deep links (Part 5)

- Switch to a Browser in Incognito Mode . Using your Workspace ONE Access URL login as User1 with the password VMware1!
- Test your individual links for office 365



- 7. Tidying up the Catalog in Workspace ONE Access for a better User Experience
- Switch back to your Workspace ONE Access Admin Console and select the Catalog tab
  - 1. In the **Catalog** next to **Office 365 with Provisioning** select the **check box** and then at the top select **EDIT**
  - 2. In the **Edit SaaS Application** wizard select **2 Configuration** and **scroll down** to the bottom,
  - Change the toggle under Show in User Portal from Yes to No and select NEXT > NEXT > SAVE
  - 4. Repeat the exact same process and validate that that the **AirWatch** and **AirWatch Provisioning** applications do not show in the User Portal



# Federating a SAML application with Workspace ONE Access

# **VMware Identity Manager SaaS application**

# Part 1. SFDC Pre-Requisites Setup

This lab is intended to prepare those federating SaaS applications for authentication via Workspace ONE Access. As SAML is a standard authentication type, this example is just one of many documented integrations. See here for more examples: <a href="https://www.vmware.com/support/pubs/Workspace">https://www.vmware.com/support/pubs/Workspace</a> ONE Access\_webapp\_sso.html

# 1.1 First we will sign up for a SFDC developer trial account.

- Open your Browser on the Control Center VM
  - 1. Navigate to <a href="https://developer.salesforce.com/signup">https://developer.salesforce.com/signup</a> for a free account.
    - Fill in your details using a personal e-mail address. Please ensure this e-mail address has not previously been used with SFDC
  - 2. *Go to your email and confirm your registration*. Select Verify Account. This will take you to the **Change Your Password** Site.
  - 3. Set a password of your choosing and provide a security question and answer
  - 4. Select **Change Password** to save and you will be redirected automatically to the Setup Home page.

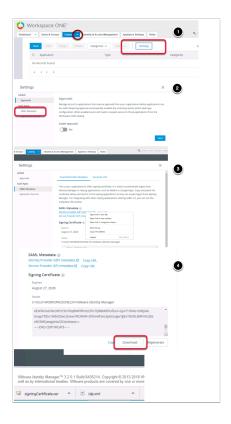


- 1.2 You should still be automatically logged in with the user that you have created above, if not navigate to <a href="https://login.salesforce.com">https://login.salesforce.com</a> and login with the details for your account.
- NOTE: Salesforce has two Web Interfaces and this can get quite confusing. Please be sure to
  use the lightning experience interface rather than the classic interface. You will now
  register a unique domain name for you SFDC dev account
  - 1. On the Home page Navigate to Settings > Company Settings > My Domain
  - 2. Enter a unique domain name under "Choose Your Domain Name" first letter of first name plus last name plus livefire For example globalrn01
  - 3. Click **check availability**, If available select **Register Domain**. This process usually takes about 5 to 10 minutes. (SalesForce has to publish that unique domain name) You can move on to "**Establish SAML Trust**" Section below come back to this section once you get asked to login to your unique URL.
  - 4. You will receive an e-mail to the address specified in your developer's account once it has successfully registered. Click the link provided in the e-mail to confirm your domain registration and login using the credentials you created above. NOTE: at this point it might prompt you for a phone number. You can easily select I don't want to register my phone. Then it will just use your e-mail address as the second factor authentication.
  - 5. Now Navigate back to **Settings** > **Company Settings** > **My Domain** and select the **Deploy to users** and confirm the pop-up.

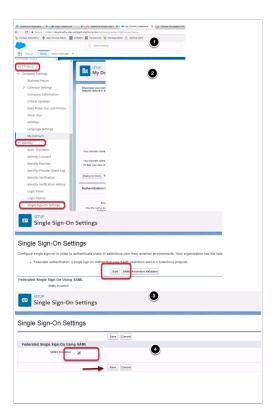


# **Part 2. Establish SAML Trust**

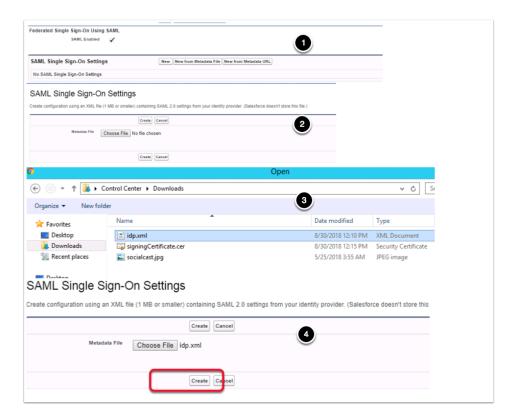
- Now we will download the identity provider Signing certificate from Workspace ONE Access and upload it into SFDC to create the trust relationship for authentication.
  - 1. Login to your Saas Workspace ONE Access as sysadmin
  - 2. Select the **Catalog** tab and select **Settings**
  - 3. Select **Settings** select SAML Metadata
  - Right click on Identity Provider (Idp) metadata and select save link as, this will open your Save As window. Leave the Downloads folder as default and the name as idp.xml and select Save
  - 5. Go to the **Signing Certificate** area and select **Download**, you should now have a **signingCertificate.cer** and a **idp.xml** in the **Downloads** folder



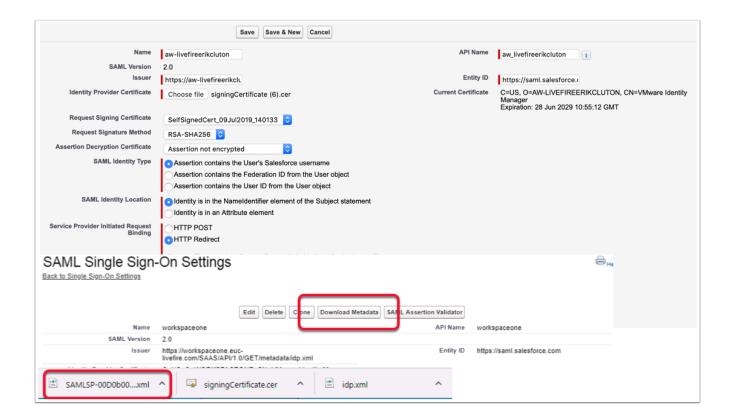
- Navigate back to your SalesForce site where you should now be able to login with your unique registered domain \*-dev-ed.lightning.force.com
  - On the home page for the admin user you will find Settings > Identity > Single Sign-On Settings NOTE: if you can't locate these options on the initials login page select the cog wheel in the top right hand side of the page and select setup and it will take you to the correct configuration page.
  - On the Single Sign-On Settings Page next SAML Assertion Validator select Edit, below Federated Single Sign-on Using SAML, select the SAML Enabled checkbox. Select Save.



- Now select New From Metadata File just underneath where the SAML settings have been enabled.
  - 1. This will take you to the **SAML Single Sign-On Settings** page where it will request the SAML metadata.
  - 2. Click **Choose File** that you have downloaded into the **Downloads** Folder from Workspace ONE Access named **idm.xml** (created in step 5). select the **idp.xml** and select **Open** select **Create**.



- Notice now that the fields have been auto populated with the correct data from Workspace ONE Access
  - 1. Ensure the Following are correct in the settings:
    - Next to NAME: leave as default
    - Next to ISSUER: leave as default, This is the XML that is provided for the Metadata -
    - Next to Provider Certificate: Upload the signingCertificate.cer into this field (this was created in step 5)
    - Next to SAML Identity Type: leave as default "Assertion contains the User's Salesforce username
    - Next to SAML Identity Location: leave as default "Identity is in the NameIdentifier element of the Subject statement
    - Next to API Name: leave as default
    - Next to Entity ID: Change to https://saml.salesforce.com
    - Next to Identity Provider Login URL: leave as default
    - Next to Custom Logout URL: your Workspace ONE Access URL
      - e.g. https://aw-livefireerikcluton.vidmpreview.com
    - Ensure the check box from Single Logout Enabled is removed.
  - 2. Select Save.
  - 3. On the SAML Single Sign-On Settings page select Download Metadata.
    - NOTE: Download metadata is not available in the edit view you have to click on the policy This will download an xml file beginning with SAMLSP.....xml



- On the SalesForce admin console
  - 1. Navigate to **Settings** > Company Settings > My Domain
  - 2. In the **Authentication Configuration** section select **edit**, this will open a new tab. Ensure that you observe Pop-up Blocker in your browser and select the radio button **to Always allow pop-ups....**,
  - 3. Select Done, and then on the Navigate to this page? window select Open
  - Under Authentication Configuration page next to Authentication Service select the check box that has "YOUR Saas Workspace ONE Access" and select Save
    - NB! Notice that this pop-up window opened up in a new window on a new TAB.

Revert back by selecting the original window Single Sign-On Settings tab to the left of your current window

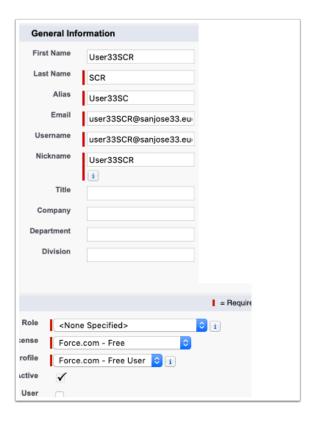


Creating a unique user for your SalesForce environment.

NB! This has to be an Identical account to what you created at the beginning of the course

- 1. Navigate to Administration > Users > Users > click Select New User
- 2. Fill in the unique user details,
  - **First Name:** User xxxxx {your student number + {the first letter of your city and country abbreviation}} eg {for San jose, Costa Rica User33SCR}
  - Last Name: {the first letter of your city and country abbreviation} eg. SCR
  - Alias:{same as your first name}
  - Email:{FirstName@customsuffix.euc-livefire.com} (For Example: user33SCR@sanjose33.euc-livefire.com)
  - Username:{FirstName@customsuffix.euc-livefire.com} (For Example: user33SCR@sanjose33.euc-livefire.com)
  - Nickname: {same as your FirstName}
  - Role: <None Specified >
  - User License: Force.com Free
  - Profile:Force.com Free User
- 3. Click Save

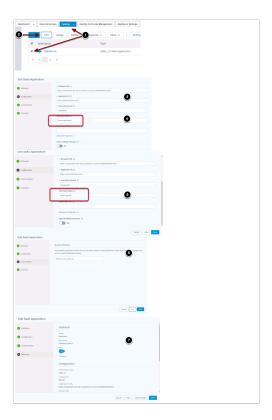
This will be the user we will use to test the authentication



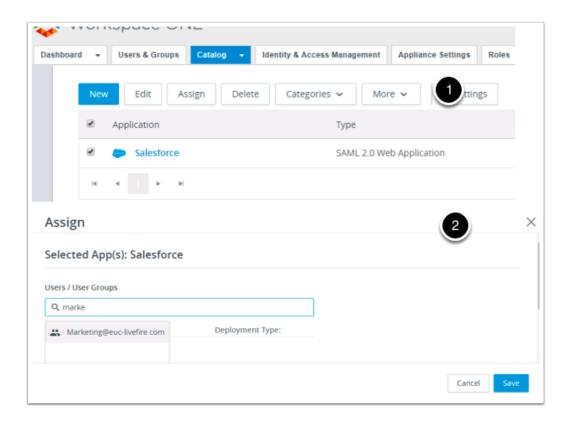
- Navigate back to your Workspace ONE Access console from your Controlcenter machine
  - 1. Select the Catalog tab, select New
  - On the New Saas Application window, in the search type sales and select Salesforce, select Next,
  - Under the Single Sign-On section under Configuration, select the URL/XML radio button.
  - 4. Open **file Explorer** window and browse to Downloads. Right click and open the **metadata file** you downloaded from **Sales force** that was called **SAMLSP....xml**
  - Open in Notepad. In the Notepad select all or press CTRL + A and copy with CTRL + C. Now paste the Metadata in the XML field in Single Sign-On page under URL/XML.
  - On the Single Sign-On page select Next, on the default Access policies page accept the default select Next and select Save



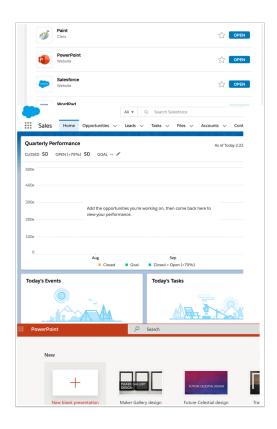
- On the Catalog tab, select Salesforce select Edit,
  - 1. Select Configuration, to the right of configuration, **scroll down** to **Username Value** and change **\${user.username}** to **\${user.email}**.
  - 2. Select **Next**, on the **Access Policies** page, select **Next**, on the **definition** page, select **Save**.



- 1. In the Catalog area next to Salesforce, select the check box and then select Assign
- 2. In the **Assign** window under **Users / User Groups** box type **marke** and select **Marketing@euc-livefire.com** and select Save



- 3.0 Testing your custom account with the Salesforce and office 365 Federation
- Open up an Incognito window an alternate browser and login to your SaaS instance of Workspace ONE Access with your custom user account
  - Select and open your Salesforce Application
  - Select and **open** one of your Office Applications. NB! Depending on what Microsoft application you might still get messages stating that Office 365 is being setup. At this point all we are concerned is the federation of office 365



# (Optional) Android emulator setup

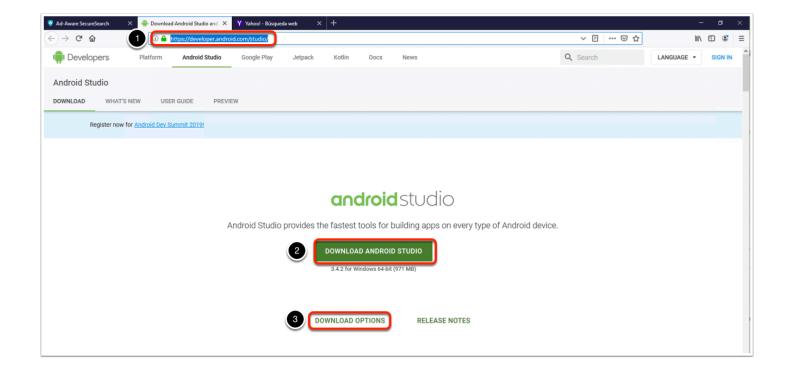
# Introduction

If you don't have an android test device and you want to test the Device enrollment, android single sign on, and other android based labs, theres an emulator you can install in your laptop an follow along with the particular lab manual as you would do on a physical device. What follows is the installation instructions for the installation of such software.

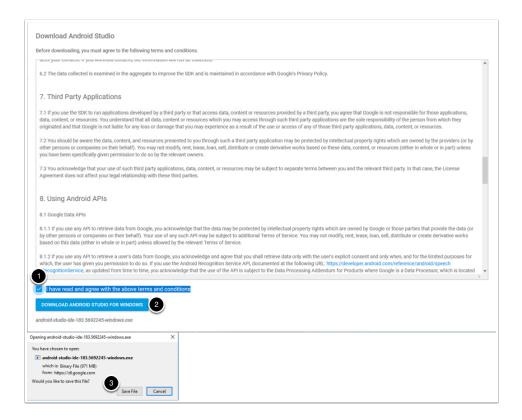
If something goes wrong and you want to start again with a fresh device, instructions are included for redeploying the os image.

# downloading the installer

- 1. Go to <a href="https://developer.android.com/studio/">https://developer.android.com/studio/</a>
- 2. in the middle of your screen click on Download Android Studio
- if the correct os version is not displaying click on download options and download the correct one

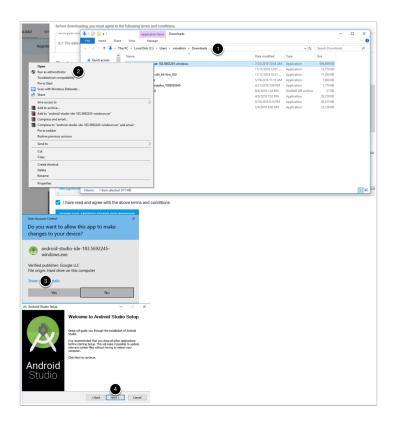


- 1. Check the box next to I have read and agree with the above terms and conditions
- 2. Click on Download android Studio for your platform
- 3. Click on save file when prompted

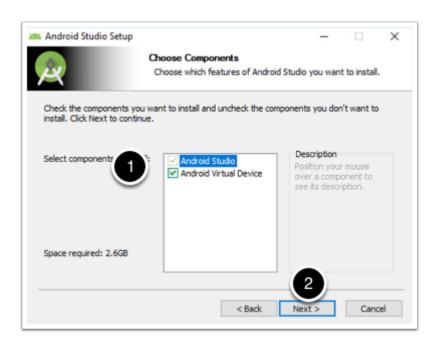


# Windows installation

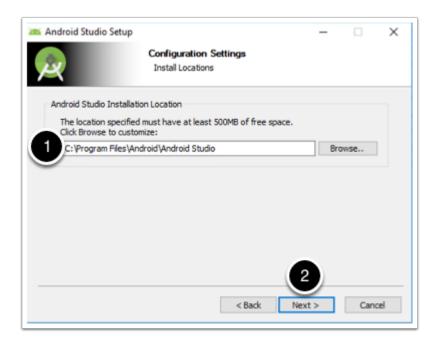
- 1. go to your downloads folder
- 2. right click on your recently downloaded file and click on run as and administrator
- 3. click on yes to allow the installer to make changes to your machine
- 4. Click next on the welcome to android studio setup window



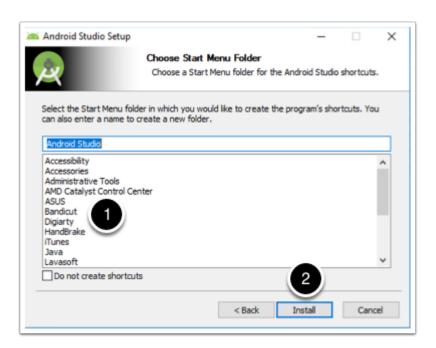
Make sure both Android studio and android virtual device are selected and click next



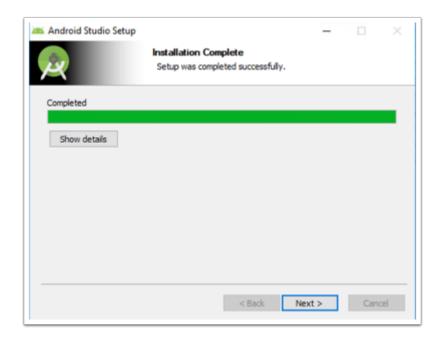
Select your installation location and click next



choose your start menu shortcut configuration and click install



on the installation complete window click next

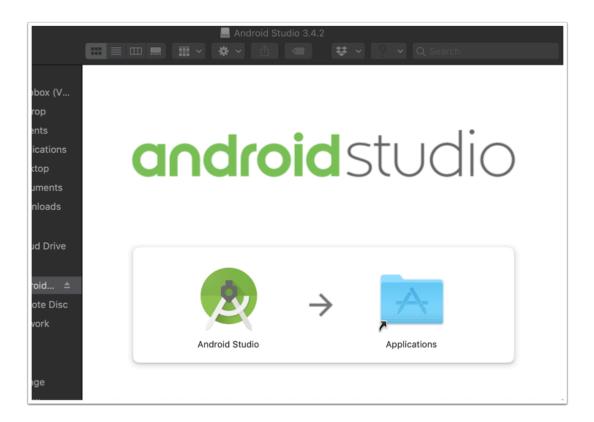


In the completing Android Studio Setup window check the **Start Android Studio** checkbox and click **finish** 

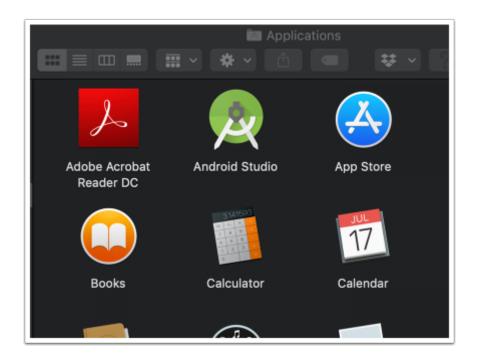


## Mac os installation

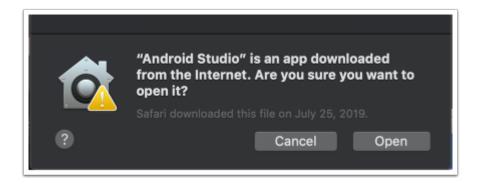
mount and open your downloaded dmg image. Drag the **Android studio** icon into the **Applications** folder.



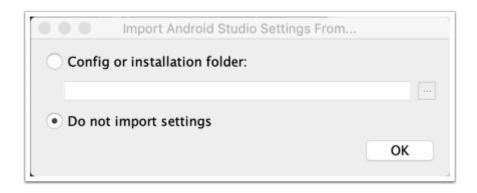
From your applications folder double click your Android Studio icon



Click on Open if you get a security prompt



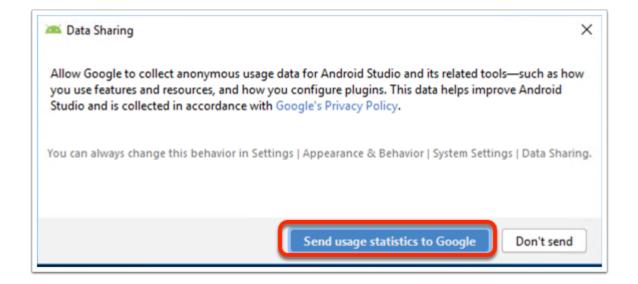
in the Import android Studio settings From.. window select Do not import settings and click ok



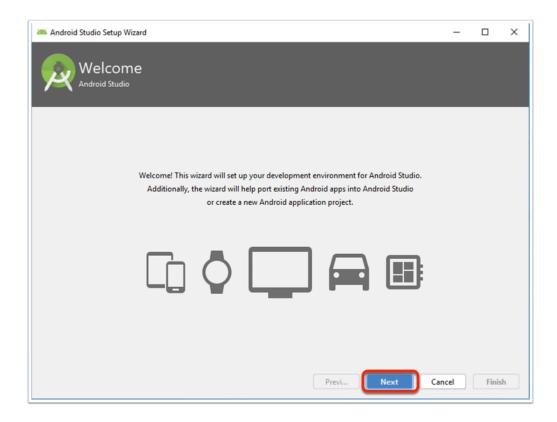
on the Android Setup Wizard, in the Welcome window click **Next**. From this point on you can follow the initial configuration steps, plese ignore anything regarding the HAXM plugin as this has been already installed for you in the initial installation process.

## **Initial configuration**

in the Data Sharing window click on **Send usage statistics to Google** 

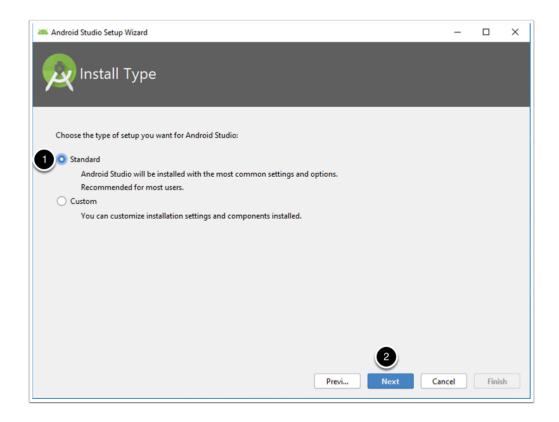


In the android Studio setup wizard, in the Welcome window click Next

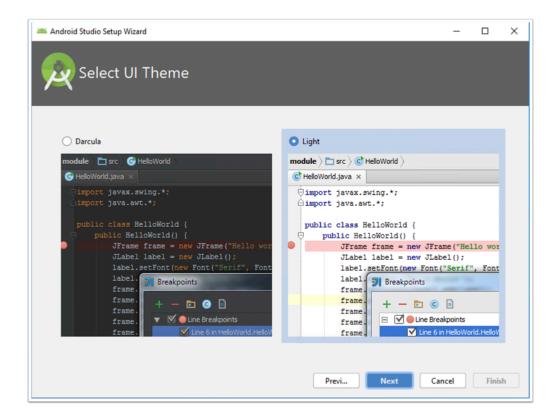


In the Android Studio Setup Wizard in the install type window

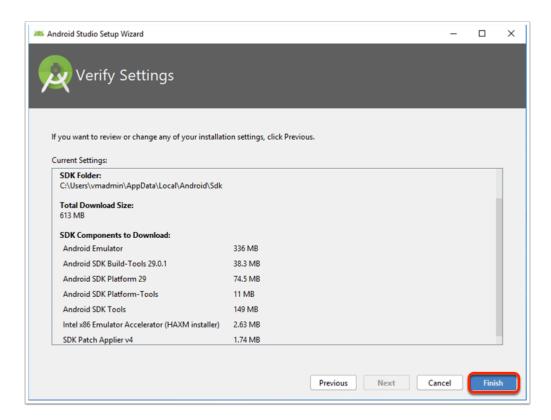
- 1. Make sure Standard setup radio button is selected
- 2. Click Next



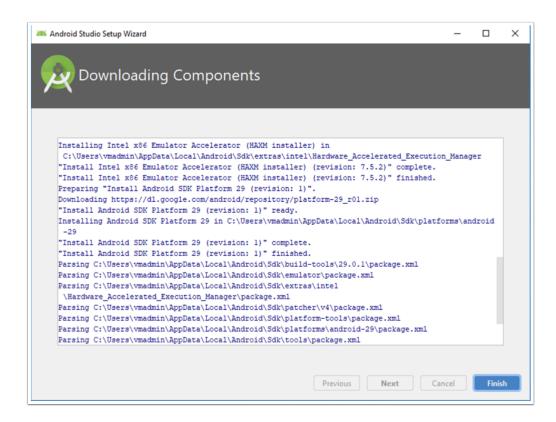
#### Choose your preffered UI theme and click Next



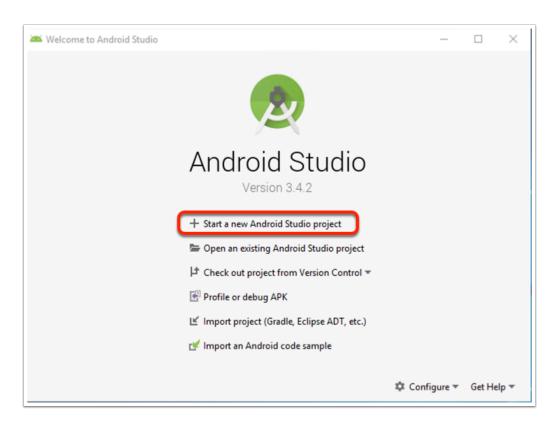
#### On the verify Settings window click Finish



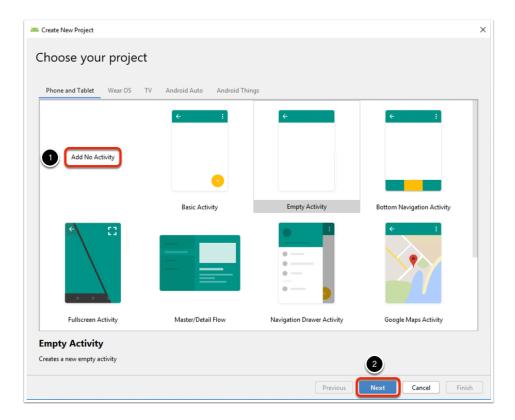
In the Downloading Components window click Finish



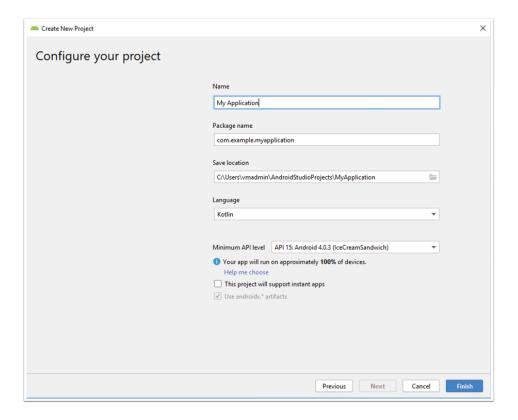
In the Welcome to android studio window click on start a new android project



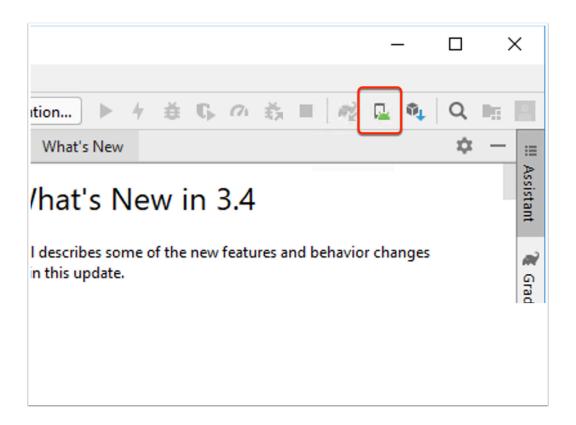
In the choose your project window, choose add no activity and click Next



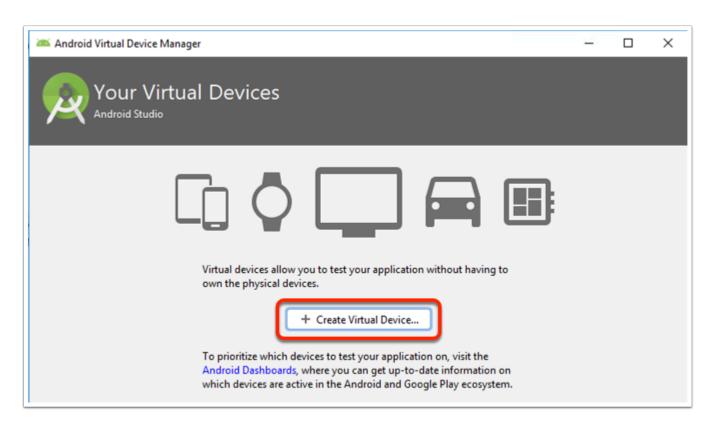
In the configure your project window leave the default settings and click Finish



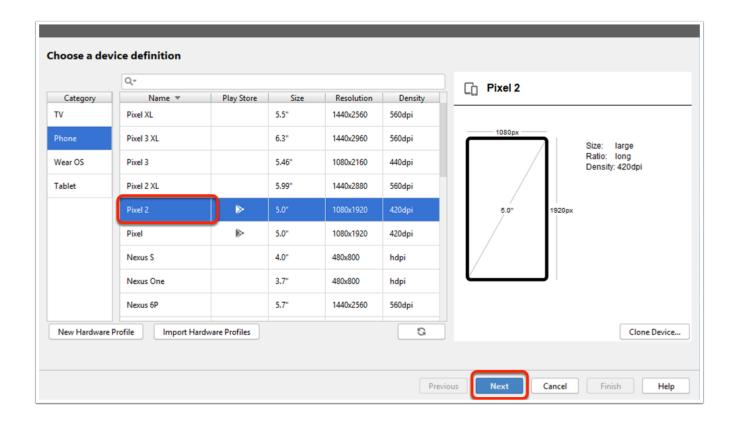
Click on the AVD Manager icon on the toolbar



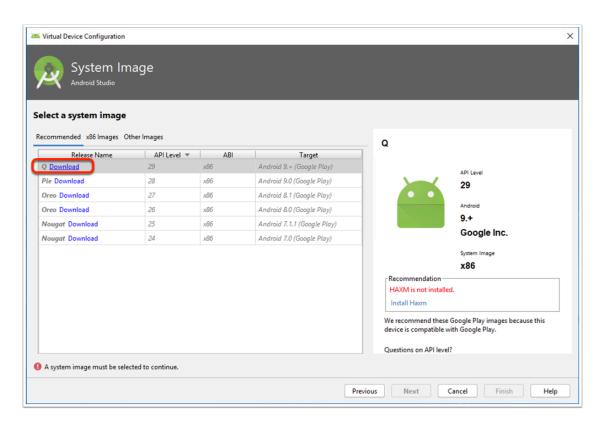
#### Click on Create Virtual Device



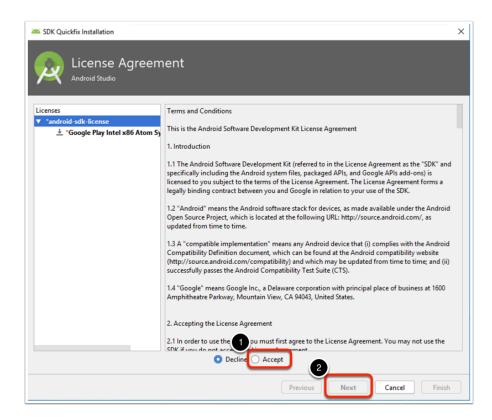
Select the Pixel 2 Image marked with Play Store access and click Next



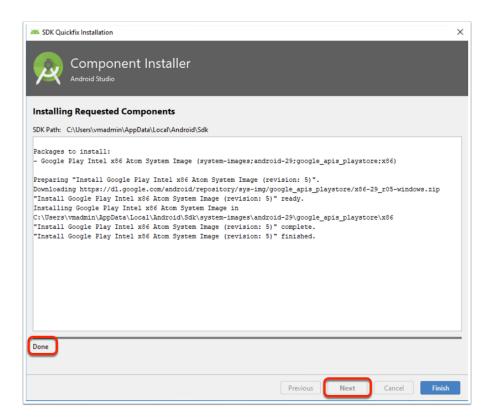
in the release name column click Download next to Q



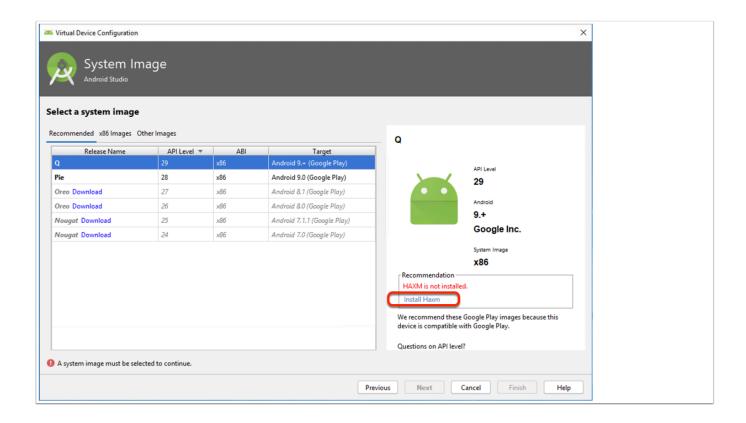
In the license agreement window select the radio button next to I agree and click Next



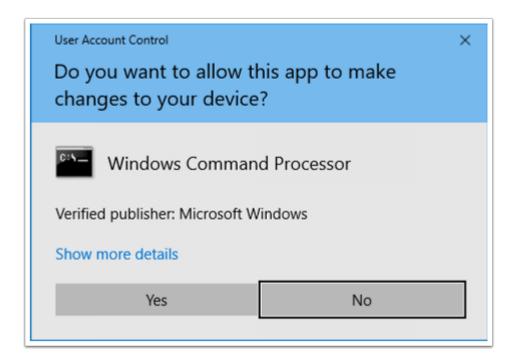
In the Installing Requested Components window Click **Next** when the progress bar shows DONE

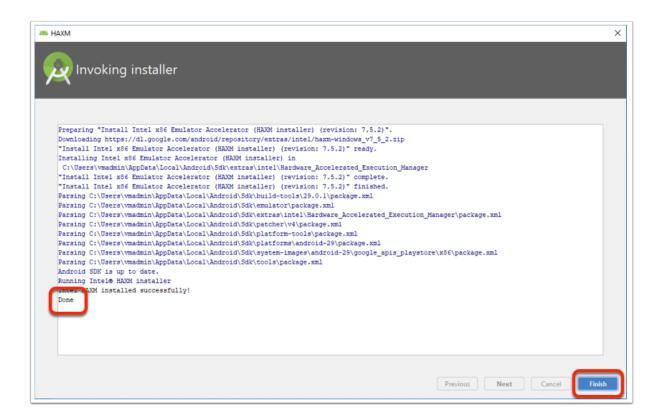


In the Select a system image window click on Install Haxm

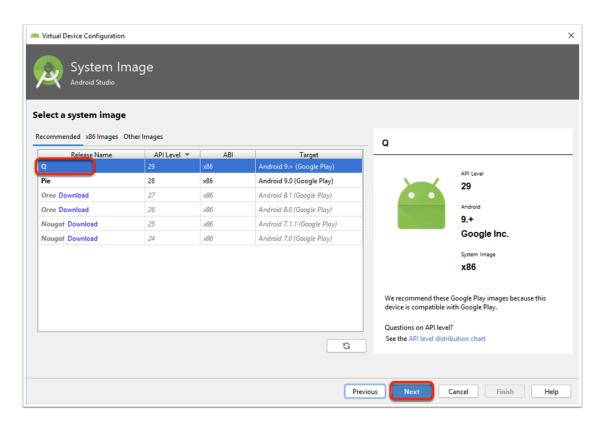


Click Yes to allow windows command processor to make changes to your device

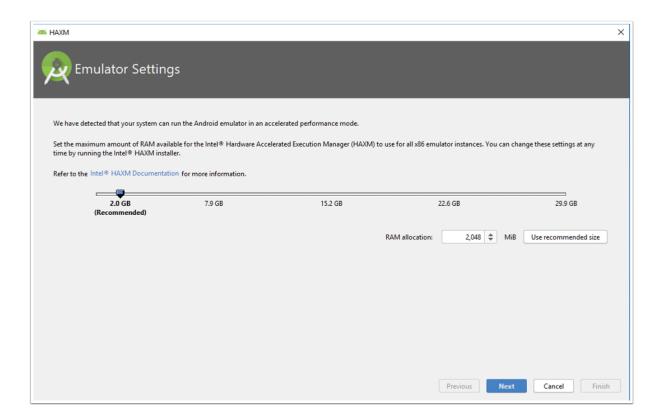




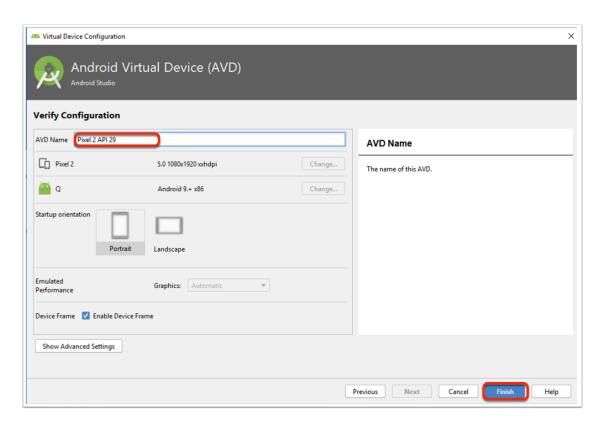
Back in the Select a system image window Select Q and click Next



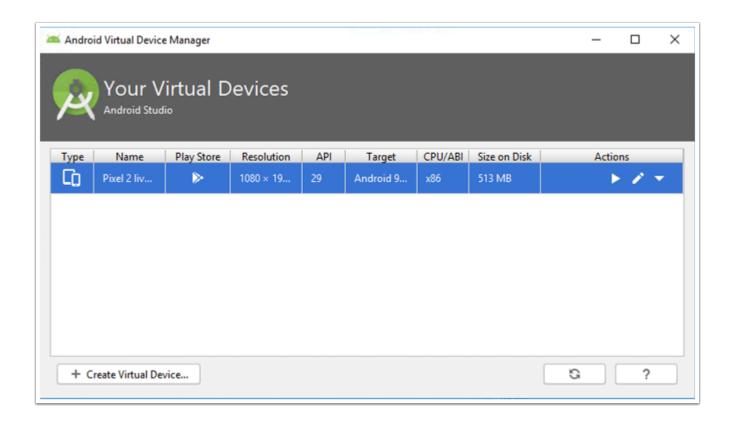
In the emulator settings window, Use the recommended memory settings and click Next



Give a name to your virtual device and click Finish



In your Android virtual device Manager window, in the actions column click on the "Play" icon to start the emulator



Your emulator is ready to use, if you need to restart your device you can hold the power icon to see the power options.



## Day 2

# Citrix Integration with VMware Identity Manager

In this lab you will install and configure the Citrix Integration broker to communicate with the existing on premise Citrix Farm and the VMware Identity Manager SaaS instance

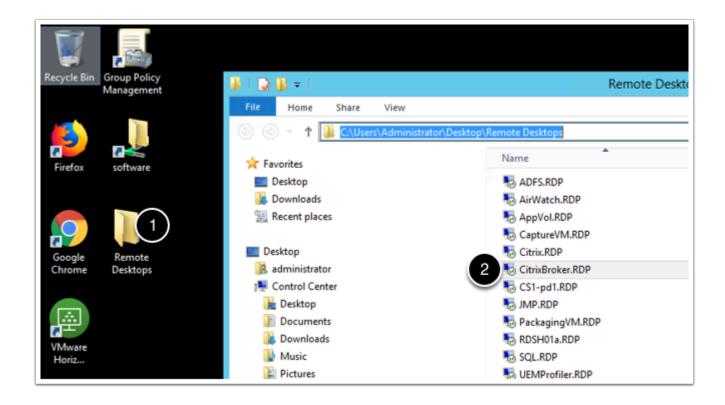
## **Section 1 - Integration broker installation**

### Part 1a - Preparing the integration broker virtual machine

Part 1a has been completed beforehand for your convenience, this material is here for future reference. Please move on to part 1b.

In this part you will install the roles and software requirements for the installation of the Citrix integration broker.

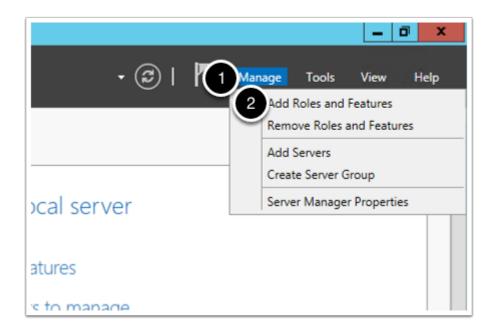
- 1. Log on to your **Controlcenter** virtual machine.
- 2. On your desktop, go to the Remote Desktop folder
- 3. Open citrixbroker.rdp
- 4. Log on with username: euc-livefire\administrator and password: VMware1!



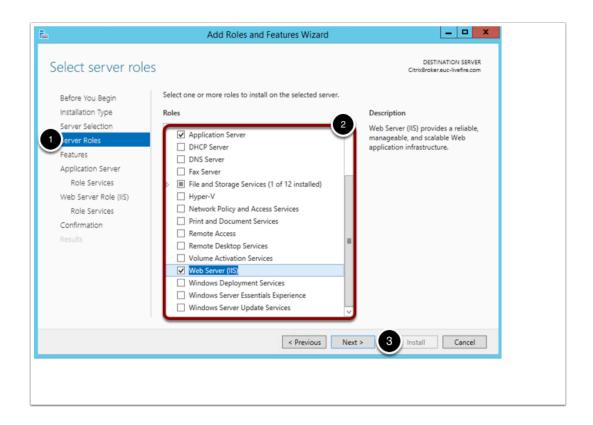
5. In the **Citrix broker** machine go to **Start > Server Manager** 



6. In Server Manager, select Manage > Add Roles and Features

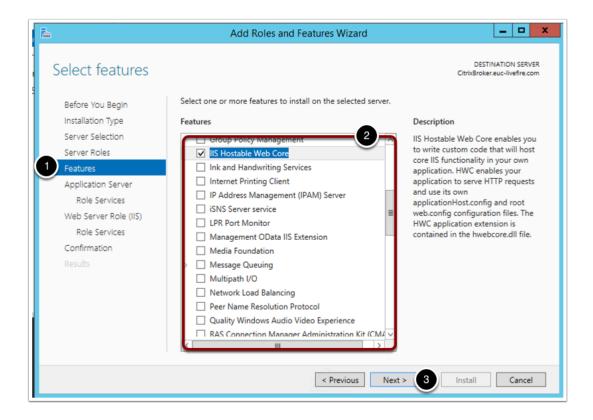


- 7. Click **Next** until you get to the **Server Roles** screen
- 8. Select the following roles:
  - Application Server
  - File and Storage Services (leave as default if selected)
  - Web Server (IIS) (accept any aditional required roles)
- 9. Click Next



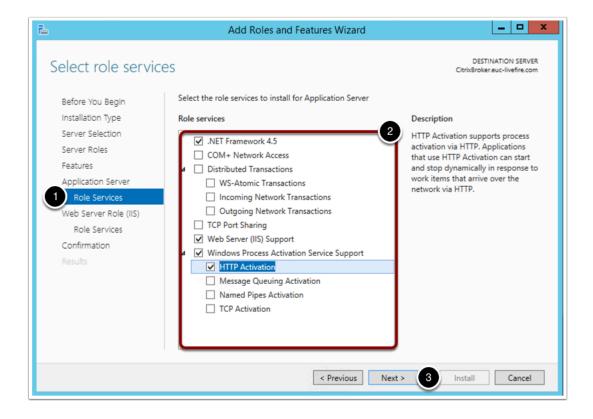
#### 10. In the **Features** window, select the following options:

- .NET Framework 3.5 Features
  - .NET Framework 3.5 (includes .NET 2.0 and 3.0)
  - HTTP Activation (accept any required features)
- IIS Hostable Web Core
- Windows Process Activation Service (leave as default if already selected)
- WinRM IIS Extension (accept any required features)
- 11. Click Next until you reach Application Services Role Services.

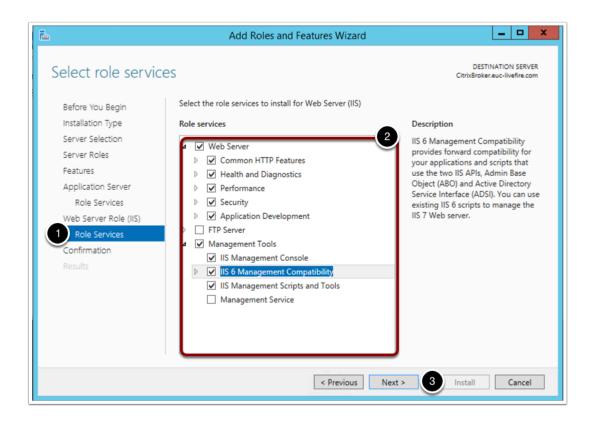


#### 12. Select the following role services:

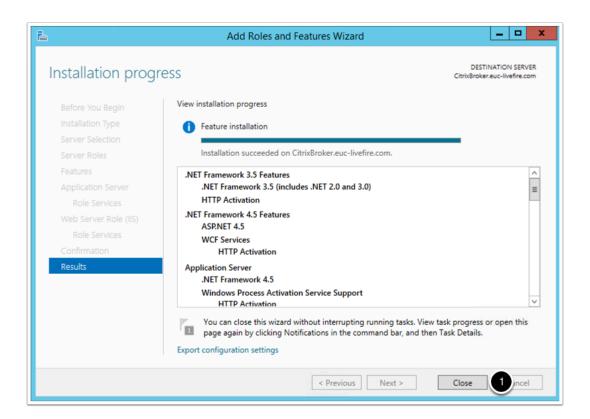
- .NET Framework 4.5 (do not change if preselected)
- Web Server (IIS) Support (accept the installation of any required roles)
- Windows Process Activation Service Support
  - HTTP Activation (accept the installation of any required roles)



- 13. Click Next until you reach the Web Server Role (IIS) Role Services page.
- 14. Select the following services:
- Web Server (Accept the default selections)
- Management Tools
  - IIS Management Console
  - IIS 6 Management Compatibility
- 15. Click Next then Install.



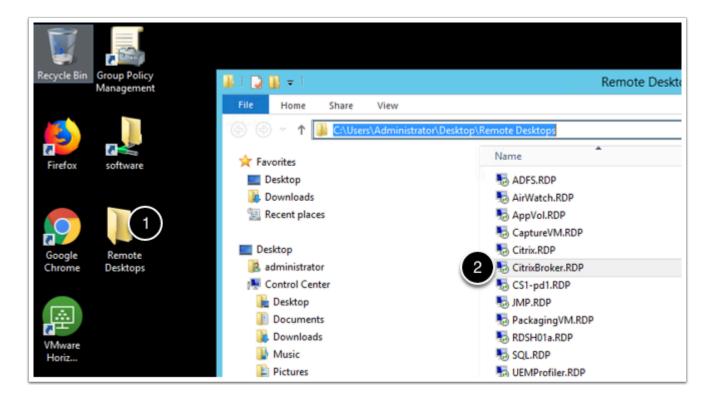
16. Click Close when the installation finishes.



## Part 1b - Integration broker installation

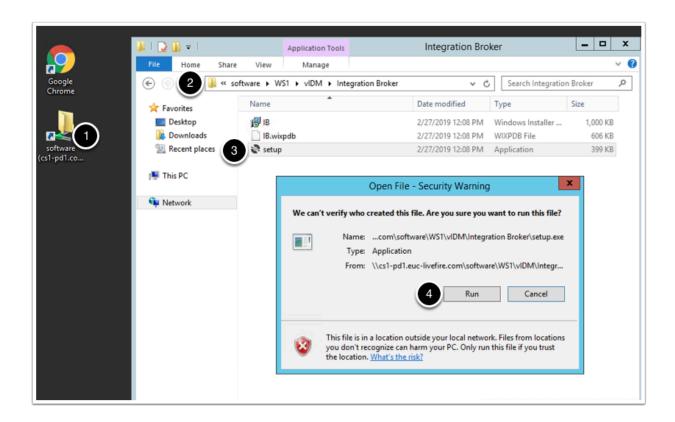
Connect to your citrixbroker virtualmachine

- 1. Log on to your **Controlcenter** virtual machine.
- 2. On your desktop, go to the Remote Desktop folder
- 3. Open citrixbroker.rdp
- 4. Log on with username: euc-livefire\administrator and password: VMware1!

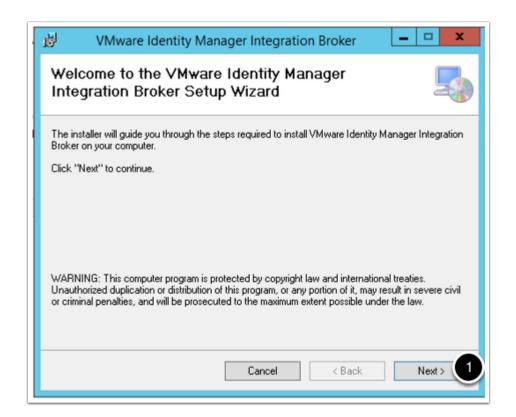


In this part you install the integration broker software

- 5. from the **Citrixbroker** virtual machine's desktop, go to the **Software** folder shortcut.
- 6. Navigate to \software\VIDM\IntegrationBroker-19.03.0-13221855
- 7. Run Setup.exe, in the security warning window click Run



#### 8. Click **Next** on the **Welcome** screen

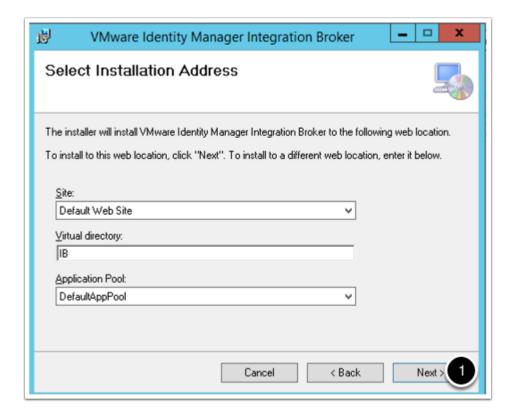


#### 9. Agree to the End User License Agreement

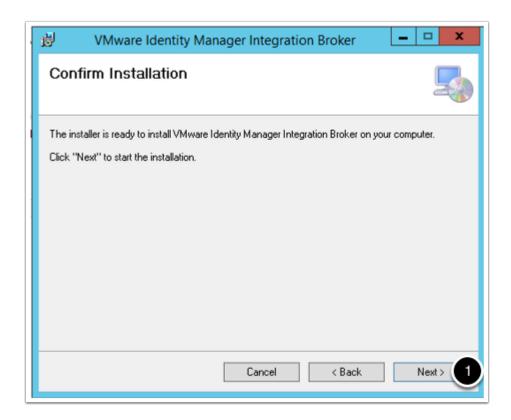
#### 10. Click Next



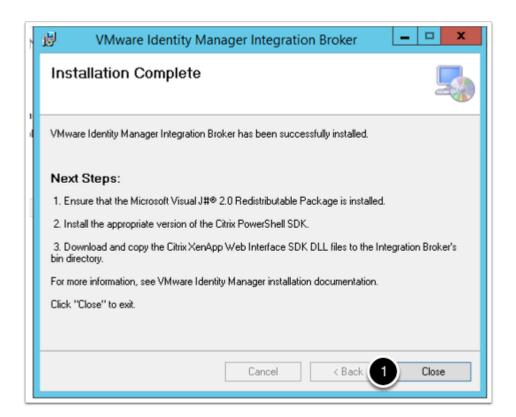
11. Leave the default settings and click Next.



12. Click Next on the Confirm installation windows.



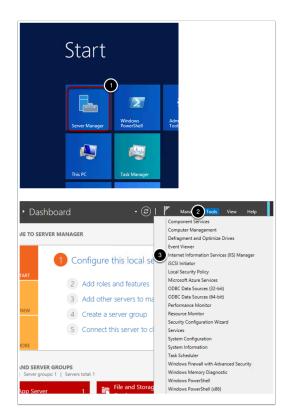
13. Click on Close on the Installation Complete window.



## **Part 1c - IIS Configuration**

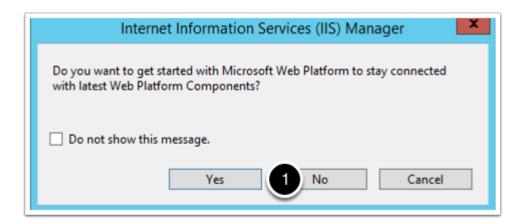
1. Click Start > Server Manager.

2. In Server Manager, select **Tools** > **Internet Information Services (IIS) Manager**.

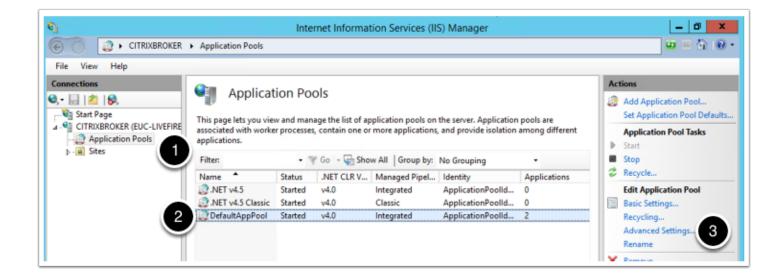


3. In the left pane, click **Citrixbroker > Application Pools**.

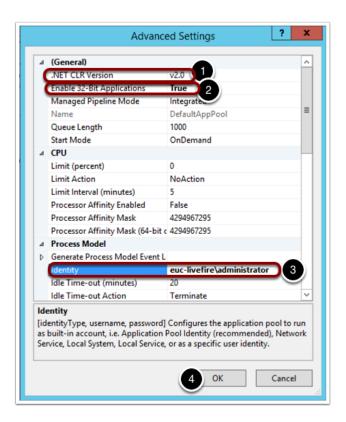
Click No in the Microsoft Web Platform pop up message if prompted



- 4. Select the **DefaultAppPool**
- 5. Click Advanced Settings in the right pane.



- 8. Set .NET CLR Version value to 2.0
- 9. Set value **Enable 32-bit Applications** to True
- 10. Set **identity** value to euc-livefire\administrator
- 11. Click OK
- 12. Leave **IIS manager** open for the next step

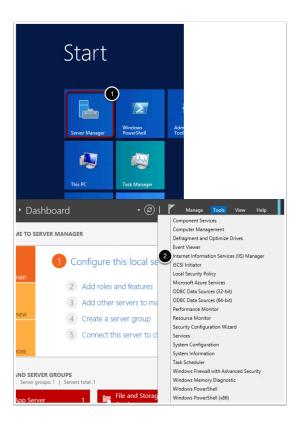


## Part 1d - Self signed certificate creation

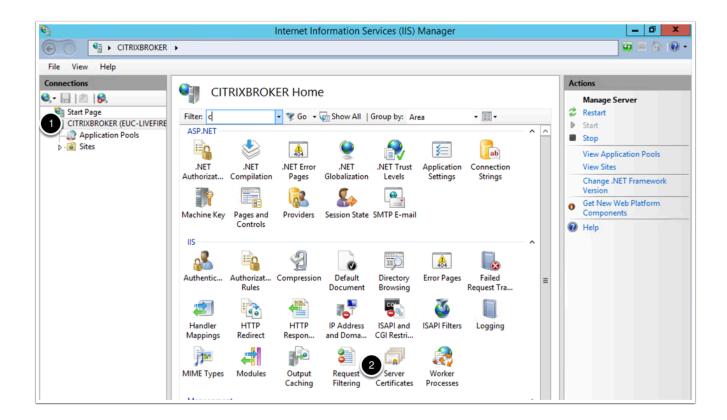
In this part you create a self signed certificate for the ssl communication with citrix storefront

#### Open the **IIS manager** if it is not open already

- 1. Go to **Start** > Server Manager
- 2. Go to **Tools** > Internet Information Services Manager



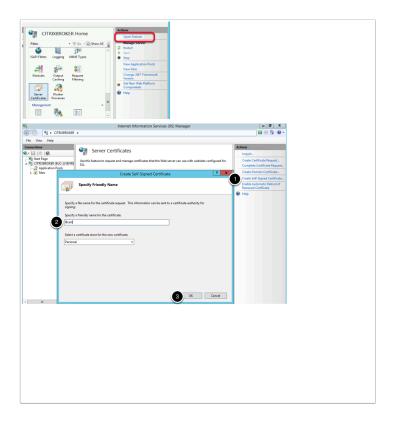
- 3. In your left pane click on the **Citrixbroker** object
- 4. Navigate to **Server Certificates** in the center pane



5. On your right pane go to Actions > Open Feature

**Under Actions** select **Create Self signed certificate** 

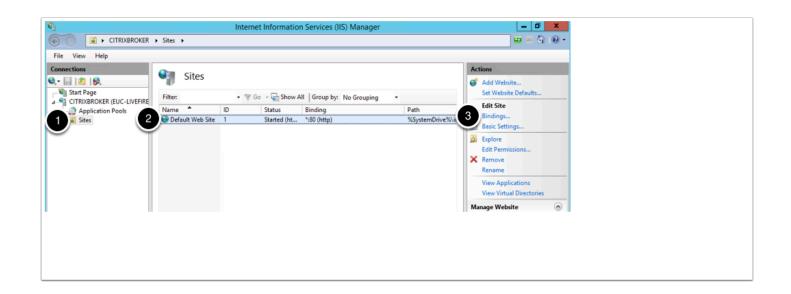
- 6. in the Create Self-Signed Certificate window, write IBcert as a name for the certificate
- 7. Click OK.
- 8. Leave the IIS Manager window open for the next steps



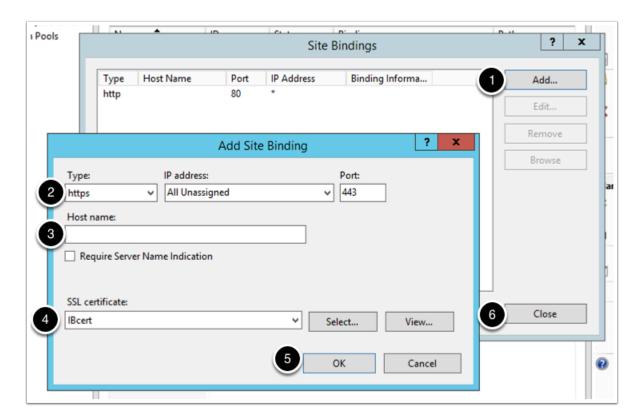
## part 1e - Site binding configuration

Open the **IIs Manager** if not opened already

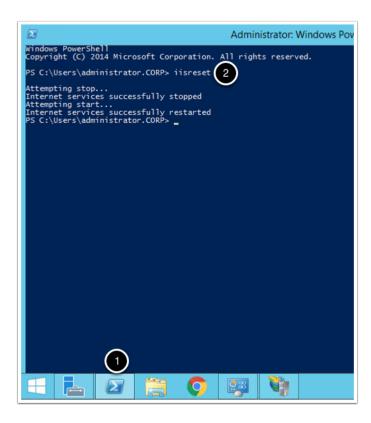
- 1. On the **IIS Manager** click on **Sites**
- 2. Click on the **Default Web Site**
- 3. In the right pane, under **Edit Site** select Bindings



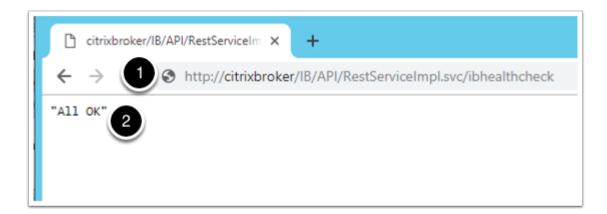
- 4. On the Site Bindings window click on Add
- 5. On **Type** select **HTTPS**
- 6. Make sure the **Host Name** field is empty
- 7. In the **Ssl Certificate** drop down menu choose the **IBcert** certificate you created on previous steps
- 8. Click **OK** on the **add site binding** window
- 9. Click Close on the site binding window



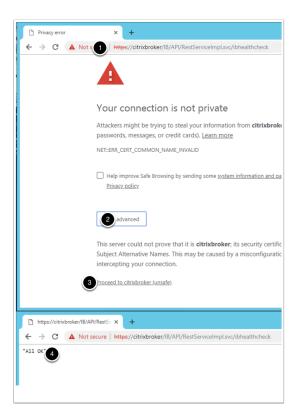
- 10. Open a **powershell** or **command line** window.
- 11. Run the iisreset command



12. In your **Controlcenter** VM open a chrome browser and type <a href="http://citrixbroker/IB/API/RestServiceImpl.svc/ibhealthcheck">http://citrixbroker/IB/API/RestServiceImpl.svc/ibhealthcheck</a>, you should see an "ALL OK" message.

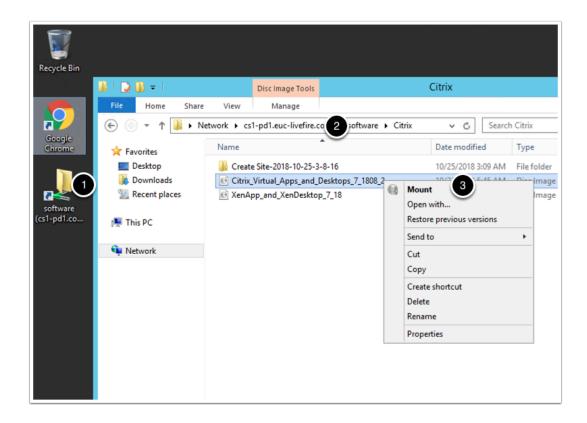


- 13. Now type https://citrixbroker/IB/API/RestServiceImpl.svc/ibhealthcheck
- 14. Click on Advanced
- 15. Click on Proceed To Citrix Broker
- 16. You should get an "ALL OK" message



## part 1f - citrix components installation

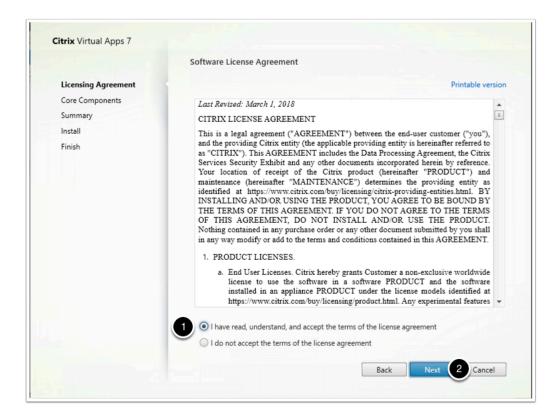
- 1. On your **Citrixbroker** machine, open the **Software** folder
- 2. Navigate to **Software** > Citrix
- 3. Right click and mount the citrix virtual apps and desktops ISO.



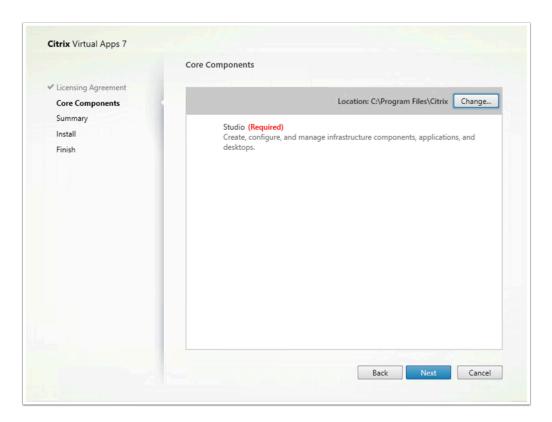
- 4. In the newly mounted drive navigate to autoselect
- 5. Click on **Start** next to **virtual apps**
- 6. Click on Citrix studio



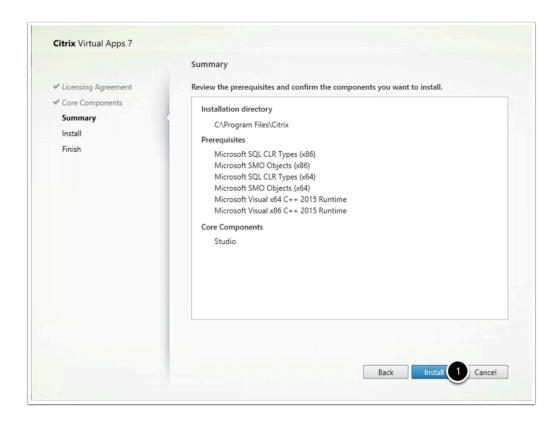
#### 7. Accept the software license agreement and click NEXT



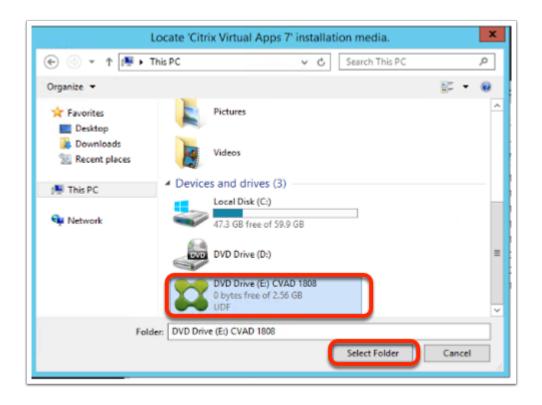
#### 8. Click **Next** on the **core component** window



#### 9. Click install on the Summary window

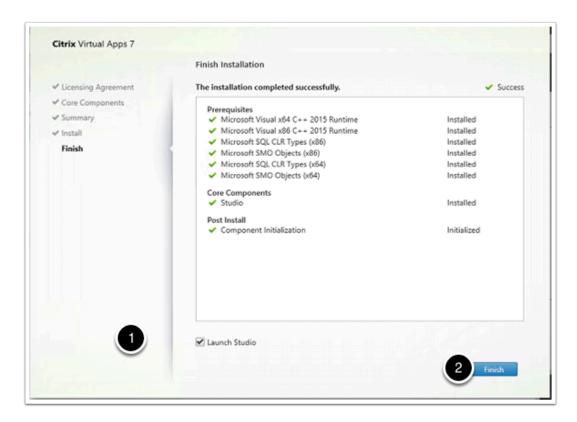


- 10. if your vm restarts during the installation process, please follow steps 1-3 of part 1f before proceeding.
- 11. in the "locate Citrix Virtual Apps 7 Installatation Media" window, locate you mounted image and click on "Select Folder"

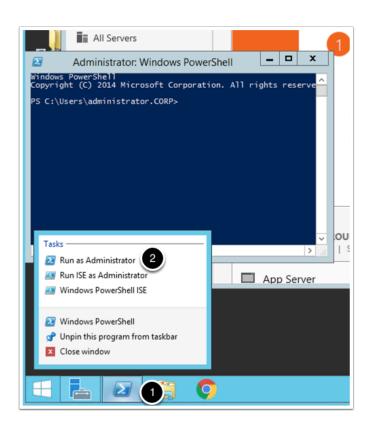


#### 12. Uncheck "launch studio"

#### 13. Click Finish. Allow the machine to restart if requested



- 14. On your Citrixbroker vm, on your task bar right click on the powershell icon
- 15. Click run as administrator



16. On your powershell windows type Add-PSSnapin Citrix\*

#### 17. Type Get-BrokerDesktopGroup -AdminAddress Citrix.euc-livefire.com

you should get an output similar to this: **AppDisks** : {} AppDnaAnalysisState AppDnaCompatibility AutomaticPowerOnForAssigned : True AutomaticPowerOnForAssignedDuringPeak: False ColorDepth : TwentyFourBit ConfigurationSlotUids : {} DeliveryType : DesktopsAndApps Description DesktopKind : Shared DesktopsAvailable : 1 DesktopsDisconnected : 0 DesktopsFaulted : 0 DesktopsInUse : 0 DesktopsNeverRegistered : 0 DesktopsPreparing : 0 DesktopsUnregistered : 0 Enabled : True : 1 IconUid InMaintenanceMode : False : False IsRemotePC LicenseModel MachineConfigurationNames : {} MachineConfigurationUids : {} MetadataMap : {} MinimumFunctionalLevel :L7 9 Name : standard delivery group

EUC: Advanced Integrations - 2019

OffPeakBufferSizePercent

Manual Export Date: 2020-08-18 20:18:52 +0000

:10

OffPeakDisconnectAction : Nothing

OffPeakDisconnectTimeout : 0

OffPeakExtendedDisconnectAction : Nothing

OffPeakExtendedDisconnectTimeout : 0

OffPeakLogOffAction : Nothing

OffPeakLogOffTimeout : 0

PeakBufferSizePercent : 10

PeakDisconnectAction : Nothing

PeakDisconnectTimeout : 0

PeakExtendedDisconnectAction : Nothing

PeakExtendedDisconnectTimeout : 0

PeakLogOffAction : Nothing

PeakLogOffTimeout : 0

ProductCode :

ProtocolPriority : {}

PublishedName : standard delivery group

ReuseMachinesWithoutShutdownInOutage: False

Scopes :

SecureIcaRequired : False

SessionSupport : MultiSession

Sessions : 0

SettlementPeriodBeforeAutoShutdown : 00:00:00

SettlementPeriodBeforeUse : 00:00:00

ShutdownDesktopsAfterUse : False

Tags : {}

TenantId :

TimeZone : Pacific Standard Time

TotalApplicationGroups : 0

TotalApplications : 3

TotalDesktops : 1

TurnOnAddedMachine : True

UUID : 9c5c2e43-85f4-4c20-8ed4-20f323c9544a

Uid : 2

ZonePreferences : {ApplicationHome, UserHome, UserLocation}

18. Type **Get-ConfigSite -AdminAddress Citrix.euc-livefire.com**, you should get an output similar to this:

ConfigurationLoggingServiceGroupUid : 5d466dbe-9f03-49e6-a5d1-4fc4cb5a17bd

ConfigurationServiceGroupUid : b2456fbb-c9cb-4445-b0ae-dadc70e7a1de

DelegatedAdministrationServiceGroupUid: 4e794a98-a86d-46d9-b0f3-34c20b28bc12

LicenseServerName : citrix.euc-livefire.com

LicenseServerPort : 27000

LicenseServerUri : https://citrix.euc-livefire.com:8083/

LicensingBurnIn : 2018.0815

LicensingBurnInDate : 8/14/2018 5:00:00 PM

LicensingModel : Concurrent

MetadataMap : {[CertificateHash,

OU6gnsHLtsTWxKlbQdQ9a5PwnrXwtW6VhKyVbMWfgluHrPwPrJ7AOA5WoKd

CLWbfveYPtpCTM+1BCf2ajnNE2Q==],

[Citrix\_DesktopStudio\_License\_Is\_XD\_Apps\_Edition, False],

[Citrix\_StoreFront\_Cluster\_Id, 195c6821-b6aa-4000-be22-f013375f4aec],

[ConfiguredComponents, Admin Config Log Acct Hyp AppLib Prov Broker

Lic

Monitor Pvs Sf Trust EnvTest AppV Analytics Orch]...}

PrimaryZoneName : Primary

PrimaryZoneUid : 66798896-2967-4465-9067-8608775d7a9e

ProductCode : MPS

ProductEdition : ADV

ProductVersion : 7.19

SiteGuid : a5e6adb4-e71c-4397-a34e-a4404e556821

SiteName : London

19. from yourcontrolcenter vm, in your chrome browser go to https://citrixbroker/IB/API/RestServiceImpl.svc/hznxenapp/admin/xenfarminfo?computerName=citrix&xenappversion=Version7x

you should get an output similar to this:

5:00:00

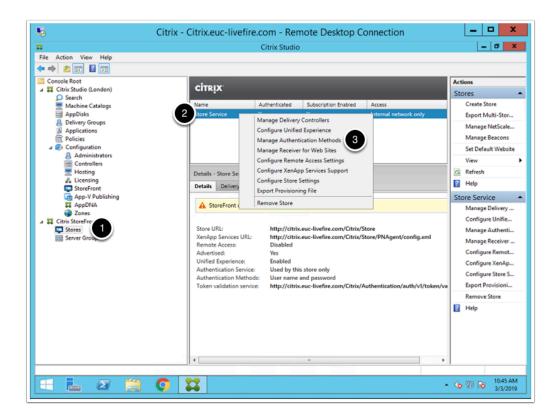
"[{\"ConfigurationLoggingServiceGroupUid\":\"5d466dbe-9f03-49e6-a5d1-4fc4cb5a17bd\",\"Configura c9cb-4445-b0ae-

dadc70e7a1de\",\"DelegatedAdministrationServiceGroupUid\":\"4e794a98-a86d-46d9-b0f3-34c20b28 livefire.com\",\"LicenseServerPort\":\"27000\",\"LicenseServerUri\":\"https:\/\/citrix.euc-livefire.com:8083\/\",\"LicensingBurnIn\":\"2018.0815\",\"LicensingBurnInDate\":\"8\/14\/2018

PM'', '' Licensing Model '': '' Concurrent '', '' Metadata Map '': '' System. Collections. Generic. Dictionary ' 2[Sa4404e556821'', '' SiteName '': '' London '']''

if you get anything starting with "exception name" or, an http error please check your url.

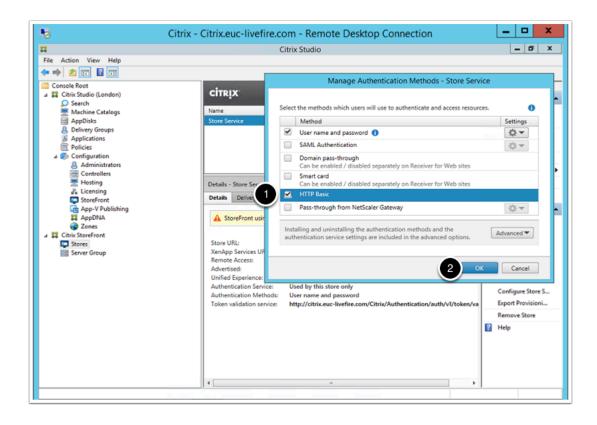
- 20. On the **ControlCenter** server. Open the **Remote Desktop** folder open **citrix.rdp** and open **citrix studio** from the **Start Menu**
- 21. In the left pane navigate to Citrix Storefront > stores
- 22. In the main pane, right click on store service, and click manage authentication methods



#### 23. Check HTTP basic

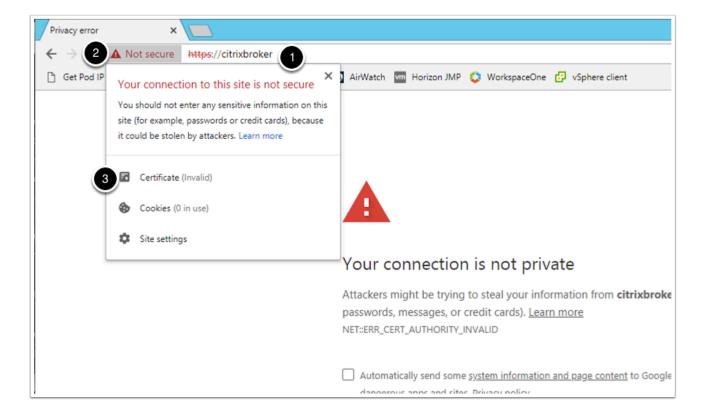
#### 24. Click Ok

#### 25. Close all windows

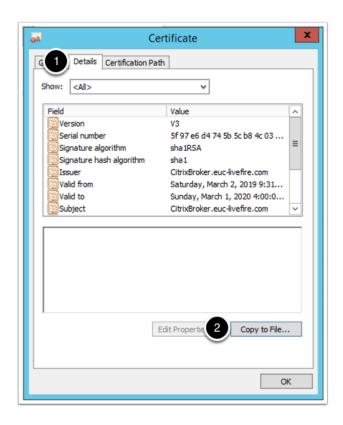


### part 1g - certificate export

- 1. From your **Controlcenter** vm open the chrome browser and type **https://citrixbroker** on the address bar
- 2. Right click on "not secure"
- 3. Click on Certificate



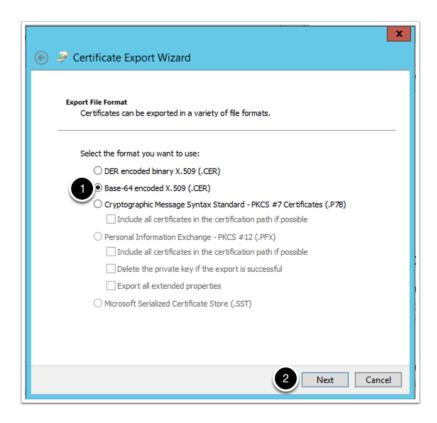
- 4. On the certificate window, go to the details tab
- 5. Click copy to file



#### 6. In the Certificate Export Wizard window, click Next



- 7. Click on Base-64 enconded x.509 (.CER)
- 8. Click Next



9. Click on **Browse** and point to your desktop, and save the certificate with the name **ibcert**.

#### 10. Click Next



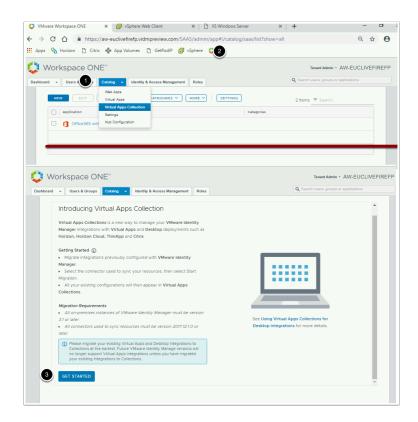
#### 11. click Finish



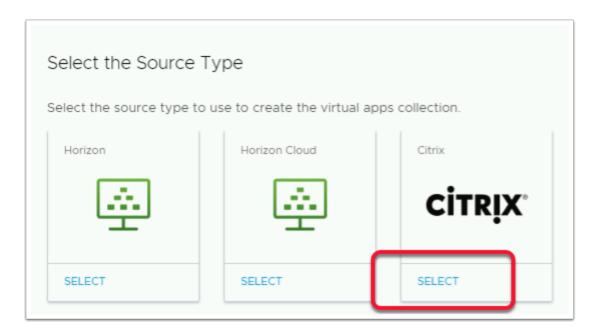
### **Section 2 - VMware Identity Manager Configuration**

### Part 1 - Configuring virtual app collection

- 1. Go to your identity manager tenant url, and login with your administrator user.
- 2. in the administration console navigate to Catalog > Virtual Apps Collection
- 3. Select **GET STARTED** if prompted

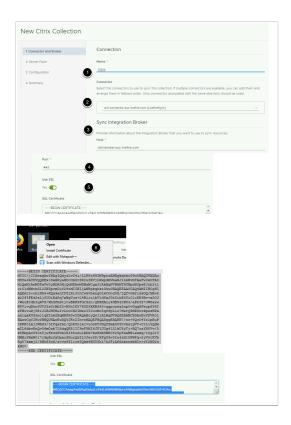


4. On the **Select the Source Type** page in the **Citrix Box** select the **SELECT** hyperlink



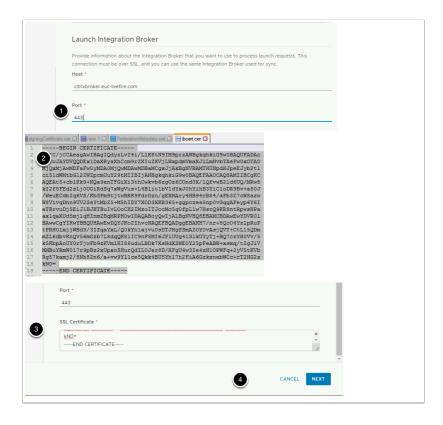
- 5. In the New Citrix Collection window, in Section 1 Connector and Broker
- 1. Next to **Name** type **Citrix**
- Under Connector accept the default connector that being ws1-Connector.euc-livefire.com (LivefireSync)
- 3. In the Sync Intergration Broker section, under Host type citrixbroker.euc-livefire.com
- 4. Under **Port** type 443

- 5. Under **Use SSL** change the radio button from **No** to **Yes**
- 6. Go back to your desktop and **open** the **ibcert** file saved in Part 1G with Notepad++ . **Copy** the contents of the **ibcert** file.
  - Under SSL Certificate paste the contents into the box



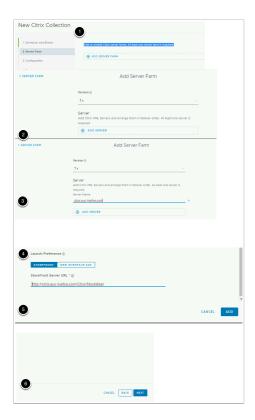
### 6. In Section 1 Connector and Broker, under Launch integration broker

- 1. Under **Host** type **citrixbroker.euc-livefire.com**
- 2. Under Port type 443
- 3. Copy the contents of the **ibcert** file and Paste the **ssl certificate field**
- 4. In the **New Citrix Collection** window select **Next**



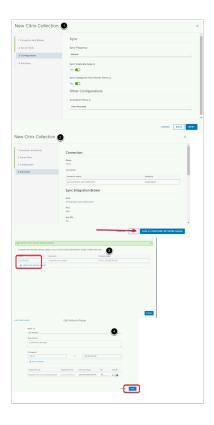
#### 7. In the New Citrix Collection window, in Section 2 Server Farm

- Under Add or modify Citrix server farms. At least one server farm is required. select the + ADD SERVER FARM
- 2. On the Add Server Farm window select +ADD SERVER
- 3. Under Server Name type citrix.euc-livefire.com
- 4. Under the Launch Preference,
  - Verify STOREFRONT is selected
  - Under StoreFront Server URL type <a href="http://citrix.euc-livefire.com/Citrix/StoreWeb/">http://citrix.euc-livefire.com/Citrix/StoreWeb/</a>
- Select ADD
- 6. In the New Citrix Collection window select NEXT



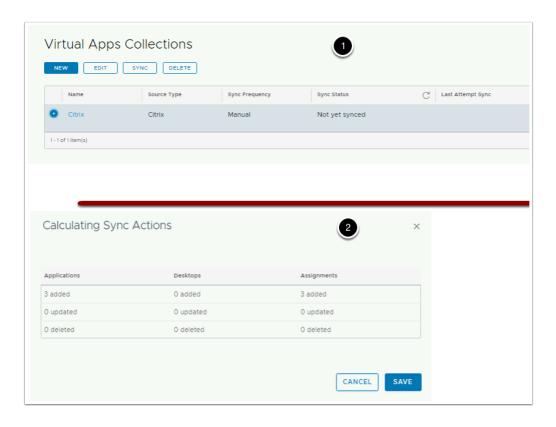
#### 7. In the New Citrix Collection window

- 1. in Section 3. Configuration Accept the the default values and select NEXT
- 2. Section 4. Summary
  - Select SAVE & CONFIGURE NETWORK RANGE
- 3. On the **Network Ranges** window select **ALL RANGES**
- 4. Observe the defaults, in this lab there is no requirement to make changes, Select CANCEL.
- 5. You will land back at the Virtual Apps Collection Page



8.

- In the Virtuals APPs Collections window
  - 1. Select the radio button next to Citrix, Select the **SYNC** button
  - 2. On the Calculating Sync Actions page select SAVE



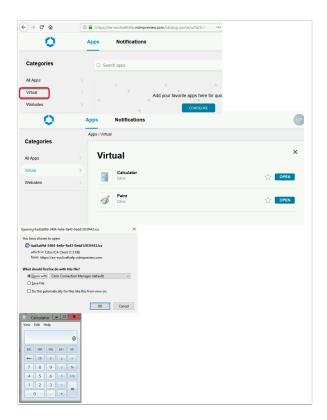
#### Part 2 - Verification

- 1. From your **ControlCenter** machine's **chrome** browser open your custom **Vmware identity Manager** SaaS tenant url
- 2. Log in with your **user1** credential, in the **euc-livefire.com** authentication domain with the password VMware1!



3.

- 1. In the Web based Hub interface under Categories select Virtual
- 2. Under the Virtual Category next Calculator select OPEN
- 3. If you are in Mozilla Firefox you will be prompted with **What Should Firefox do with this file? Accept the default** and select **OK**
- 4. You can now observe the integration of Citrix into VMware Identity Manager.



# OKTA Integration with Workspace ONE Access

#### Scenario and Objectives of this Lab Module

We will come into to many existing environments and they will already have existing Federations in place. We will see what is required when the customer has **OKTA** Federated with existing Applications.

**OKTA** sees **Workspace ONE Access** as their go to market solution for cross-platform SSO solutions and have officially deprecated the MDM component in favour of using Workspace ONE

In this scenario **OKTA** could be the first point of call and we would use **Workspace ONE Access** to authenticate and provide SSO access to mobile devices and **Workspace ONE UEM** to manage compliance

Please note we will complete the testing of this lab in the latter part of this course once we have **Mobile SSO for Android** and **Mobile SSO for IOS** for **Workspace ONE Access**.

#### This lab is comprised of 5 parts

- Part 1. Configuring an **OKTA** individual developer account.
- Part 2. Federating **OKTA** with **Workspace ONE Access.**
- Part 3. Federating **BambooHR** with **OKTA**.
- Part 4. Configuring **Workspace ONE Access** to be an **OKTA** application source.

Note! After we have setup Single Sign On for Android and IOS. We will then Configure Conditional Access policies in Workspace One UEM, then we will test the integrations for SSO through **OKTA**, **VMware Identity Manger** and **Workspace ONE UEM**.

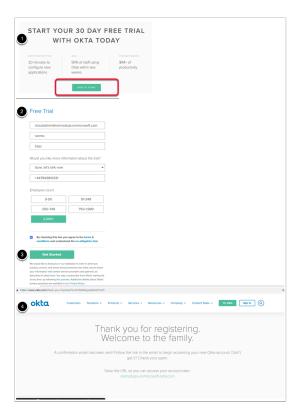
Just a reminder that when creating custom Accounts. Be sure to write down the exact details related to this account. One suggestion might be to standardize on passwords and keep the password as simple as possible, to ensure success of these labs. In the future if you have concerns related to accessing these accounts feel free to reset the passwords.

Failure to follow these guidelines could result in being locked out of your tenant and you would then have to take for responsibility for regaining access leading to a loss of time.

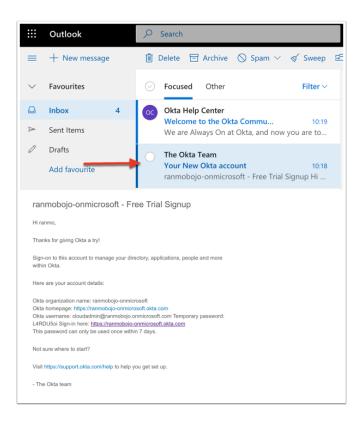
### Part 1. Setting up an OKTA Overview free trial

- 1. Setting up an OKTA Overview free trial (PART 1)
- In this section we will register a 30 day free trial with OKTA account that we will use for this lab. It can be used beyond the scope of this lab as well and does not expire.

- Open your Chrome Browser on the Control Center and browse to https://www.okta.com/free-trial/# On the START YOUR 30 DAY FREE TRIAL WITH OKTA TODAY page select SIGN UP TODAY
- 2. Fill in the **Free Trial** Form
  - Using either a work e-mail address or your custom office365 CloudAdmin email account eg. cloudadmin@ranmobojo.onmicrosoft.com. Fill in your first and last name
    - Do not use a EUC-Livefire.com email address.
  - 2. In the drop down Would you like more information about the trial? select Yes....
  - 3. In the phone area type a valid phone number
  - 4. Under Employee count select a one the numbered check boxes
- 3. Select Get Started
- 4. Notice you have a **Thank You for registering. Welcome to the family.** NB! NOTE the url and save your unique URL to notepad e.g. ranmobojo-onmicrosoft.okta.com



- Go to Office 365. Log-in to office.com with your Cloud Admin account and check your office 365 email. Open your email from the The Okta Team
- · Click on the sign in here URL



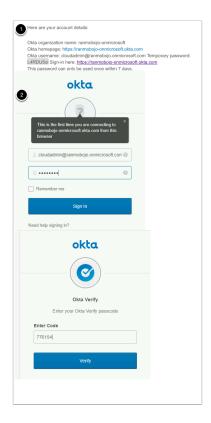
- In the Login console use your Okta username the temporary password. Select Sign In.
   On the Welcome window ,
  - 1. Enter and Confirm your new password,
  - 2. Choose a forgot password question and Answer
  - 3. Click a picture to choose a security image
  - 4. Select Create My Account
  - 5. On the **Set up multifactor Authentication** page select **Setup**
  - 6. On the **Setup Okta Verify** page. Complete the following
    - 1. Choose your device type. (either windows, Android or IOS) In this setup we will demonstrate Android .
    - 2. **Download and install** the Okta Verify Application. When done open the Okta Verify application on your Device.
    - 3. Select Next
  - 7. On the Scan Barcode, page using your device Scan your Barcode and select Next
  - 8. On the **Enter Code** page, enter your device Code and select **Verify**
  - 9. On the **Getting Started with Okta** window notice you now have a 30 day trial of OKTA. Browse around to familiarize with the Console.



• To complete our setup we will setup Directory sync with your EUC-Livefire Active Directory Domain you and your OKTA environment.

Log into your "on-prem" lab environment as euc-livefire.com\administrator with the password VMware1!

- 1. On the **ControlCenter2** server open your **chrome browser** and copy **OKTA url** on the ControlCenter server. e.g. https://ranmobojo-onmicrosoft.okta.com/
- Sign in with your **OKTA admin console** with your OKTA *username* and *password* select Sign In
- 3. Use your Okta Verify Code to sign in



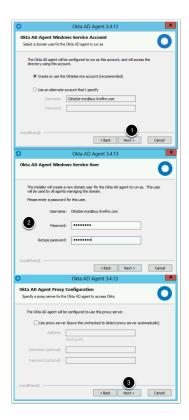
- 1. In the Okta Admin console select **Directory** > **Directory Integrations**
- In the **Directory Integrations** interface, bottom right-hand corner, select **Add AD Domain/**Agent
- 3. Select **Set Up Active Directory** in the bottom right-hand corner
- 4. Select Download Agent,
- 5. Note the *installation information* on your admin Console, you will use this information when installing the agent.



- in your control center VM Select the downloaded OktaADAgentSetup.exe and select Open select Run
- 2. On the downloaded Okta AD Agent, select Next
- 3. On the **Installation options** window select **Install**
- 4. In the Select AD Domain window accept your default Domain and select Next



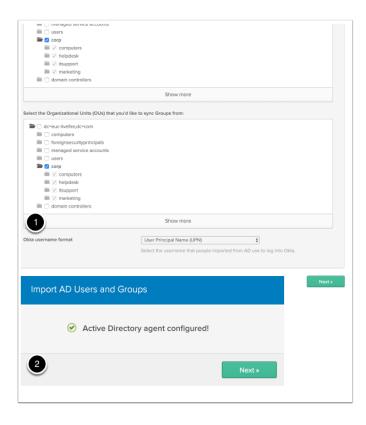
- 1. On the Okta AD Agent Windows Service Account window accept the default, select Next
- On the Okta AD Agent Windows Service User, type and confirm the password, VMware1! select Next
- 3. On the Okta AD Agent Proxy Configuration window, select Next



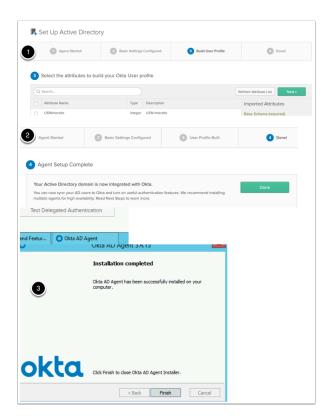
- On the Register Okta AD Agent window, select the Custom radio button, next to Enter Organizational URL: in the Enter Organization URL: box type your Organization URL Select Next
- In the Sign in page under Username, type the OKTA Administrator account and password and select Sign In
- 3. Select Allow Access
- 4. On the Agent Installation window select Next



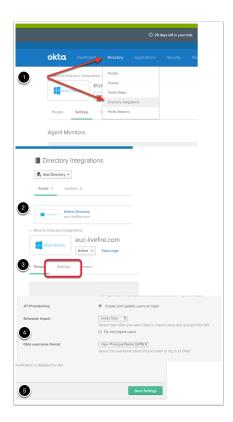
- In the Set Up Active Directory window, In the Connect an Organizational Units (OU) to Okta interface ensure that only corp ou is selected in the users and groups interface. Select Next
- 2. In the Import Ad Users and Groups window select Next



- 1. On the Select the attributes to build your Okta User profile page select Next
- 2. On the **Agent Setup Complete** page select **Done**
- 3. Select the Okta AD Agent on your Taskbar and select Finish

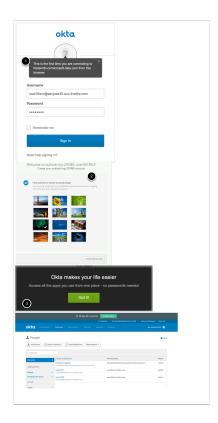


- 1. In the Okta admin console select Directory > Directory Integrations
- 2. Below the **Active** tab select **Active Directory**
- 3. In the Active Directory area next to People select Settings
- 4. In the IMPORT AND ACCOUNT SETTINGS console scroll down and select the following:-
  - Select the check box in line with JIT Provisioning called Create and update users on login
  - 2. Next to **Schedule import** change the **dropdown** from **never** to **every hour**
- 5. Scroll down to the bottom and select Save Settings



#### 12. We will validate our provisioning of user provision now in OKTA

- Open up an Incognito window in your browser and launch your OKTA login URL. Login with your custom user account user eg user35SCR@sanjose35.euc-livefire.com with password VMware1! select Sign In
- On the Welcome to your OKTA page, click a picture to choose a security image, select Create My Account
- 3. Close the **OKTA IS THE IDENTITY STANDARD** page by selecting **Got it** on the bottom right hand corner.
- If you go back to your OKTA admin Console, select Directory > People, you will now notice your provisioned users



# Part 2. OKTA and Workspace ONE Access Federation Configuration

#### Summary

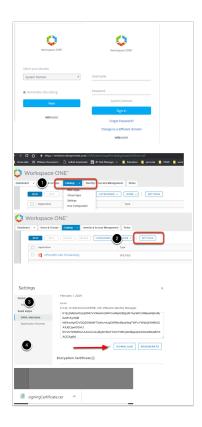
We have accomplished a few things in Part 1 . You have seen how well **Just In Tme (JIT)** provisioning works with external applications and OKTA. OKTA supports a much broader ecosystem of applications than Workspace ONE Access. This part of the lab would represent what an organisation might already have in place or it might represent what we might have put in place first before using Workspace ONE Access. A very important concept to realize is if we are going to federate 3rd party solutions we have to have a basic understanding of the workings / capabilities of the solution we want to federate with to offer the best solution to the customer.

Okta themselves realize that VMware have a very powerful Single-Sign On (SSO) solution using Workspace ONE. We will now federate with Workspace ONE Access.

In this section we will retrieve information required by Okta to setup an Identity Provider . In this scenario Workspace ONE Access will be the Identity Provider.

- 1. Login to the **Workspace ONE Administration Console** on the **System Domain** with **Admin** privileges to your New SaaS Workspace ONE Access Tenant.
  - 1. Select the Catalog -> Web Apps tab
  - 2. To the right select the **Settings** button from the sub-menu
  - 3. In the resulting dialog navigate to SaaS Apps -> SAML Metadata

4. Download the **Signing Certificate**. Note the location of the downloaded file **signingCertificate.cer** 



- 2. Part 2. OKTA and Workspace ONE Access Federation Configuration
- In the right pane under **SAML Metadata**, click on **Identity Provider (Idp) Metadata** link and record and save the following 2 configurations using **Notepad** 
  - 1. Next to entityID copy <u>your version</u> of the following url from the address bar: e.g. https://tenant.vmwareidentity.com/SAAS/API/1.0/GET/metadata/idp.xml
  - 2. Search for **urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:bindings:HTTP-POST** and next to **Location** copy **your version** of the following: "https://aw-livefirerplaston.vidmpreview.com/SAAS/auth/federation/sso"
  - 3. Select X in the right hand corner of the pane to close the window



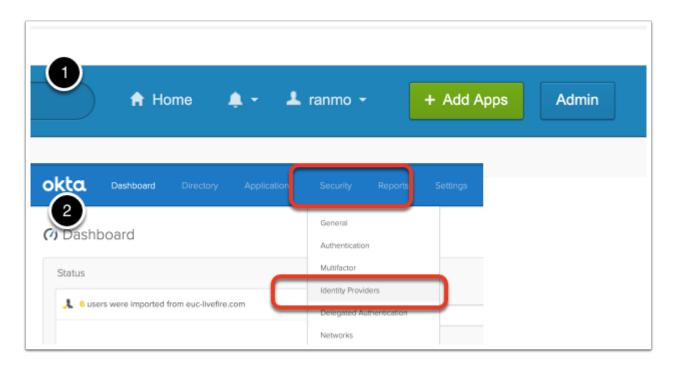
#### 3. Part 2. OKTA and Workspace ONE Access Federation Configuration

• In this section we will create the Identity Provider (IdP) record in the **Okta admin UI** with system

Administrator login.

#### In the OKTA admin Console (on your Chrome browser)

- 1. If required, In the top right hand corner. Select the Admin button
- 2. Navigate to **Security** -> Identity Providers



#### 4. Part 2. OKTA and Workspace ONE Access Federation Configuration

- In the OKTA admin Console continued...
  - 1. Select Add Identity Provider button window, select Add SAML 2.0 Idp:
  - 2. Under GENERAL SETTINGS next to Name: type WorkspaceONE
  - 3. Under **AUTHENTICATION SETTINGS** 
    - 1. **Idp UserName**: idpuser.subjectNameid
    - 2. Filter: Unchecked
    - 3. Match Against: Okta Username
    - 4. If no match is found: Redirect to Okta sign-in page radio button

#### 4. Under SAML PROTOCOL SETTINGS

1. IdP Issuer URI: e.g. https://aw-euclivefire.vidmpreview.com/SAAS/API/1.0/GET/metadata/idp.xml

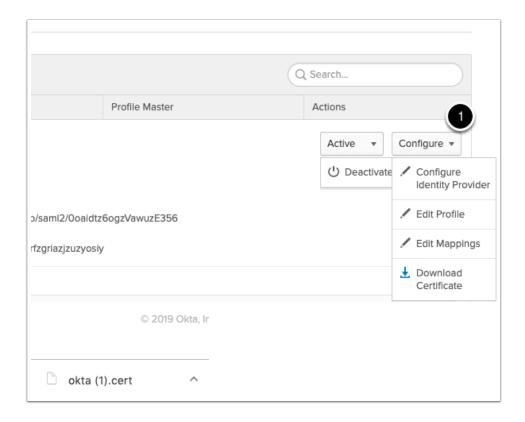
Entity ID value value from the Workspace ONE Access IdP metadata file saved to Notepad

- IdP Single Sign-On URL: e.g.
   https://aw-euclivefire.vidmpreview.com/SAAS/auth/federation/sso
   (Single Sign on Service value from IdP metadata file from the Workspace ONE Access Idp metadata file)
- 3. **IdP Signature Certificate. Browse**, select **All files** next to filename and **select the Signing Certificate** from your SAAS Workspace ONE Access Tenant. *If your cer files is greyed out, make sure you are using Chrome as your browser.*
- 5. Select Add Identity Provider



5. Part 2. OKTA and Workspace ONE Access Federation Configuration

- In the OKTA admin Console continued...
  - In the Identity Providers interface, to the right, select the drop down arrow next to Configure and select Download Certificate



### Part 3: Federating BambooHR with OKTA

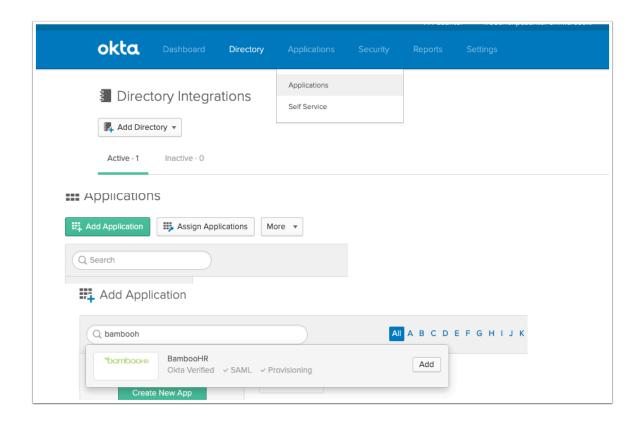
#### 1. Federation of BambooHR with OKTA (Part 3)

- In this section we setup a Federation with BambooHR web application. You are entitled to a 7 day trial of the BambooHR SaaS software.
  - 1. We will start off by going to a **browser** and In google type **BambooHR free trial**.
  - 2. Where it says **Try it Free** select
  - 3. In the Were Ready to you up page aenter the following credentials
    - First Name (same First Name you registered with OKTA)
    - Last Name (same Last Name you registered with OKTA)
    - Work email address, (same email address you registered with OKTA)
    - Select a Password (VMware1!)
  - 4. Select Get Started
  - 5. On the **Congratulations page** type your
    - work phone number, your phone number
    - company Name, eg. Euclivefire
    - custom domain name eg. Madrid34.bamboohr.com
  - 6. Select Create Account
  - 7. On the **Account is ready page** select **Login**
  - 8. On the login page, login with your email and password



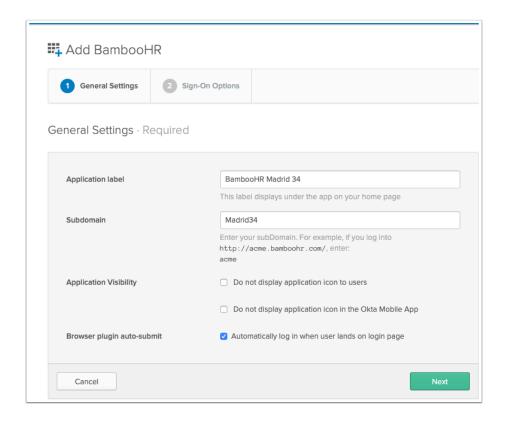
#### 2. Federation BambooHR with OKTA (Part 3)

- Switch to your OKTA admin console to complete the next step of the configuration
  - 1. In the **Okta Admin Console** select **Applications** > Applications
  - 2. Under Applications select Add Application
  - 3. In the **Search** type **BambooHR** and select **Add**

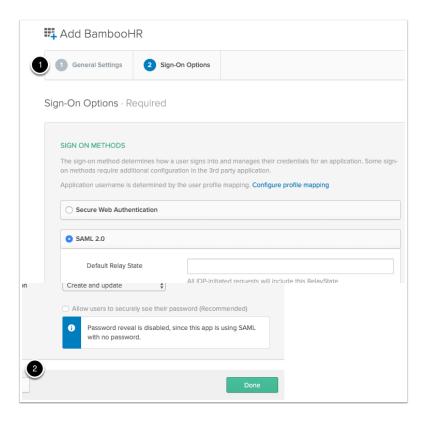


#### 3. Federation BambooHR with OKTA (Part 3)

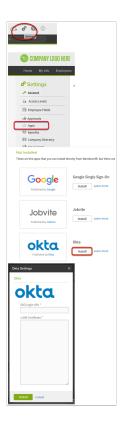
- In the Add BambooHR interface under General Settings type the following
  - 1. Next to Application Label, type BambooHR(customdomain) BambooHR Madrid 34
  - 2. Next Subdomain type your custom domain e.g Madrid34 select Next



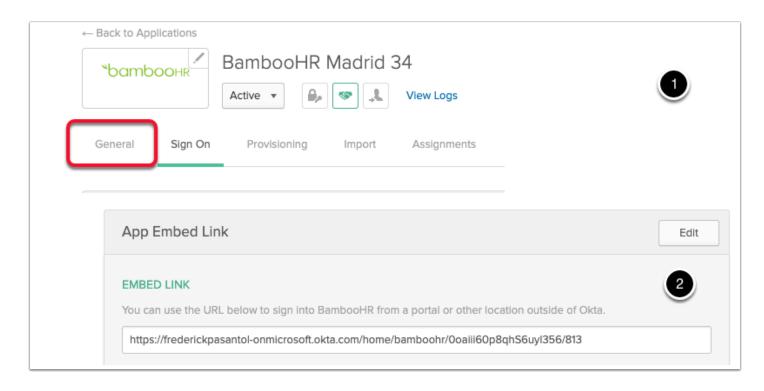
- In the OKTA Add BambooHR interface under Sign-On Options select the following
  - 1. Next to **SAML 2.0** select the radio button
  - 2. At the bottom of the window select **Done**



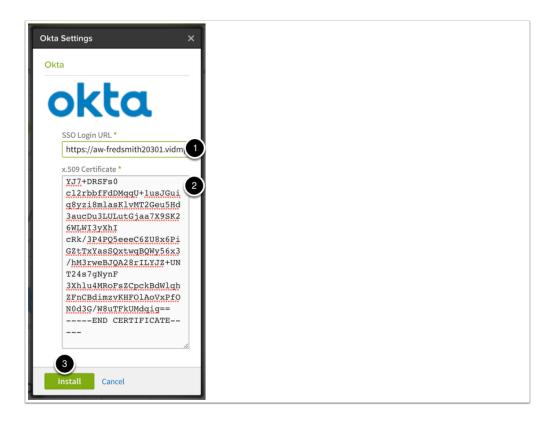
- Switch back to your custom BambooHR Saas AP
  - 1. In top right-hand select **Settings**, this is a wheel-cog icon
  - 2. In the left-hand pane select Apps
  - 3. Under Apps select Single Sign-On
  - 4. In the Single Sign-On window select OKTA
  - 5. Scroll down and select Install



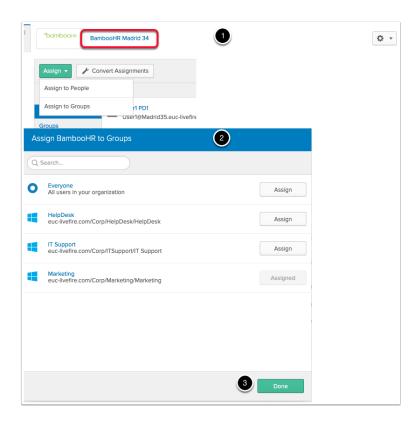
- Switch back to your **Okta Console** 
  - 1. In the Applications interface next to Sign On select General
  - Scroll down to App Embed Link and under EMBED LINK copy the entire URL and save in Notepad



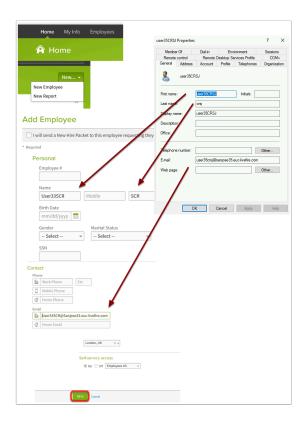
- Switch back to your BambooHR Admin Console
  - From your Notepad file copy the SSO Login URL and under SSO Login URL paste the copied link from OKTA
  - Next open the Okta.cert file with a text editor and copy the entire certificate, this
    includes ---begin certificate xxx --- END CERTIFICATE--- and paste into the x.509
    Certificate box
  - 3. Scroll to the botton of the page and select Install



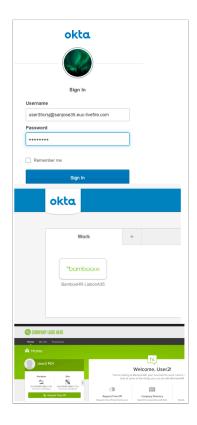
- Switch back to your **OKTA Admin Console** 
  - 1. Go back to Applications > Applications and select your BambooHR application
  - 2. Select Assign > Assign to Groups
  - 3. In the Assign BambooHR to Groups next to Marketing select Assign and select Done
  - 4. Select Assign > assign to people
  - 5. Assign to your administrator user.



- Switch back to your BAMBOOHR Admin Console
  - 1. In the Bamboo HR application select the Home tab
  - 2. To right of the page select the drop down arrow next New... and select New Employee
  - 3. In the **Add Employee** interface, use the following information, type next to:
    - 1. Name: Unique User from AD (the one you created in the SFDC lab)
    - 2. Last: Last name of the unique User
    - 3. **Email address**: XXXXX@euc-livefire.com (unique username + @euc-livefire.com)
    - 4. Self Service Access: ON
  - 4. When done select Save.

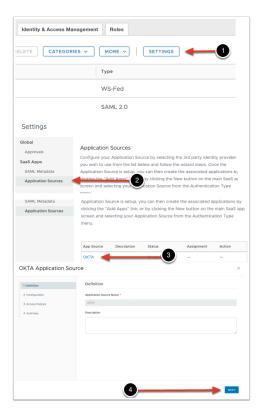


- We will now validate the single sign-on process with OKTA and BambooHR
  - Open an Incognito session of your browser and copy your custom login url for OKTA in the address bar. Login with XXXXuniqueuser@customsuffix.euc-livefire.com (example user35buk@auckland35.euc-livefire.com) and password VMware1! select Sign In
    - If this is the first time you login you will be prompted to choose a custom icon and you will have to close default pop ups
  - 2. Under the **Work** tab you should see your **BambooHR entitlement.** Select your **BambooHR** entitlement.
  - 3. You should see the single sign on between **OKTA** and **BambooHR**.

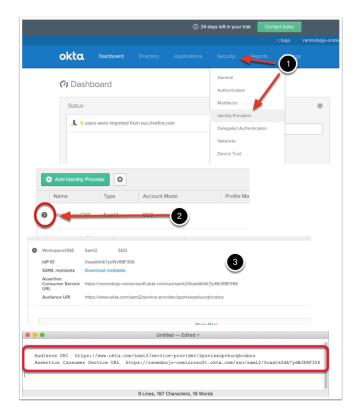


# Part 4. Configuring An OKTA Application Source in Workspace ONE Access.

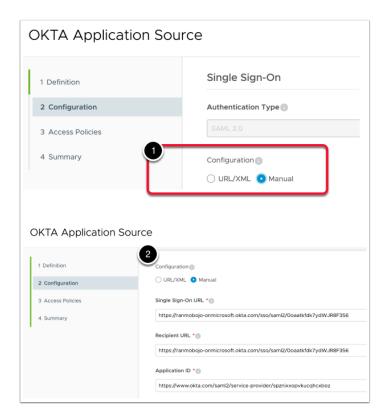
- 1. Configuring an OKTA application Source in Workspace ONE Access (Part 4)
- Ensure you are logged into your Workspace ONE Access Session
  - 1. Under Catalog > Web Apps to the right select SETTINGS
  - 2. In the Inventory pane under **SaasApps** select **Application Sources**
  - 3. In the Application Sources section under App Source select OKTA
  - 4. On the **OKTA Application Source** window select **NEXT**



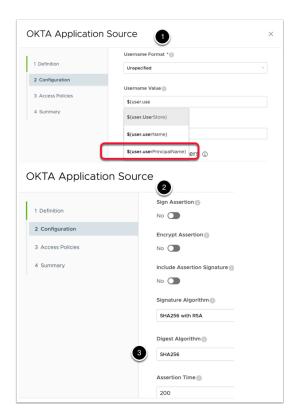
- 2. Configuring an OKTA application Source in Workspace ONE Access (Part 4)
  - Switch back to your **OTKA admin Console** 
    - Select Security > Identity Providers
    - 1. Expand your *arrow* > next to your existing *WorkspaceONE* configuration to face down.
    - 2. Notice under WorkspaceONE you have 4 rows of information.
      - Save your Assertion Consumer Service URL and your Audience URI to Notepad



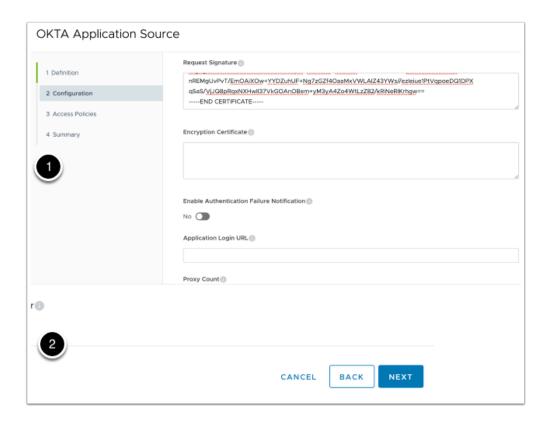
- 3. Configuring an OKTA application Source in Workspace ONE Access (Part 4)
- Switch back to your Workspace ONE admin console
  - In the OKTA Application Source under Configuration change the radio button to Manual
  - 2. In section 2. Configuration of the OKTA Application Source page add the following:-
    - 1. In the Single Sign-On URL section copy and paste your Assertion Consumer URL
    - 2. In the Recipient URL section copy and paste your Assertion Consumer URL
    - 3. Next to Application ID: copy and paste your Audience URI



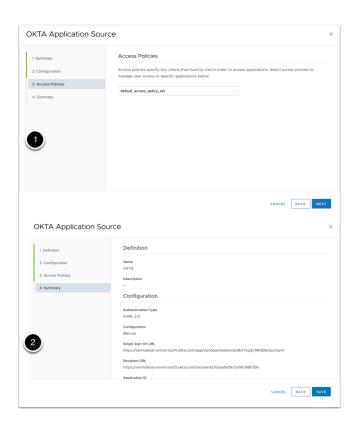
- 4. Configuring an OKTA application Source in Workspace ONE Access (Part 4)
- In the OKTA Application Source wizard
  - 1. Under **Configuration Scroll** down, next to:
    - 1. Username Format: Unspecified, (default)
    - 2. Under the **Username Value: \${user.userPrincipalName}**
  - 2. Scroll down until Advanced Properties, and expand configure the following Next to:
    - 1. **Sign Response**: Yes (default)
    - 2. **Sign Assertion**: No (default)
    - 3. Encrypted Assertion: No (default)
    - 4. Include Assertion Signature: No (default)
    - 5. **Signature Algorithm:** SHA256 with RSA (default)
    - 6. Digest Algorithm: SHA256
    - 7. **Assertion Time**: 200 (default)



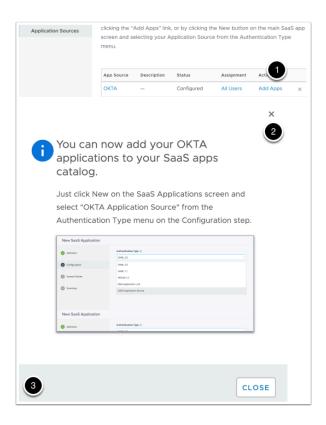
- 5. Configuring an OKTA application Source in Workspace ONE Access (Part 4)
  - In the **OKTA Application Source** under **Configuration** continue scrolling down
    - Under Request Signature: open the contents of the Okta.cert file previously downloaded from Okta. Copy and paste the contents including the "-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----" and "-----END CERTIFICATE-----"
    - 2. Select Next



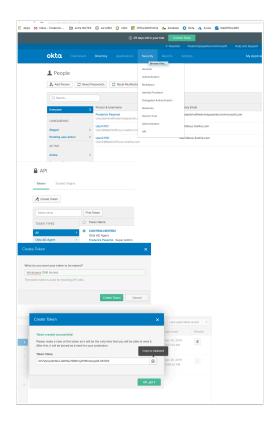
- 6. Configuring an OKTA application Source in Workspace ONE Access (Part 4)
  - OKTA Application Source under Configuration continued
    - 1. On the Access policies page select NEXT
    - 2. On the **Summary** page select **SAVE**



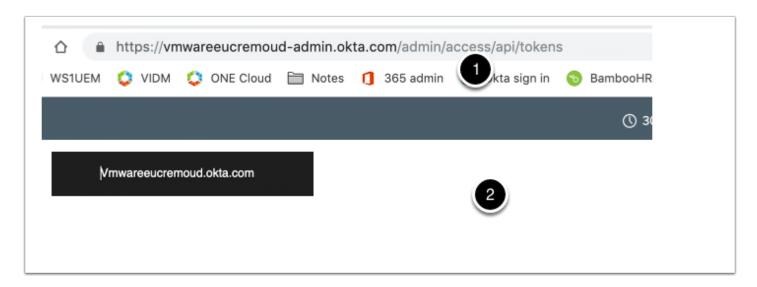
- 7. Configuring an OKTA application Source in Workspace ONE Access (Part 4)
- OKTA Application Source under Configuration continued
  - Under Settings notice that your OKTA Source is now configured. Under Action select Add Apps
  - 2. Read the message: When done, select **Close** and select **X** to close the **Settings** page.



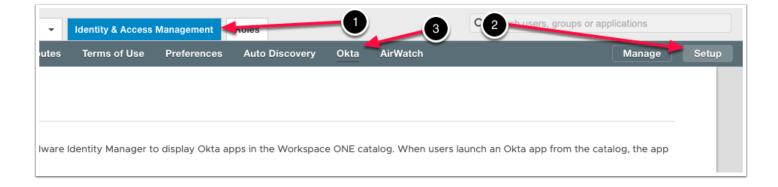
- 8. Configuring an OKTA application Source in Workspace ONE Access (Part 4)
- We will now configure the automatic sync of OKTA applications into the User Catalog
  - 1. Go back to your **OKTA admin Console** and select **Security** > **API** 
    - Very IMPORTANT! We are now going to create a TOKEN, we will only get ONE CHANCE to save this Token. Open a copy of Notepad or Word to document this
  - 2. In the API console under Tokens select Create Token
  - In the Create Token window under What do you want your token to be named? type Workspace ONE Access and select Create Token
  - 4. On the **Create Token** window under **Token Value** select the **Copy to Clipboard** option and **save** and **paste** to Notepad . Then select **OK**, **got it**.



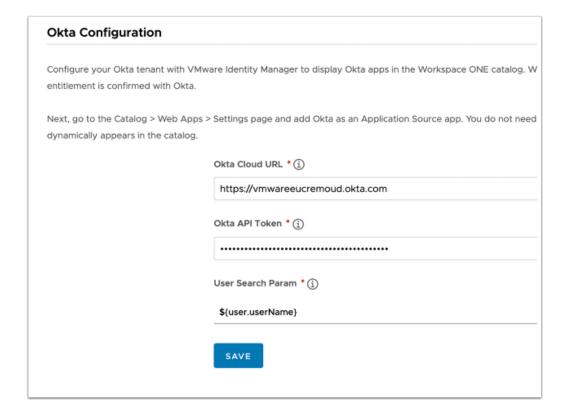
- 1. 9. Configuring an OKTA application Source in Workspace ONE Access (Part 4)
- In the Okta Console configure the following:
  - 1. Copy your **OKTA ADMIN URL** and save to **NOTEPAD**
  - 2. In **Notepad REMOVE** anything after **.com** and the **-admin** part of the hostname portion from the URL, then **copy the URL**



- 10. Configuring an OKTA application Source in Workspace ONE Access (Part 4)
- Switch back to your Workspace ONE Access Console
  - Select the Identity & Access Management tab and select Setup
  - Select Okta

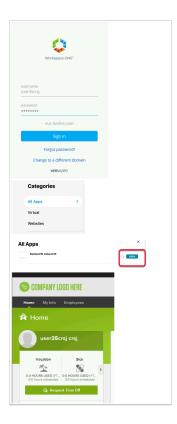


- 11. Configuring an OKTA application Source in Workspace ONE Access (Part 4)
- In the Workspace ONE Access Console under Setup > Okta
  - 1. Under Okta Cloud URL paste your edited OKTA URL from Notepad
  - 2. Under Okta API token paste your OKTA access token from Notepad
  - Under Search Param select \$(user.userName) in the dropdown
  - 4. Select **SAVE**



- 12. Configuring an OKTA application Source in Workspace ONE Access (Part 4)
- We will now validate the Single Sign On process from Workspace ONE Access to OKTA to BambooHR
  - 1. Open a new browser or Incognito session. Make sure all cookies are deleted from previous sessions.
  - 2. Use your **Workspace ONE Access Url** and login as your **unique user** from the **euclivefire.com** domain with the password **VMware1!**
  - 3. Under Categories select All Apps

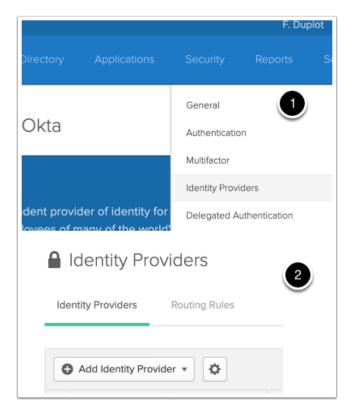
4. Under **All Apps** next to **BambooHR** select **OPEN**, you should now be redirected and signed into **BambooHR** 



# Part 5. Configuring An OKTA Routing rules for Workspace ONE Access.

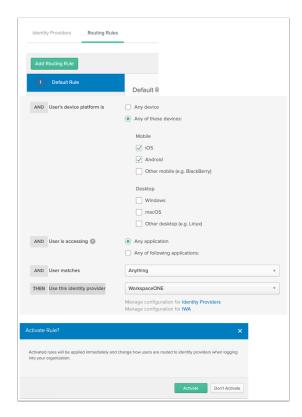
5.1

- Ensure you logged into your trial OKTA Admin console with your Custom admin account
  - 1. Select **Security** > **Identity Providers**
  - 2. Next to **Identity Providers** select **Routing Rules**



#### 5.2

- In the Routing Rules section
  - 1. Select Add Routing Rule
  - 2. In the Add Rule Box select and add the following:
    - Rule Name: Workspace ONE
    - · AND User's device platform is:
      - Any of these devices: radio button
        - Mobile: IOS and Android checkboxes
    - THEN Use this identity provider: WorkspaceONE
  - 3. Select Create Rule
  - 4. On the Activate Rule? Window select Activate
- When we complete the Mobile SSO IOS and Android labs we can test BambooHR authentication using Workspace ONE Access



# ADFS as Application Source in ACCESS (Service Now)

## Part 1: Creating a ServiceNow Developer Instance

This lab will address the scenario in which customers have an on-premise ADFS server. Customer that have federated their application with ADFS can now leverage the authentication methods of WorkspaceONE Access. This requires a simple setup of Claims Provider Trust with WorkspaceONE Access.

In this lab we will use **ServiceNow** as the Relying Party Trust and WorkspaceONE Access as the Claims Provider Trust.

The order of the LAB

Part 1: Setup a ServiceNow Developer Instance

Part 2: Add ServiceNow as RelyingParty to ADFS

Part 3: Adding Access As Claims Provider in ADFS

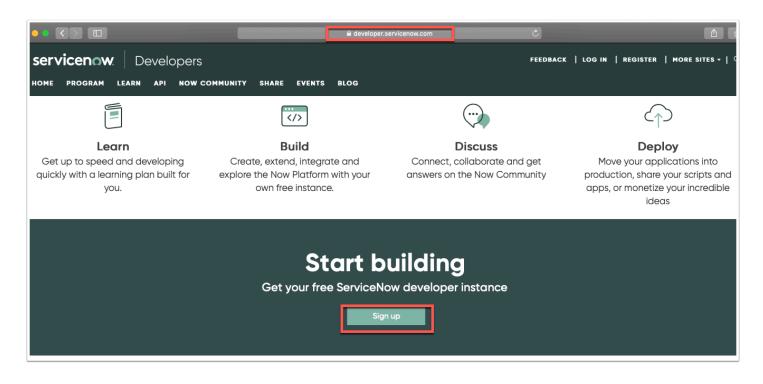
Part 4: Adding ADFS As Application Source to WorkspaceOne Access

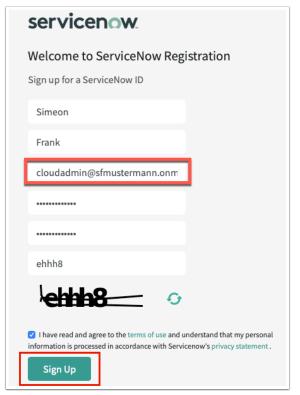
#### Sign up for a ServiceNow Tenant

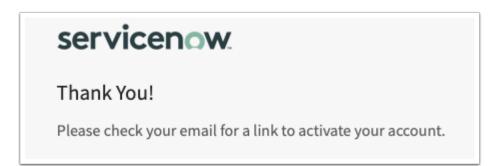
- 1. Open a **browser** on your physical or virtual machine and navigate to https://developer.servicenow.com
- 2. Click on **Sign up** and enter your details for the Developer Account. Make sure you use your **cloudadmin** account for e-mail. This is the one you created on Day1 of the labs. (example: **cloudadmin@sfmustermann.onmicrosoft.com**) Password can be **VMware1!**. Click **Sign Up** at the bottom of the page once all fields have been entered.

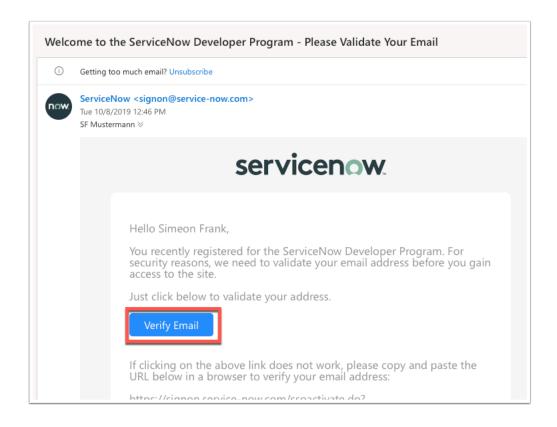
**NOTE:** We highly recommend documenting all of the **URLs** in this lab as well as the **credentials** in a separate note taking application.

3. Check your e-mail on the **login.microsoft.com** and click the **Verify Email** button in the **Welcome Email** that has come from Service Now. The link will take you to a page click **Sign In** on that page that says **Thank You!** 







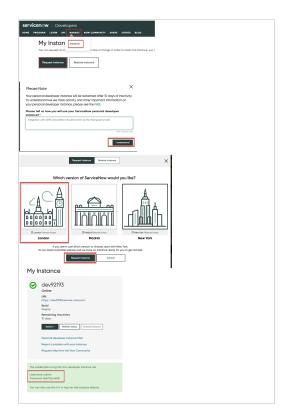


- 4. Now that you have created an account. Let's sign in to the Developer Site. If you don't already see a **Sign In** Page click on <a href="https://signon.service-now.com">https://signon.service-now.com</a>
- 5. Type in your cloudadmin **e-mail address** and **password** to sign in. You must agree to the Developer Agreement. Scroll all the way to the bottom and check the **tick box** and click **Submit**.
- 6. Fill in the requested information on the use of the platform and click **Submit**.



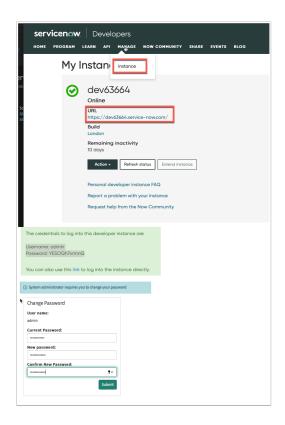
- 7. On the **Service Now Developers** home Page click on the **Manage** Tab and click **Instance** and click on **Request Instance**
- 8. You will now be requested to give a reason for this request. Simply put what you are hoping to test. "Integration with ADFS, ServiceNow should function as the relying part trust." Click I understand
- 9. Finally choose the Service now release you would like to user and click **Request Instance**. (New York is the newest and vendor recommended version)

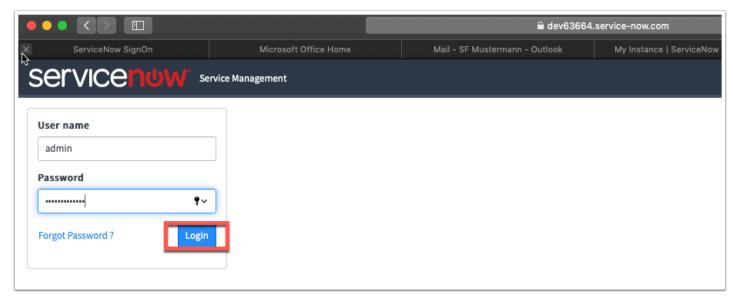
**Very Important:** Make sure you note your admin user and password on the next page after the instance has been created.



- 10. You will now see your instances if you click on the **Manage** > Instances tab on the top menu. Note your Unique URL that should start with devXXX.service-now.com
- 11. Click on your unique **Dev Instance** and **sign in** with the admin credentials given to you on the page above. You will be asked to set a new password.

This completes the creation of your Instance in ServiceNow.

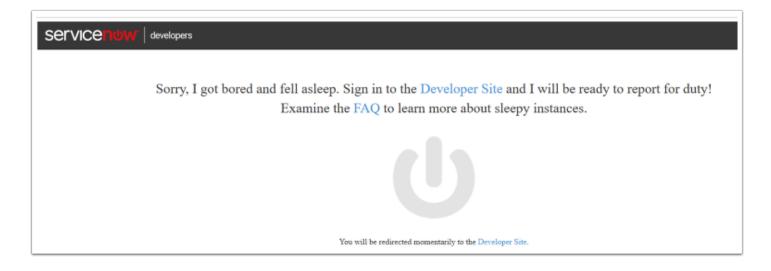


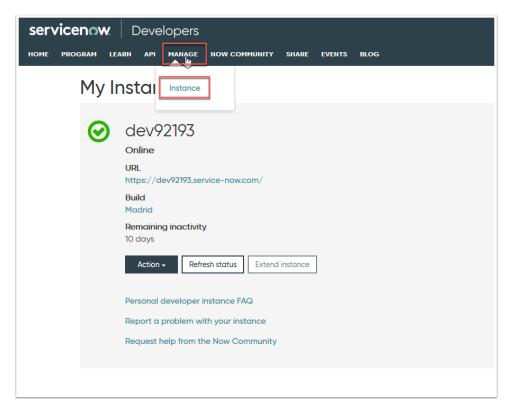


#### **JUST FOR NOTE - NO ACTION REQUIRED**

The Developer instance **after 12 hours** will go dormant and it will be required to wake it up. If you see this happen log into the developer Site developer.servicenow.com

Once you have logged into the Developer portal you will have to click on **Manage** and **Instances** to then wake the environment.





## **Setup User in ServiceNow**

Now that we have a unique instance of **ServiceNow**, it's time to add your unique user from AD into ServiceNow.

- 1. In your unique instance of **ServiceNow** on the home page click on the **Filter navigator** in the top left corner.
- 2. Type users and from the navigation bar
- 3. Under System Security > Users and Groups select Users
- 4. At the top of the page click New in the Users management Interface

5. Fill in the Fields for your **unique user** and click **Submit** at the top right hand corner of the page.

For example

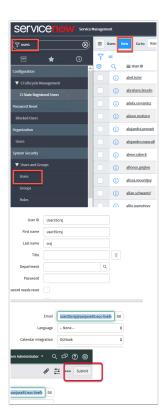
UserID: user35SCR

First name: User35SCR

Last name: SCR

Email: user35SCR@sanjose35.euc-livefire.com

**Note:** Make sure the e-mail attribute you add here matches the e-mail from AD as this will be the SAML attribute we leverage



### Setting up Identity Provider setting in ServiceNow

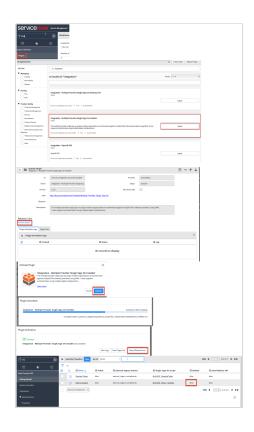
We will now configure the SAML settings on the your ServiceNow Instance.

- 1. In the top left hand **Filter navigator** area type in **plugins** and click on **Plugins** below.
- 2. On the **Plugins** page to the right of **FILTERS** type "**integration**" into the **search** field.
- 3. Scroll down until you find Integration Multiple Provider Single Sign-on Installer

NOTE: Make sure it is exactly matches "Integration - Multi Provider Single Sign-on Installer"

- 4. Once you found the Plugin has opened click Install
- 5. On the **Activate Plugin** window. Confirm the activation on the pop-up by clicking **Activate**

- 6. After a few moments the Plugin will have installed and you can click on Close & Reload Form
- 7. If you now type "Multi" in to the top Left hand **Filter navigator** area. You will see the option for **Multiple Provider SSO**
- 8. Under Multi-Provider SSO select Identity Providers



- 9. Navigate to the ControlCenter2 Virtual Machine inside the lab environment and on the desktop click on **Remote Desktop folder** and double click.the **ADFS.rdp**
- 10 . On the ADFS virtual machine open **Firefox** and navigate to your unique **devXXX.service-now.com** instance. Authenticate as **admin**
- 11. In the **Filter navigator** area type "**Multi"**. Below **Multi-Provider SSO** select **Identity Providers**
- 12. In the top area. Click on **New** next to the **Identity Providers**
- 13. Under **Digest** select **SAML**
- 14. When the **Import Identity Metadata** window launches. Click **Cancel** at will be manually configuring the parameters
- 15. Fill in the following details on the Form
- Name: ADFS
- Identity Provider URL: http://adfs.euc-livefire.com/adfs/services/trust
- Identity Provider's AuthnRequest: https://adfs.euc-livefire.com/adfs/ls
- Identity Provider's SingleLogoutRequest: BLANK
- ServiceNow Homepage: https://devXXX.service-now.com/navpage.do (replace XXX with your unique tenant)

- EntityID/ Issuer: https://devXXX.service-now.com (replace XXX with your unique tenant)
- Audience URI: https://devXXX.service-now.com (replace XXX with your unique tenant)

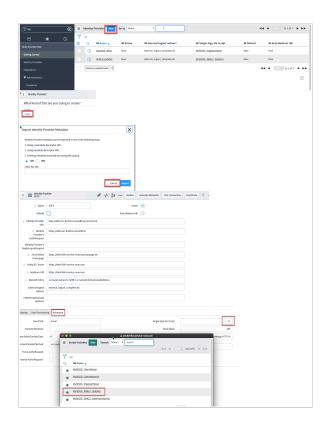
**NOTE:** You will not be able to set the Identity Provider to **Active** or **Default** yet as the Connection has not been tested.

This will be done at a later stage. Leave the rest of the values Default

- 16. Scroll down and you will see 3 Tabs starting with **Encryption and Signing** and ending with **Advanced**. Select **Advanced** tab
- 17 . Next to **Single Sign-On Script** click the **Magnifying Loop icon** and in the **new Script includes** window click **MultiSSO\_SAML2\_Update1**

**NOTE:** If your Datacenter is the New York Datacenter you might have to use the **MultiSSOv2\_SAML2\_internal** Single Sign On Script. This will be apparent when you get to the section **Test & Enable Authentication** and you have to **TEST Connection** 

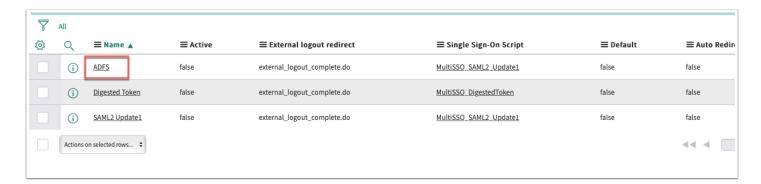
18. Click **Submit** at the bottom of the page.

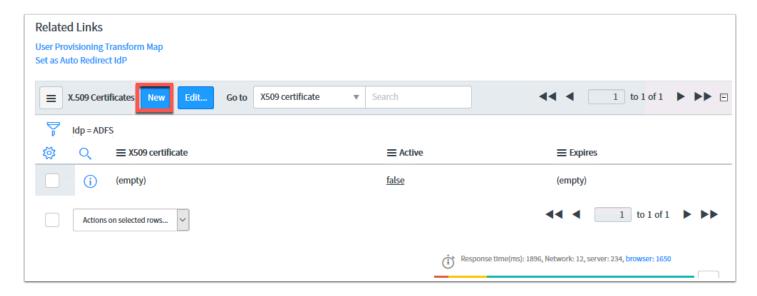


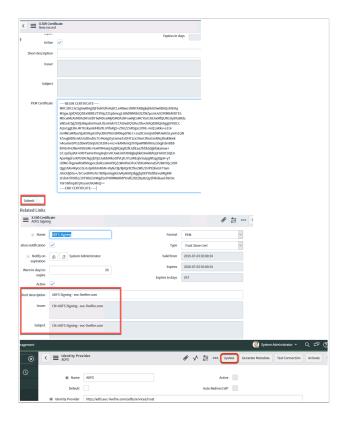
- 19. In the middle pane, select the **ADFS** Identity Provider
- 20. Scroll down to the bottom of the page until you find the heading **Related Links** . Next to **X.509 Certificates** Click **New**.
- 21. In the **X509 New Record** window add the following:
- Name: ADFS Signing
- **Copy** the text below and paste in the **PEM Certificate** box at the bottom of the page. Alternatively you can also copy the contents of the certificate located on the desktop called ADFS signing cert.cer

----BEGIN CERTIFICATE----MIIC3DCCAcSgAwIBAgIQFbvkYdFx4qVCLeNRwo1NWTANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQsFADAq MSqwJqYDVQQDEx9BREZTIFNpZ25pbmcqLSBldWMtbGl2ZWZpcmUuY29tMB4XDTE5 MDcwMzA5MDAzNFoXDTIwMDcwMjA5MDAzNFowKjEoMCYGA1UEAxMfQURGUyBTaWdu aW5nIC0gZXVjLWxpdmVmaXJ1LmNvbTCCASIwDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEBBQADggEPADCC AQoCqqEBAJ4I7Uzkyui6X4br8LrrVfaRqS+Z9izZZnXDqxczONL+mQ1aKks+e116 mHMEaWNuzVjaK3NqsHzPycBIGPNmSM96qdrWcC+zoz8CmmjnDbWUwlU5LywYs1QN YZvugiODtIsnR/c6dDodAc7C44o6gUy1emwTxOHF1zx19xnCWsxGmR4q3liakWwk n4oaUwSPG3ZBwVbSnji/AZrEDiFu+nz+rkAMAmQ/YnYpwRWhR0ru/sbqjFzkvBb8 lhPdz4HJWe43Vi65Ms+9a4FW4uIqUq3jRQxqtlzfkJdlEaa2hf/k5dgkfakaAuw+ GCJyzfayIAX+i9P/TwirwTImgHqbrv0CAwEAATANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQsFAAOCAQEA Apa4igdrsvXPD3RcNgcjbYjLUu8dAKkoSIfVLjKJ7GzWEqhr5uIpgNhqgIQpK+yT rDlMG7kgewWoRhNqpccduRcceRwYXQZzWmlVxOFoCVDIGIMxmat5P2WnYQc/r8IF QjgGhXv4KyGGSLAs5jAbbInRAN+ViyN/rlji/8jAQr8Cf9o2WE/ZHP1bheGFTIam /0nOdjDSo+/3rCvx9NPuTn7B99peXeg8sUvKyH8Oj3kgglqODfY0dlhirvuMtgKM 2FdnFdT00h//1XT90A2LVWgdSeYFRWM6KMYYvvfE2DtZByHzQy3f4k3kae6TBrDe T6FSNfmpB7pYssoeOVoM6Q== ----END CERTIFICATE----

- 22 . Click **Submit** at the bottom of the page. Once you click back into the certificate you should see the Issuer and Subject fields filled in.
- 23. At the top of the page click **Update** to reflect the changes made



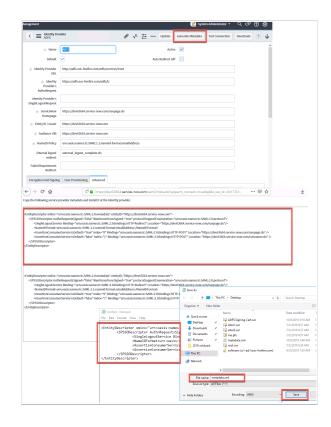




Let's now Generate the Metada to later import into ADFS.

- 24. In the middle pane select the ADFS Identity Provider. that you have just created.
- 25, At the top of the Identity Provider ADFS page next to Update click Generate Metadata
- 26. This will open a new tab in your browser and give you a the metadata as text format. **Copy** the text into Notepad and **Save** as **Metadata.xml** to the desktop of the **ADFS virtual machine**.

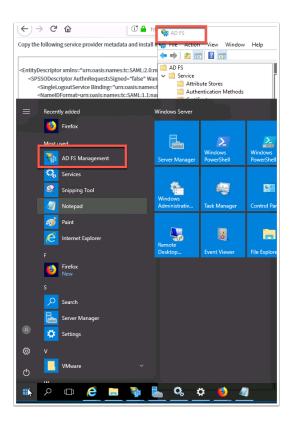
This will allow us to later import the metadata.xml into ADFS.

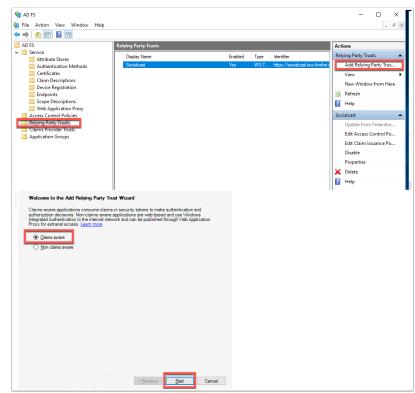


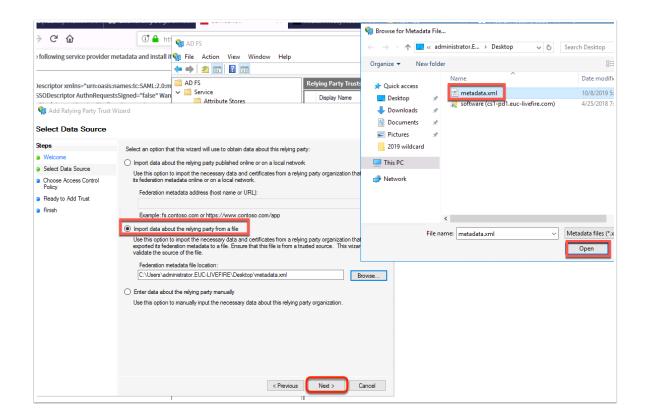
# Part 2: Adding A Rely Party Trust

- 1. On the ADFS virtual machine open the **ADFS Management** interface from the **Start Menu**.
- 2. In the AD FS Manager navigate to **Relying Party Trusts** and right- click and select **Add Relying Party Trust** in the right hand **Actions** panel.
- 3. Select Claims Aware radio button and select Start
- 4. On the next screen select **Import data about the relying party from a file** and click **Browse** ... and select the **metadata.xml** file from the desktop.

Click Next to confirm



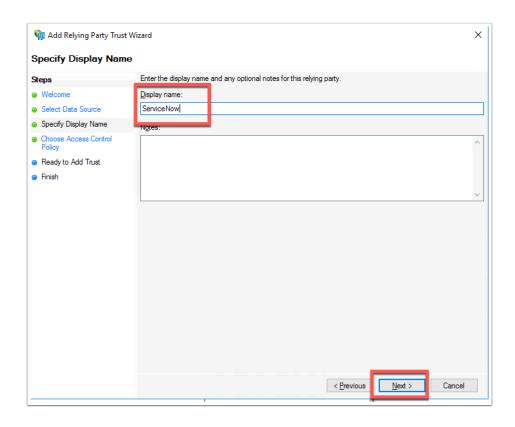


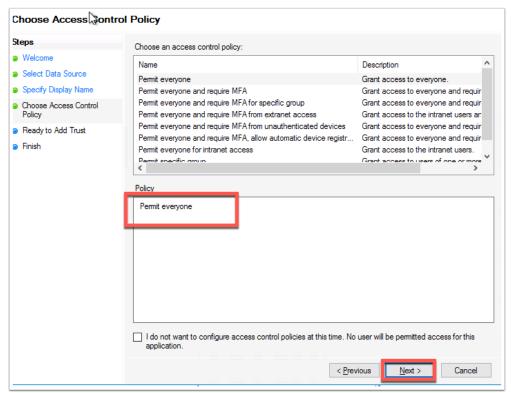


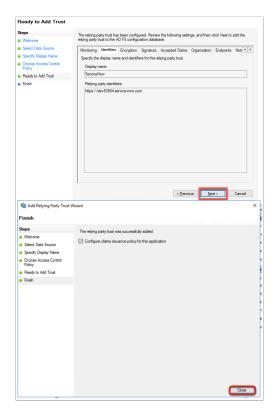
- Next to Display name type: ServiceNow and select Next
- 6. Leave the permissions as default to **permit everyone** and select **Next**
- 7. On the **Ready to Add Trust** page, leave as default and select **Next**

Note: The Metadata we have imported has set the values of the identifiers and endpoints for this connections.

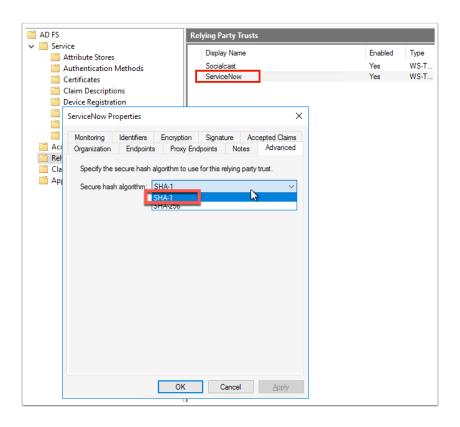
8.On the next page select Close.

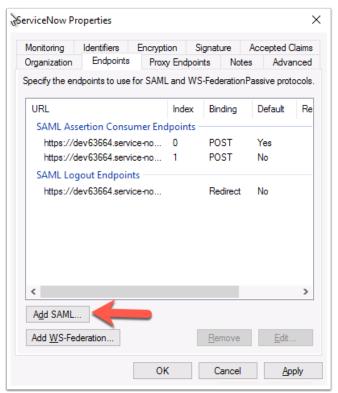


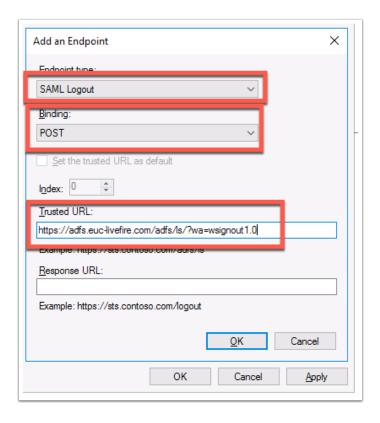


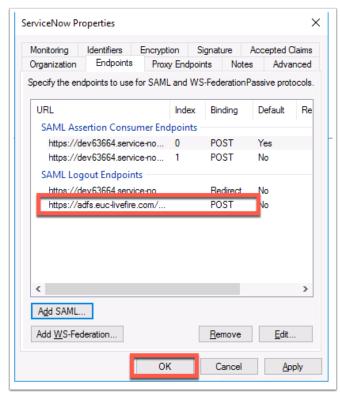


- 9. **Double click** back into the **ServiceNow** Relying Party Trust we have just set up.
- 10. This will open the **Properties** of that Relying Party, navigate to the **Advanced** Tab and select **SHA-1** for the Secure Hash algorithm.
- 11. Navigate to the **Endpoints** tab in the Properties and click **Add SAML...**
- 12. Change endpoint type from SAML Assertion Consumer to SAML Logout
- 13. Under Binding ensure **Post** is selected
- 14. In the **Trusted URL:** area **copy** and **paste** the following : <a href="https://adfs.euc-livefire.com/adfs/ls/?wa=wsignout1.0">https://adfs.euc-livefire.com/adfs/ls/?wa=wsignout1.0</a>
- 15. Select **OK** and **OK** again to confirm changes



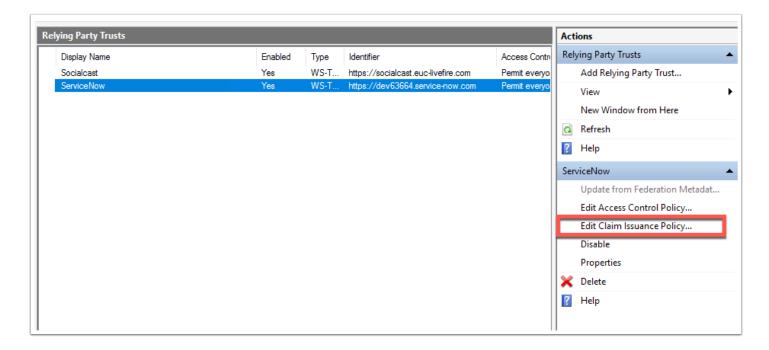


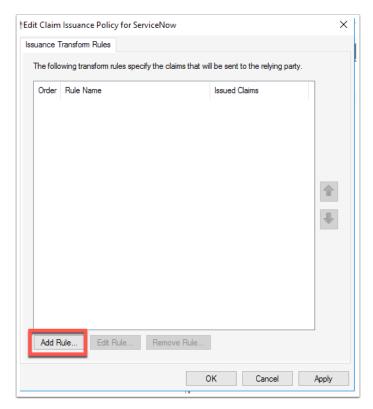


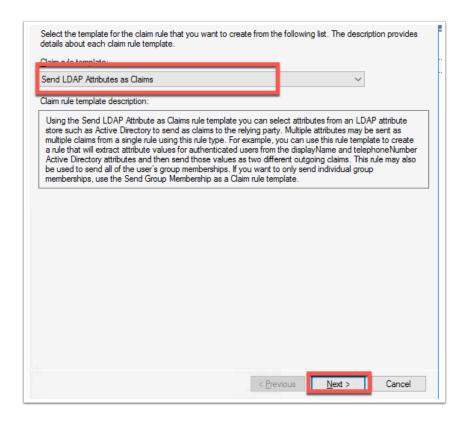


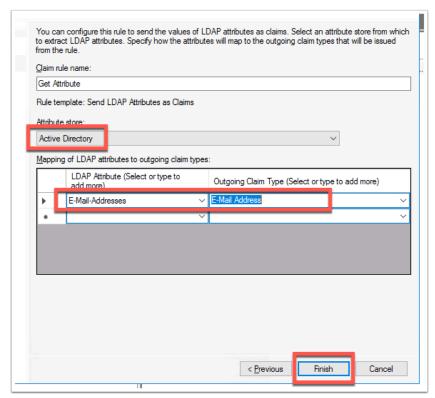
- 16. In Relying Party Trusts right click ServiceNow and click Edit Claim Issuance Policy
- 17. Now Click **Add Rule ...** and ensure **Send LDAP attributes as Claims** (default) is selected, select **Next**
- 18. In the Claim rule name: area type Get Attribute

- 19 . In the dropdown under Attribute store. select Active Directory
- 20. Using the **dropdown** select **E-Mail-Addresses** as the **LDAP Attribute** and **E-mail Address** as the **Outgoing Claim Type**
- 21. Click Finish At the bottom of the page to confirm. (Dont Close the window)



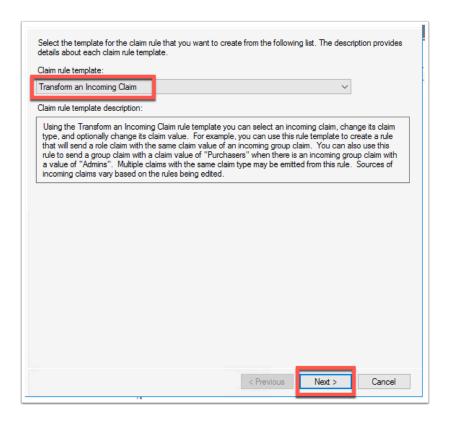


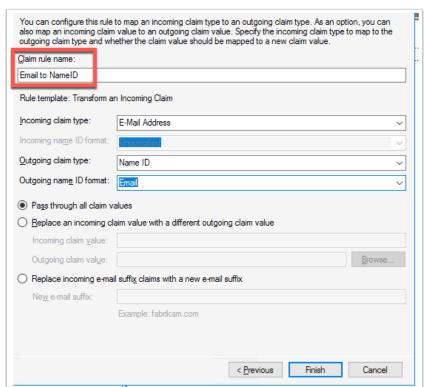




- 22. On the Edit Claim Issuance Policy for ServiceNow select Add Rule...
- 23. This time select **Transform an Incoming Claim** as the template click **Next**
- 24. Give the Rule the name: **Email to NameID**
- Select E-mail Address from Incoming claim type dropdown

- Select Name ID from Outgoing claim type
- Select Email from Outgoing name ID format
- 25. Click **Finish** at the bottom of the page to confirm the changes and **OK** to close **Claim Issuance Policy** page.





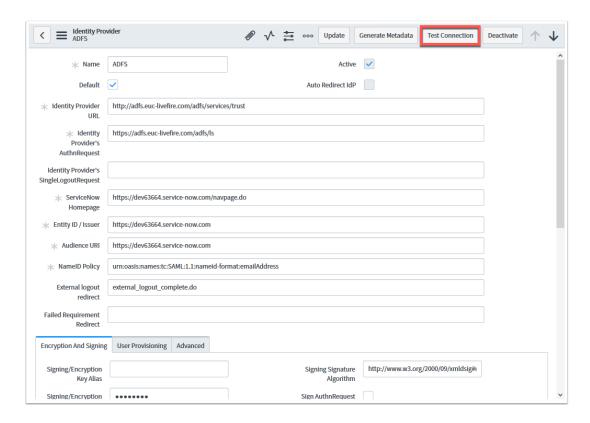
#### Part 3: Test & Enable Authentication for SAML

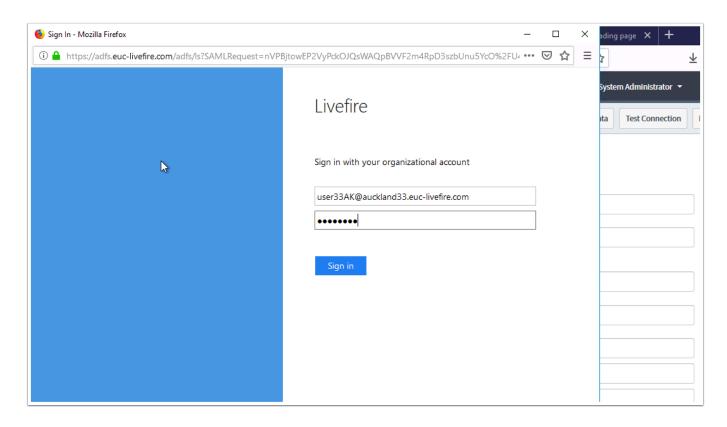
Let's test now the Federation between ServiceNow and ADFS before we bring WorkspaceONE Access into the picture.

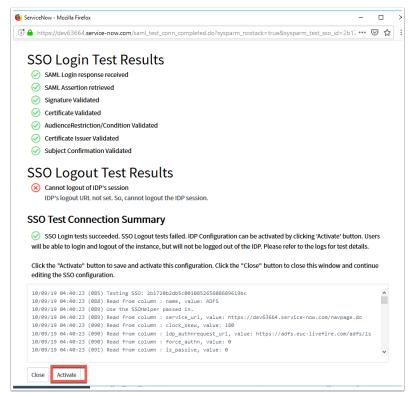
- 1. Click back into the Firefox browser to your **unique Instance** of ServiceNow. Make sure you are logged in as Admin.
- 2. In the **ADFS** Identity Provider settings that we setup previously next to **Generate Metadata**, click **Test Connection**
- 3. Notice a new FireFox window opens where you will see the **Authentication Page for ADFS** requesting authentication.

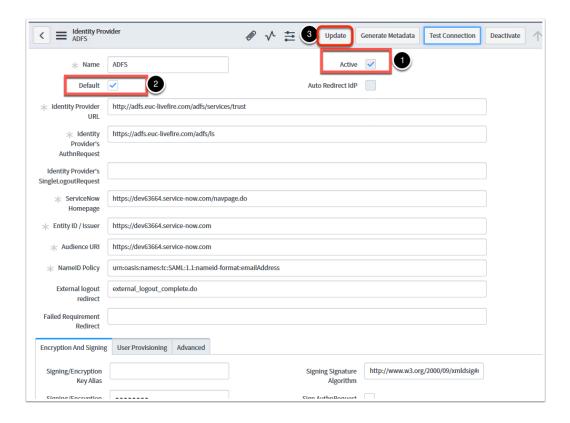
Enter your **custom account UPN** and the **Password** of your unique user that you added to ServiceNow. Click **Sign in** 

- 4. It will now run a test on the SAML login parameter. You should have all green tickboxes except for SSO Logout Test.
- SSO Logout **Will FAIL** as it cannot do this test. Ignore this for now.
- 5. At the bottom of the Page select Activate
- 6. Notice at the top of the **ADFS Identity Provider** Screen . The status is now "**Active**".
- 7. Next to **Default**. Select the **checkbox** and select **Update** at the top.



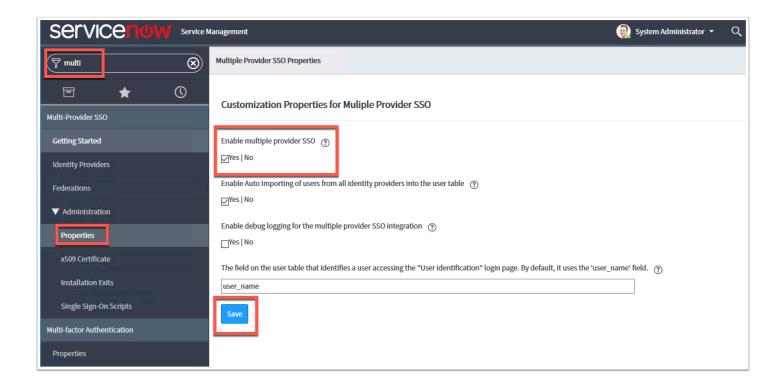






- 8. Navigate to the **Filter navigator** on the left hand side and type "**Multi**" > Now Select **Properties** under **Administration**
- 9. In the **Properties** window Under **Enable multiple provider SSO** select **Yes** check box. Select **Save** at the bottom of the page.
- 10. To do the final test open now a new browser on your **ControlCenter2** virtual machine. Navigate to your unique tenant (ie: <a href="https://dev92193.service-now.com">https://dev92193.service-now.com</a>) and click **Use external login.**
- 11. Now type in your **custom unique user account** ie **User35crsj**, created earlier in the users section, select **Submit**
- 12. You should now be redirected to your ADFS authentication page. Here put in your **UPN** e.g. **user35crsj@sanjose35.euc-livefire.com** and **password** from AD and select **Sign In**

You should be authenticated as the user now to ServiceNow

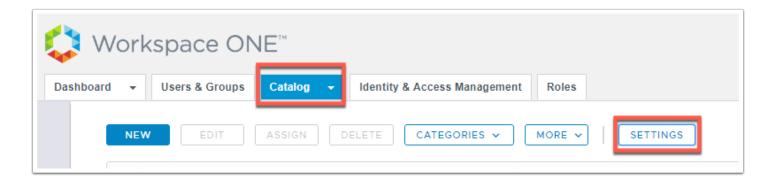


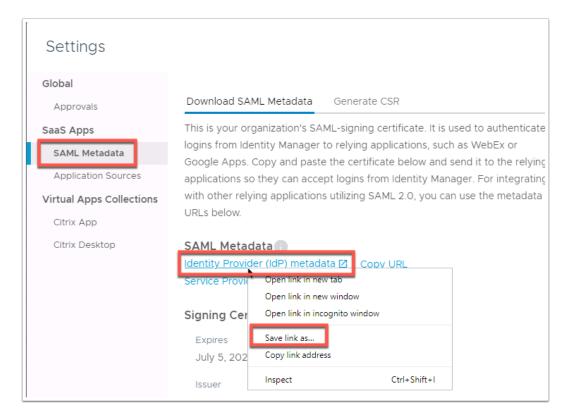


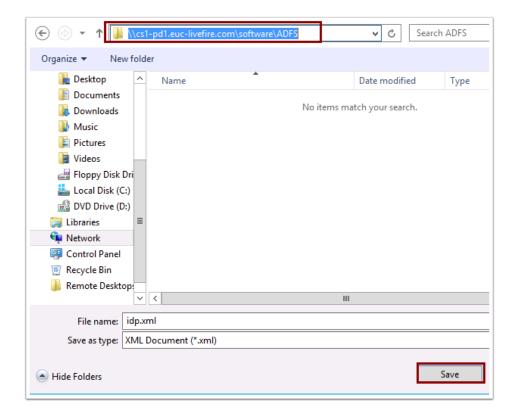
## Part 4: Adding Access as Claims Provider in ADFS

- 1. On your **controlcenter2** open FireFox and browse to your unique Workspace ONE Access Admin tenant.
- 2. **Select** the **System Domain** from the drop down domain drop down option and authenticate using the **administrator** account
- In the admin console click on catalog and click Settings

- 4. In the Left Navigation column select SAML metadata under SaaS Apps
- 5. Right click the Identity Provider (IdP) metadata and select save link as ... IDP.xml
- 6. In the browser window that opens navigate to the **Software** folder on the desktop and open the **ADFS** folder and select **Save**

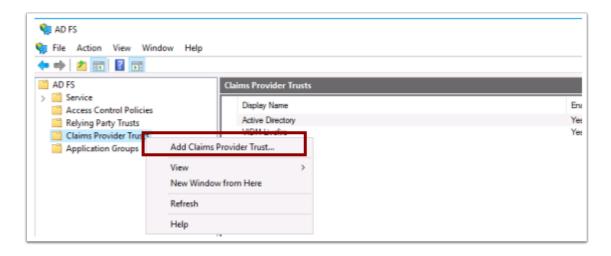


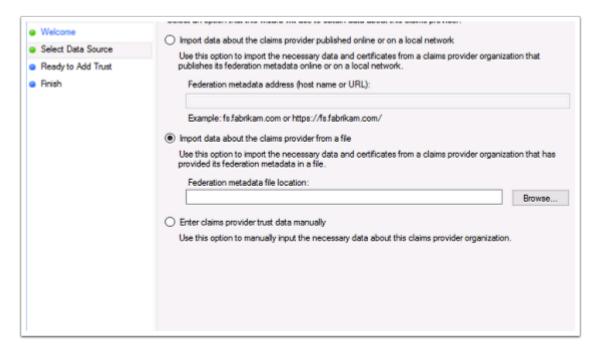


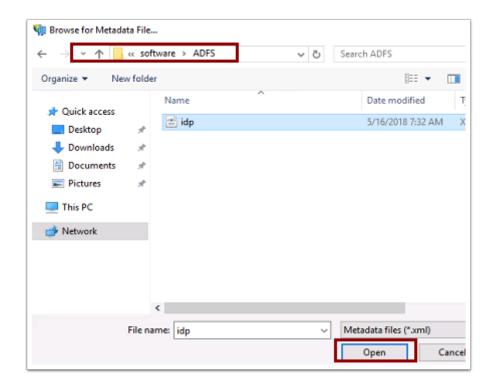


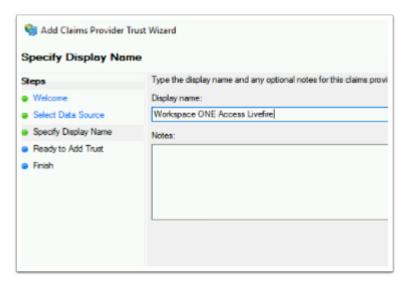
- 7. Open the **Remote Desktop** folder on the desktop and **RDP** to the **ADFS server**
- 8. In Server Manager and at the top, select Tools and select AD FS Management
- 9. When the AD FS Management interface is open navigate to **Claims Provider Trusts** (Only Active Directory should be present)
- 10 Right Click Claims Provider Trust and select Add Claims Provider Trust...
- 11. Click **Start** on the first Welcome page
- 12. Then select Import data about the claims provider from a file
- 13. Select **Browse** and navigate to **Desktop** > Software > **ADFS** and select the **idp.xml** and click **Open**. Click **Next**
- 14. On the **Specify Display Name** page and write **Workspace ONE Access Livefire** in the Display name click **Next** > **Next** > **Close**. Now you will see **Active Directory** and **Workspace ONE Access Livefire** as Claims Providers
- 15. Right Workspace ONE Access Livefire and select Edit Claim Rules...

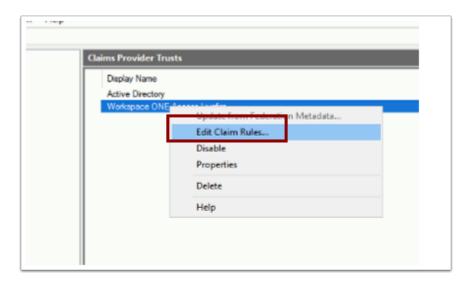










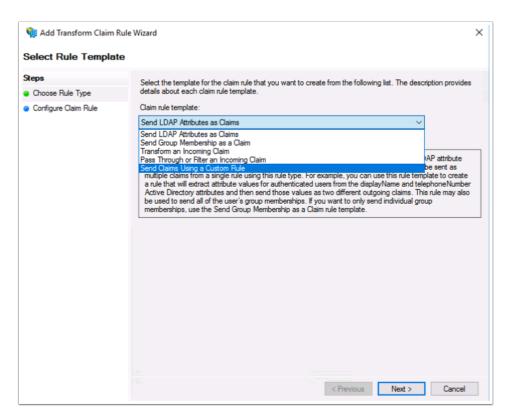


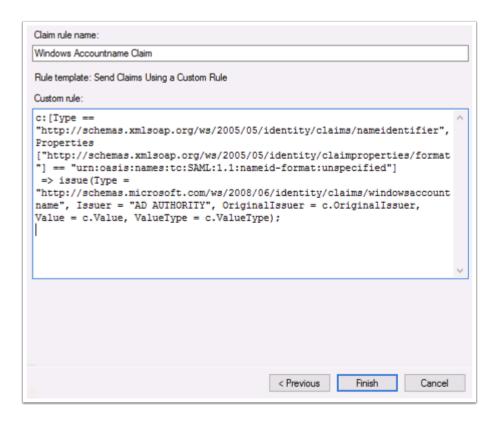
- 16. Now Select Add Rule...
- 17 .From the next page select from the drop down "Send Claim Using a Custom Rule" select Next
- 18 Type Windows Accountname Claim for the claim rule name
- 19 .Paste the below into the custom rule field:

```
c:[Type == "http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2005/05/identity/claims/nameidentifier",
Properties["http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2005/05/identity/claimproperties/format"] ==
"urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.1:nameid-format:unspecified"] => issue(Type =
"http://schemas.microsoft.com/ws/2008/06/identity/claims/windowsaccountname", Issuer =
"AD AUTHORITY", OriginalIssuer = c.OriginalIssuer, Value = c.Value, ValueType = c.
ValueType);
```

#### 20. Select Finish and OK

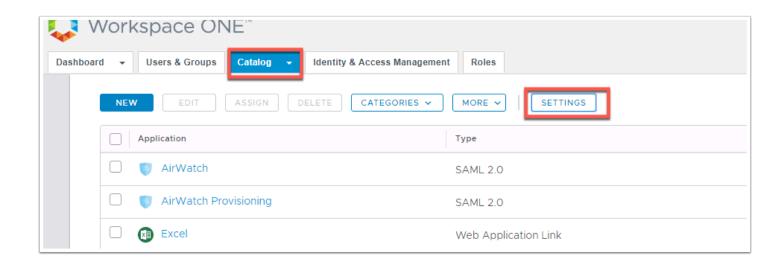


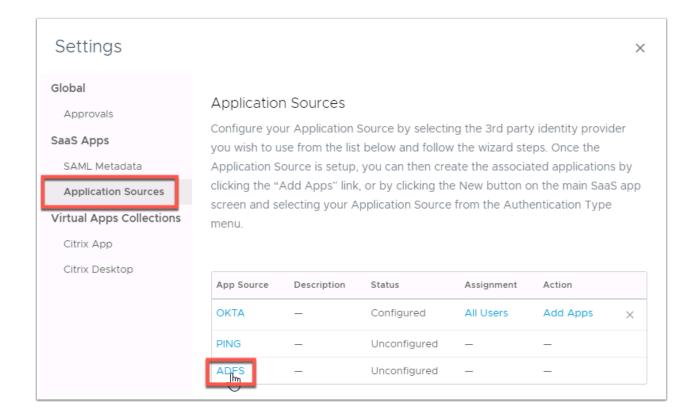




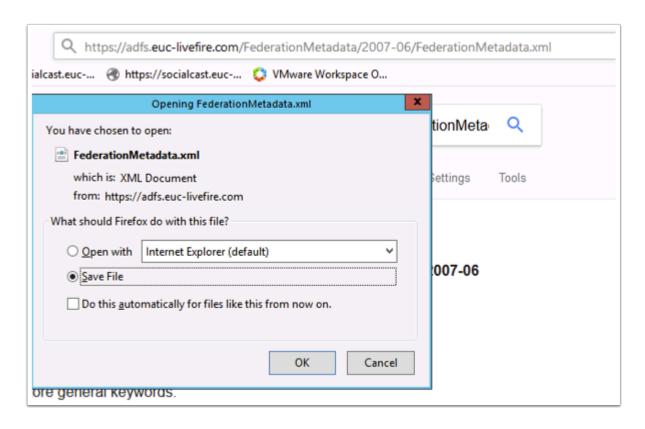
## Part 5:Add ADFS as Application source to Workspace ONE Access

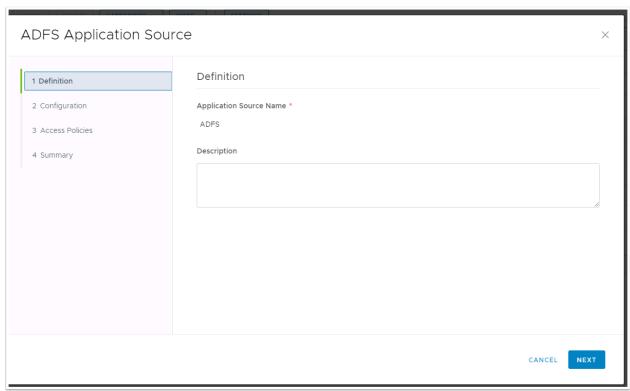
- 1. Return to the **ControlCenter2** server and open **Firefox**
- 2. Using your browser go to your unique Workspace ONE Access tenant
- 3. Login with System Domain using user:administrator password:VMware1!
- Now click on Catalog and select Settings
- Navigate to Application Sources under the Saas Apps on the left hand side and select ADFS to configure the App Source.

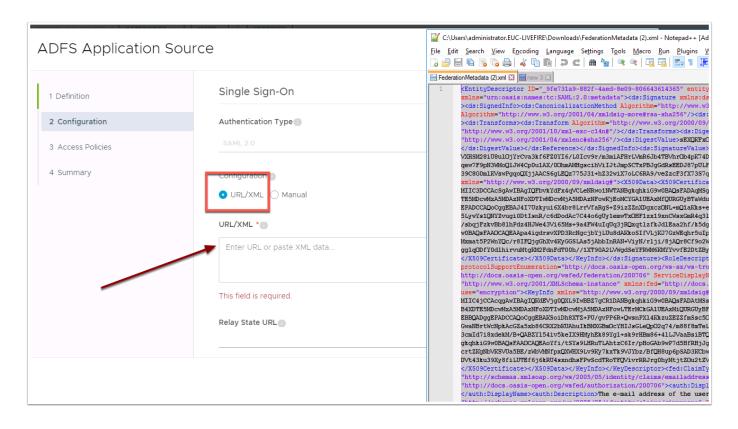


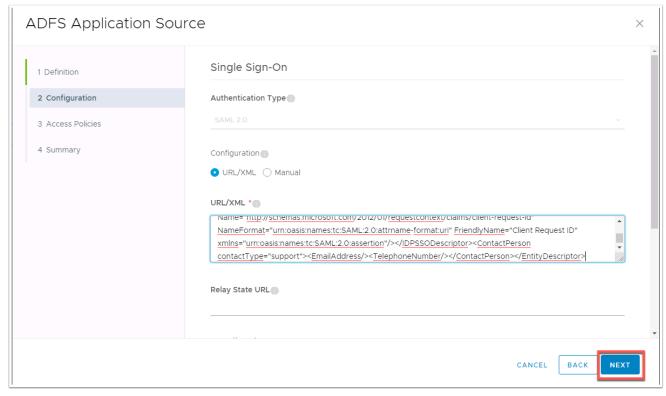


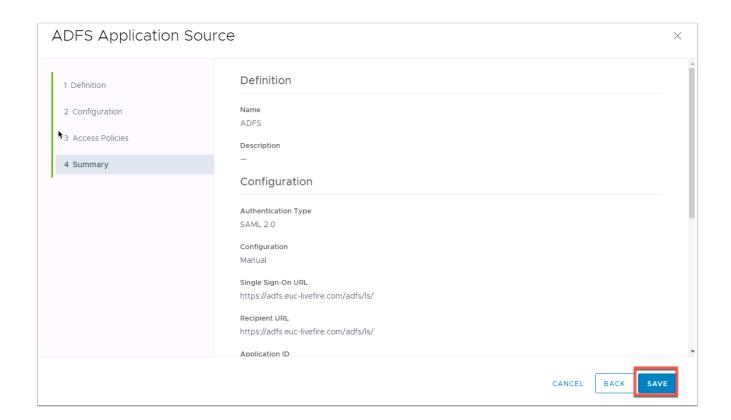
- Open the firefox browser on a new Tab and Browse to https://adfs.euc-livefire.com/ FederationMetadata/2007-06/FederationMetadata.xml
- Select Save File and go to the Downloads folder. (Chrome will download the file automatically)
- Open the File using Notepad++ and copy the contents of the XML by pressing ctrl + a then ctrl + c
- 4. Then go back to the ADFS Application Source configuration on Workspace ONE Access and select **next**.
- 5. Paste the contents of the FederationMetadata.xml into the URL/XML field. Click NEXT
- 6. Click **Next** in the Access Policies and **SAVE** on the Summary Page







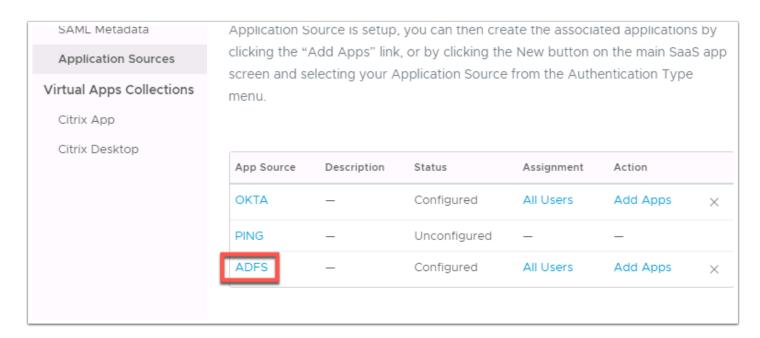


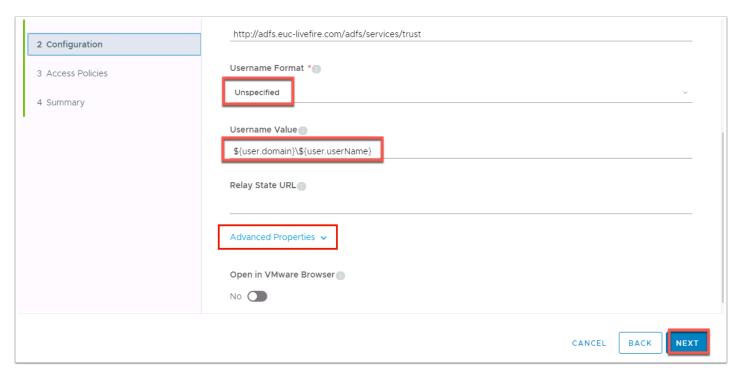


- 1. Now head back into the **ADFS settings** by selecting **ADFS** in the **Application Source** page.
- Navigate to Configuration on the left hand side and change Username Format to Unspecified
- 3. Enter the following value under **Username Value** 
  - NB! there are no spaces in the below syntax

\${user.domain}\\${user.userName}

- 4. Click on **Advanced Properties** and set **Signature Algorithm** to **SHA256 with RSA** and **Digest Algorithm** to **SHA256**
- 5. Select **NEXT** at the bottom of the page
- 6. Click **SAVE** on the Summary page



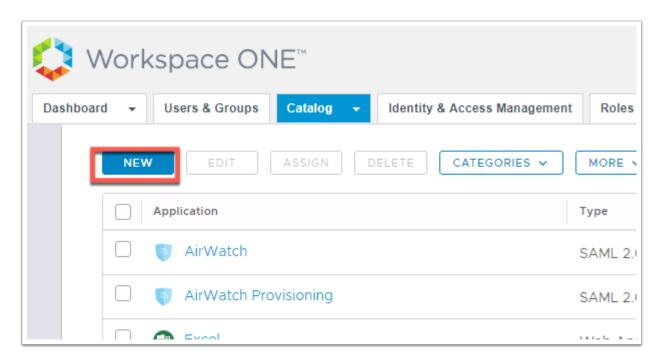


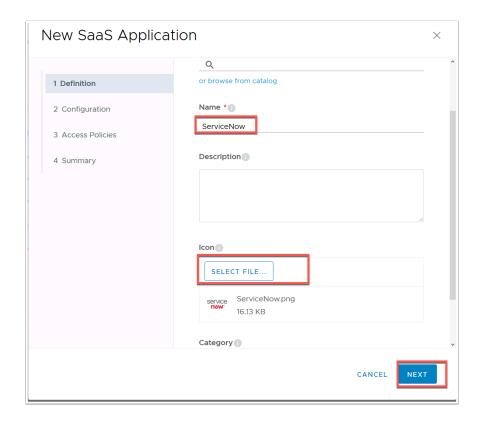


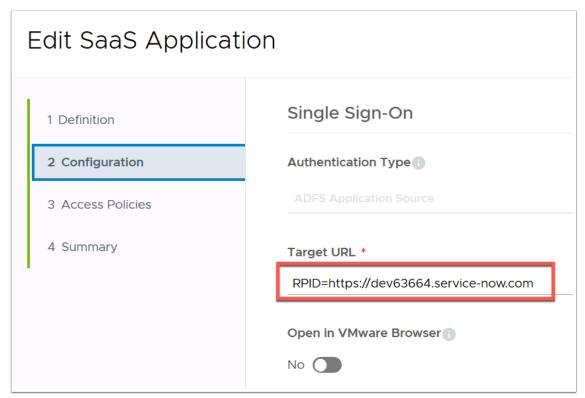
### **Adding ADFS app to Workspace ONE Access**

In certain scenarios admins might want to provide access to the Relying party configured in ADFS directly in the Workspace ONE catalog. This is made possible via the ADFS integration. We are essentially using a redirect to the Relying Party. Let's add the socialcast application to the catalog.

- 1. Log into you **unique Workspace ONE Access Admin** console using the local directory
- 2. Now navigate to **Catalog** then select **NEW** and give it the name: **ServiceNow**
- Click on Select File below Icon and select the ServiceNow.png file in the Downloads folder and select Open. click NEXT
- 4. In the **Configuration page** select **ADFS Application Source** under Authentication Type.
- Now type in the Target URL \_RPID=https://DEVXXX.Service-Now.com (whereXXX is your unique tenant) and select NEXT
- 6. Click **NEXT** on the **Access Policies** Page, and **SAVE & ASSIGN** on the Summary page
- 7. In the **Assign page** assign the application to the **Marketing@euc-livefire.com** group
- 8. Start typing **marketing@euc-livefire.com** and you will see the Group showing up click it to confirm
- 9. Now set the **Deployment Type** group to **automatic** and select **SAVE**

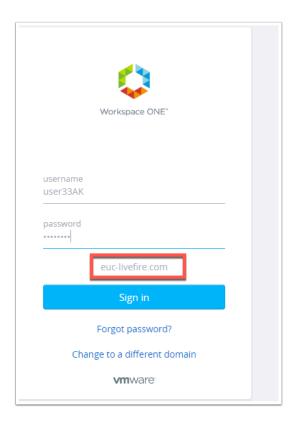


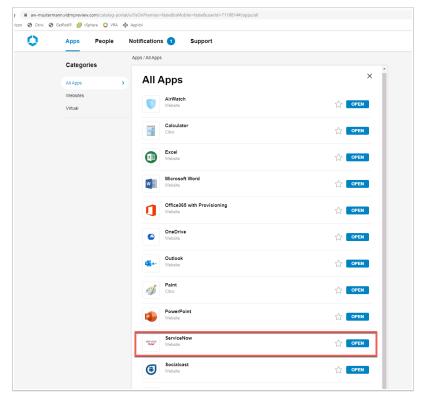


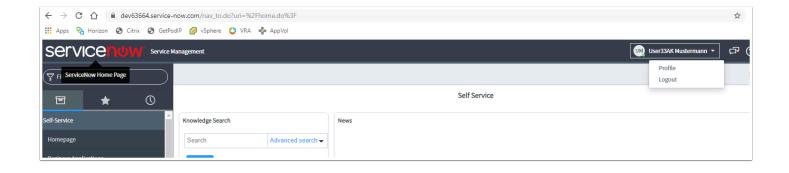


- 1. **Close** the browser and all windows to ensure firefox or chrome has closed properly. Now **reopen** firefox and navigate to your unique Workspace ONE Access SaaS instance.
- 2. Now log in as your **Unique User** in the domain **euc-livefire.com** you will then notice in the catalog the socialcast application.

3. Now click on **Open** under ServiceNow icon and you will be redirected to ServiceNow and authenticated without additional credentials as your unique user.







# Part 6: ExtraCurricular: Setting Workspace ONE Access as the default claim provider

There might be a use-case where an organisation in an SP-INIT Flow wants the configured relying party in ADFS always use a specific claims provider. Through powershell admins have the ability to set the **default claims provider** for specific **relying parties**.

On the **ADFS Server** do the following. Clear the cache on your Firefox browser and re-launch

1. navigating to <a href="https://devXXX.service-now.com/">https://devXXX.service-now.com/</a> (where XXX is your unique instance) and clicking on "use external login", then specify your unique user and click Submit.

You will be redirected and ADFS Claims providers screen and notice you have **WorkspaceONE Access** and **Active Directory** listed. We want to ensure that we are automatically redirected to WorkspaceONE Access instead of seeing this prompt.

2. Open powershell and type

Get-AdfsRelyingPartyTrust

- 3. You will now be able to see that ServiceNow is set to use both Active Directory and Workspace ONE Access LiveFire as the claims provider (IF empty it is set to use both)
- 4. Let's now set Workspace ONE Access as the default claims provider

In the same power shell windows now execute the below

```
Set-AdfsRelyingPartyTrust -TargetName "ServiceNow" -ClaimsProviderName @("WorkspaceONE Access Livefire")
```

Plese note: the name of your claims provider should exactly match your adfs configuration

5. Confirm the changes by typing the same command to get the relying party trust information. You will notice now that **WorkspaceONE Access** is listed as the only ClaimsProvierName

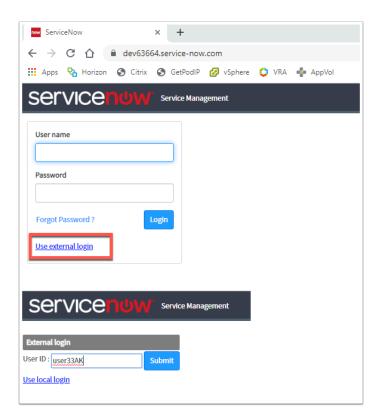
Get-AdfsRelyingPartyTrust

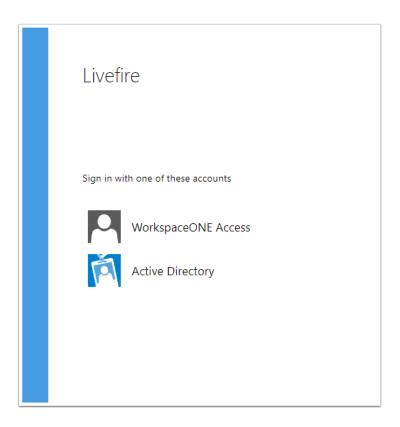
- 6. Now close your browser and re-open to https://devXXX.service-now.com (where XXX is your uniques instance)
- 7. Click on **Use External Login** on the next page type in your **unique user** notice now that you will automatically be re-directed to WorkspaceONE click **Next.** After authenticated you will automatically be logged into ServiceNow.

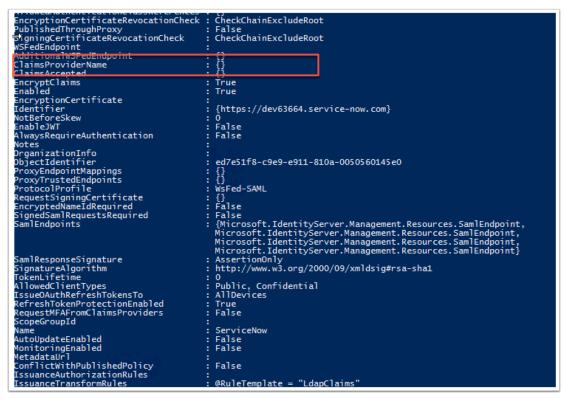
Observe you weren't prompted to chose the claim provider as in the original test.

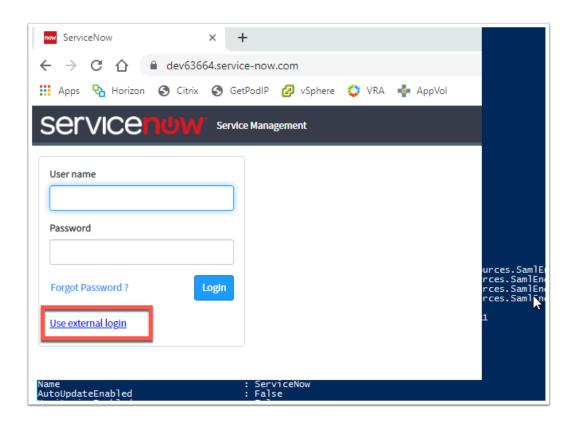
**NOTE**: In order to reverse the above simply re-add Active Directory as another claims provider or leave blank to set to defualt.

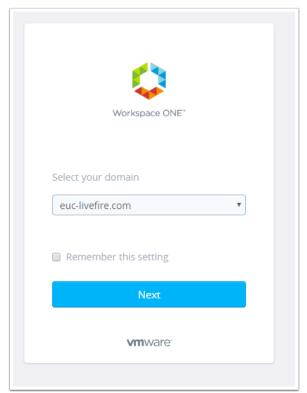
Set-AdfsRelyingPartyTrust -TargetName "ServiceNow" -ClaimsProviderName @("WorkspaceONE Access", "Active Directory")











# Day 3

## **Authentication Method - iOS SSO**

## Configuration for Single-Sign-On on native applications

In this section we will first configure the necessary pre-requirements for the last mile configuration of Mobile SSO.

There are two common options for a Certificate Authority:

- 1. Customers might want to use their own internal Certificate Authority for issuing certificates
- 2. Workspace ONE UEM can act as the certificate authority and issue certificates to devices for authentication against Workspace ONE Access.

In this specific lab we will leverage **option 2**, where Workspace ONE is the Certificate Authority and we will need to export the Root Certificate used for Single Sign on and Import it into Workspace ONE Access.

There are also two options for Key Distribution Center (KDC):

- 1. Cloud Hosted, which means the KDC service is hosted by VMware in the cloud
- 2. On-Premise (LINUX only) where KDC service is running locally on the Workspace ONE Access server.

In this specific lab we will leverage **option 1**, as we are already leveraging the cloud hosted Workspace ONE Access server.

This lab is divided into 4 parts

Part 1: Mobile Single Sign-On Configuration for IOS based Applications

Part 2: IOS Device Configuration for Single Sign On Part 3: IOS Device enrollment in Workspace ONE UEM

Part 4: Microsoft Word Single Sign On

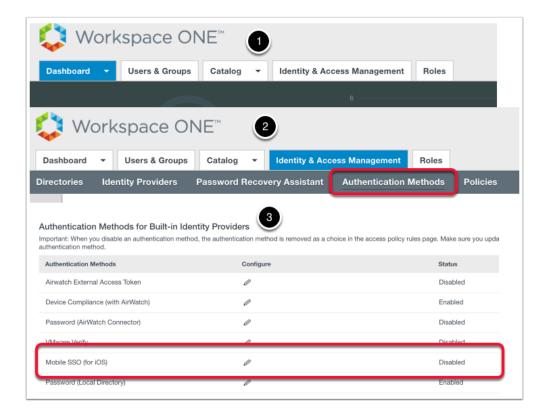
- 1. Mobile Single Sign-On Configuration for IOS based Applications
- If you not already done so, navigate to the WorkspaceONE UEM console https://cn-livefire.awmdm.com and sign in with your e-mail address and password

- In Admin Console select Groups & Settings > All Settings
- 2. Under System > select Enterprise Integration
- 3. Under Enterprise Integration select VMware Identity Manager
- 4. Under VMware Identity Manager select Configuration
- 5. Next to **Certificate Provisioning** select ENABLE (possibly already enabled)
- 6. Scroll down until you find the **Certificate** section and next to **Issuer Certificate** select **EXPORT**

This will be the root certificate used to validate incoming certificate auth requests for IOS mobile devices. We need to now navigate to the Auth Adapter in Workspace ONE Access



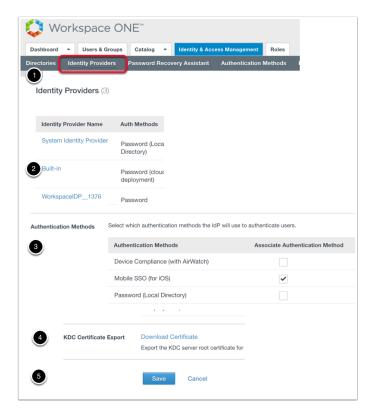
- Navigate to your assigned Workspace ONE Access Server server and login the Admin Console using the local directory admin account. In the Tenant Admin Console select your Administration Console
  - 1. Select Identity & Access Management
  - 2. Under Identity & Access Management > Manage select Authentication Methods
  - 3. Under **Authentication Methods for Built-In Identity Providers** select then click the **Pencil** next to **Mobile SSO (for iOS)**



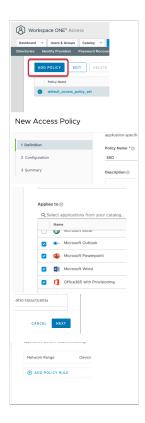
- In the Mobile SSO (for IOS) window select the following:
  - 1. Click **Enable KDC Authentication check box**. Leave as default next to **Realm:** as **VIDMPREVIEW.COM** (must be in all CAPS)
  - 2. Next to **Root and Intermediate CA Certificates**, select **Select File** (step 1.6 earlier)
  - 3. Select the VidmAirWatchRootCertificate.cer file and select Open
  - 4. On the **Update Auth Adapter** window select **OK**
  - 5. Next to **Enterprise Device Management Server URL** enter your Workspace ONE UEM url <a href="https://cn-livefire.awmdm.com">https://cn-livefire.awmdm.com</a>
  - 6. Select Save
  - 7. Mobile SSO (for IOS) should now be enabled



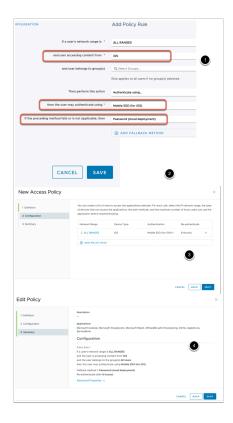
- We will now associate the Built-in IDP with the IOS Single Sign On method in order configure our Access Policies
  - 1. Under Identity & Access Management > Manage select Identity Providers
  - 2. Under Identity Providers, select the Built-in IDP
  - 3. Under Authentication Methods select the Mobile SSO (for iOS) checkbox
  - 4. Next to KDC Certificate Export select Download Certificate
  - 5. Scroll down and select Save



- We will now configure an Application Level Access Policy
- Under Identity & Access Policies > Manage select Policies
  - 1. Select ADD POLICY
  - 2. In the New Access Policy wizard under Policy Name type SSO
  - 3. To the bottom of the Definition section under Applies to select the following checkboxes
    - Microsoft Outlook
    - Microsoft Powerpoint
    - Microsoft Word
    - Office 365 with Provisioning
    - OKTA
    - Onedrive
    - Salesforce
    - ServiceNow
  - 4. Select NEXT
  - 5. In the Configuration section select + ADD POLICY RULE



- Access Policies to support IOS devices continued...
  - 1. On the Add policy Rule page next to:
    - 1. "and user accessing content from" select from the dropdown iOS
    - 2. "then the user may authenticate using" from the dropdown select Mobile SSO (for iOS)
    - 3. "if the preceding method fails or is not applicable then" select from the dropdown Password (Cloud Deployment)
  - 2. Select Save
  - 3. On the New Access Policy Configuration window Select Next
  - 4. On the **Summary** page, review your configurations and select **Save**



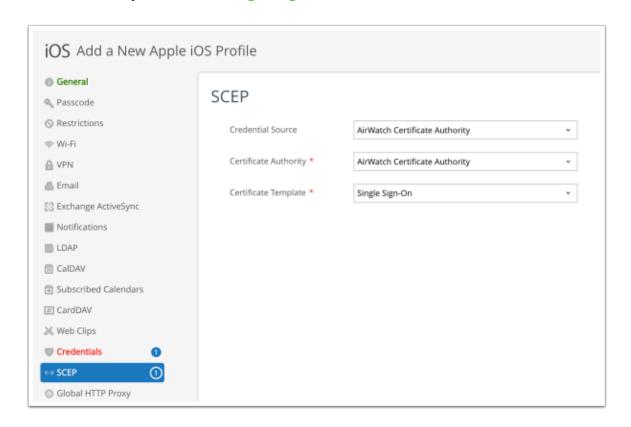
## Part 2: IOS Device Configuration for Single Sign On

- 1. We will now ensure that the devices are receiving our certificates to authenticate to native mobile apps using iOS SSO.
- Return to the Workspace ONE UEM console cn-livefire.awmdm.com
  - 1. Select Devices > Profiles & Resources >
  - 2. Under **Profiles** click **ADD** > Add Profile
  - 3. Under Add Profile, select Apple iOS
  - 4. In the IOS add a New Apple iOS Profile under General add the following: Next to-
    - 1. Name the profile iOS Mobile SSO
    - 2. Next to **Smart Groups** select **your Organisation Group**
  - 5. In the left navigation pane of the profile, select SCEP
  - 6. In the SCEP section in the middle of the pane select CONFIGURE



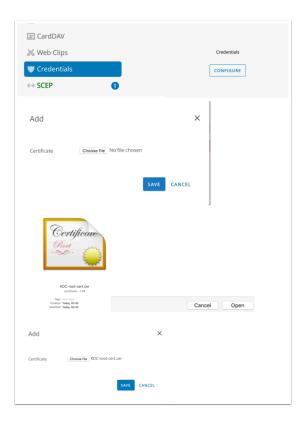
#### 2. IOS Device Configuration for Single Sign On...

- 1. In the **SCEP window** add the following, next to:
  - 1. Credential Source: select AirWatch Certificate Authority,
  - 2. Certificate Authority select AirWatch Certificate Authority, (it should default)
  - 3. Certificate Template select Single Sign-On (it should default)



#### 3. IOS Device Configuration for Single Sign On...

- iOS Add a New Apple iOS Profile cont...
  - 1. On the left navigation pane above **SCEP** select **Credentials** select **configure**.
  - 2. In the Credentials window add the following, next to:-
    - Next to Certificate select UPLOAD, In the Add window, select Choose file select the KDC-roo-cert.cer file and select Open. In the Add window select SAVE. (Part 1 step 4.4 we downloaded the certificate)



#### 4. IOS Device Configuration for Single Sign On...

- iOS Add a New Apple iOS Profile cont...
  - 1. In the left navigation pane **scroll down** and select **Single Sign-On**
  - 2. In the Single Sign-On section select **Configure**
  - 3. In the Single Sign-On window Fill in the Following information next to:-
    - 1. Account Name: Kerberos
    - 2. Kerberos Principal Name + {EnrollmentUser}
    - Realm VIDMPREVIEW.COM (ENSURE to do this in CAPS)
    - 4. Renewal Certificate SCEP #1
    - 5. **URL Prefixes** enter your unique vidm tenant (example <a href="https://aweuclivefire.vidmpreview.com">https://aweuclivefire.vidmpreview.com</a>)
    - 6. Under the **Applications** section
      - 1. select +ADD below Application Bundle ID to add an extra line
      - 2. Under **Application Bundle ID** add each of these apps as separate lines

com.microsoft.Office.Word

com.air-watch.agent

com.air-watch.appcenter

com.apple.mobilesafari

com.apple.SafariViewService

- 1. Select SAVE AND PUBLISH
- 2. On the View Device Assignment window select PUBLISH

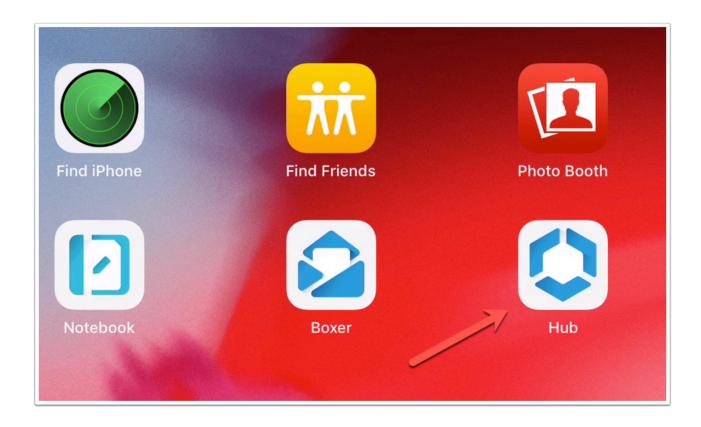
Once an iOS Device is enrolled you will see the profile and the certificates appear in the settings of the device.

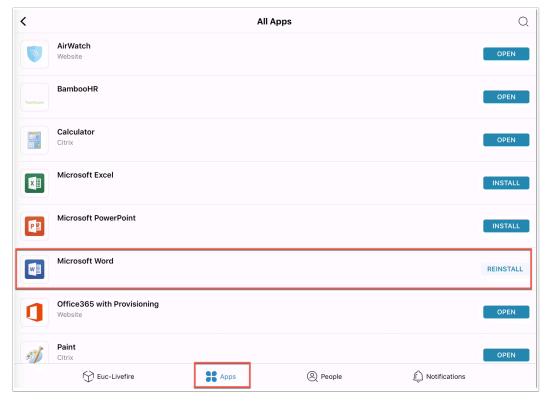


### Part 3: Microsoft Word Single Sign On

Now the we have setup the device with the profile. Let's make sure we have the Microsoft Word Application installed.

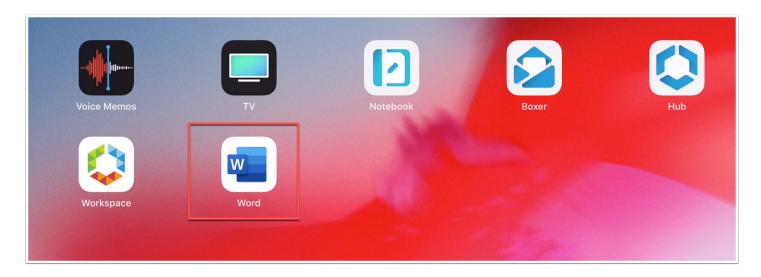
- 1. Open the **Hub** application on your iOS device and authenticate using your biometrics or pin.
- 2. Select **Apps** at the bottom navigation and click **All Apps**. You will now see Microsoft Word Click **Install** if it isn't already installed

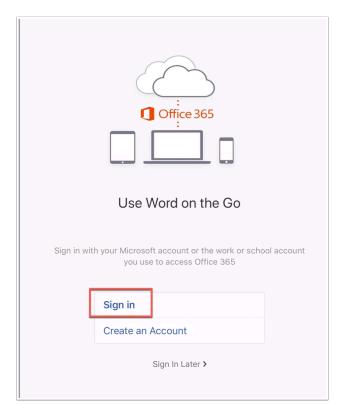




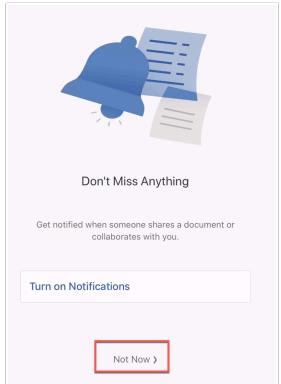
- 1. Once the Microsoft Word application has installed you will now authenticate to the application using MobileSSO. Launch the Word application on your iOS device.
- 2. When prompted click **sign in**. Use the UPN of the unique user you create in the SFDC lab (ie user33buk@madrid33.euc-livefire.com) and click **Next**

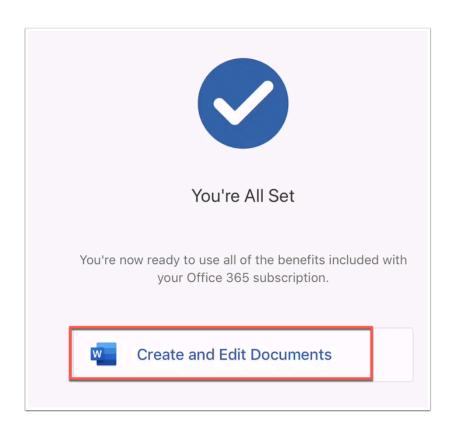
- 3. At his point the Mobile Single sign on for iOS will kick in and leverage the certificate on the device for authentication. You will see a screen that says activating.
- 4. On the Notification prompt click Not Now
- 5. Now click Create and Edit Documents to get started using the Word application
- 6. When you click on **Settings** you will see under **Account** the uniqueuser@XXX.euc-livefire.com. Notice you didn't have to use a username or password to authenticate. This is the user experience that so many enterprises desire for authentication.

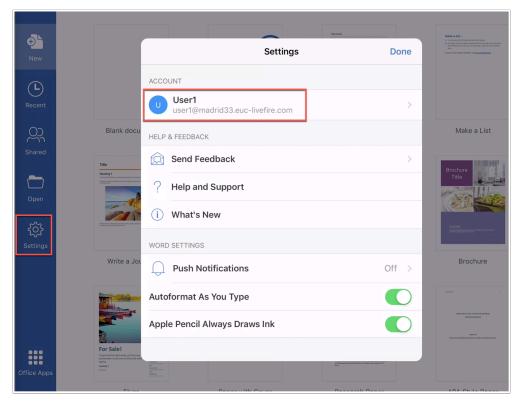












# Authentication Method - Android SSO

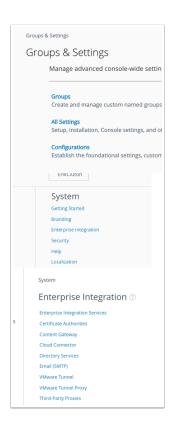
# Configure Single-Sign-on for Android Device from the Workspace ONE UEM Admin Console

Pre-requisites to this lab

- For this lab you will need an Android Device that you are willing to enroll into this lab environment.
- 2. If you do not have an Android test device, please complete Android emulator setup, from Day 1 lab, before proceeding.

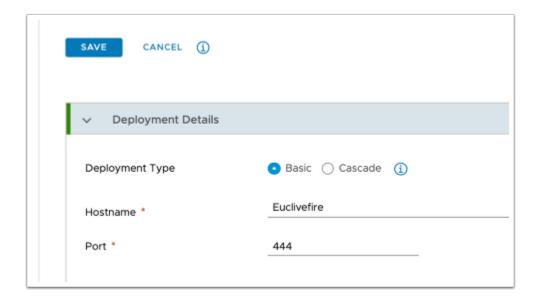
# Part 1: Configuring Workspace ONE Access for Android Mobile SSO

- 1.1 In this section we will download a certificate from WorkspaceONE UEM and use to configure Android Mobile SSO in Workspace ONE Access. After we will round all the remaining Workspace ONE Access configurations.
- Login to WorkspaceONE UEM with your custom credentials
  - 1. Select GROUPS & SETTINGS > All Settings
  - 2. Under **System** select **Enterprise Integration**
  - 3. Under Enterprise Integration select VMware Tunnel



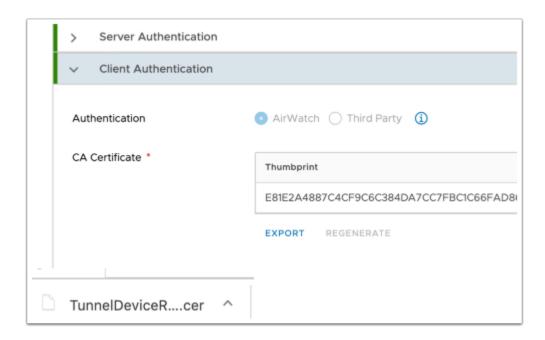
#### 1.2 On the **Tunnel Configuration** page enter the following

- Next to Hostname: EUClivefire (this can be anything)
- Port: 444 (this can be anything)
- At the top of the page select SAVE



### 1.3 Expand Client Authentication

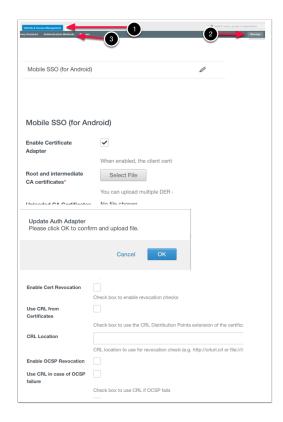
- Below Thumbprint select EXPORT
- Note the name of the certificate is TunnelDeviceRootCertificate.cer



#### 1.4 Login to your SaaS instance of Workspace ONE Access

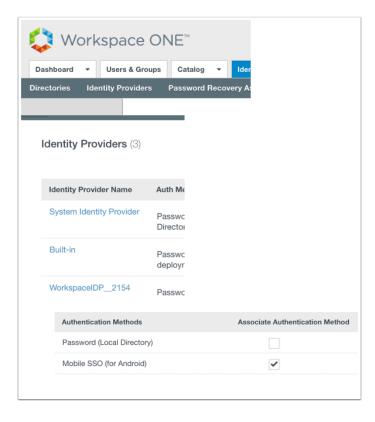
- Select the Identity & Access Management tab select Manage and then select Authentication Methods
- 2. Under Authentication methods select the Pencil Icon next to Mobile SSO (for Android)
- 3. On the Mobile SSO (for Android) window select the following: Next to

- Enable Certificate Adapter: select the checkbox
- Root and Intermediate CA certificates click on the Select File button, choose the TunnelDeviceRootCertificate.cer file you downloaded earlier and select Open. On the Update Auth Adapter window select OK
- Use CRL from Certificates: Uncheck the checkbox
- Use CRL in case of OCSP failure: Uncheck the checkbox
- At the bottom of the page select Save



### 1.5 On the **Identity & Access Management** tab > **Manage ...**

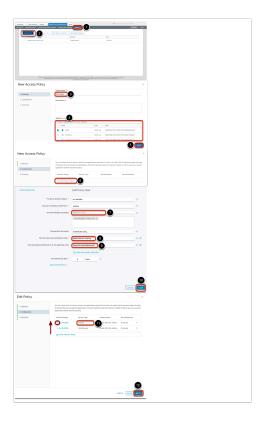
- , select Identity Providers
  - 1. On the **Identity Providers** window, select **Built-in**
  - 2. Under the Authentication Methods area select Mobile SSO (for Android) checkbox
  - 3. Select Save



#### 1.6 On the **Identity & Access Management** tab > **Manage**,

**NOTE** If you have done the **MOBILE SSO lab for IOS** previously, SKIP 1.6 and GO to Step 1.7 and we will **EDIT** the existing **SSO** Policy

- 1.Select Policies
  - 1. Select Add Policy.
  - 2. On the **New Access Policy** Page, enter a policy name: **SSO** Policy
  - 3. Under **Applies to** section, select **ALL** the applications **except** AirWatch & AirWatch Provisioning.
  - 4. Hit Next.
  - 5. select +ADD POLICY RULE
  - 6. On Add Policy Rule page add the following, next to:
    - and user accessing content from \* : Android
    - and user belongs to group(s): Marketing@euc-livefire.com
    - then the user may authenticate using\*: Mobile SSO (for Android)
    - if the preceding method fails or is not applicable, then \*: Password (cloud deployment)
    - Select SAVE
  - Ensure that Android Mobile SSO is the top of the order, above Web Browser (if present), if not select the 6 dots next to ALL RANGES, and drag upwards select NEXT
  - 8. On the **Summary** page select SAVE



#### 1.7 On the **Identity & Access Management** tab > **Manage**,

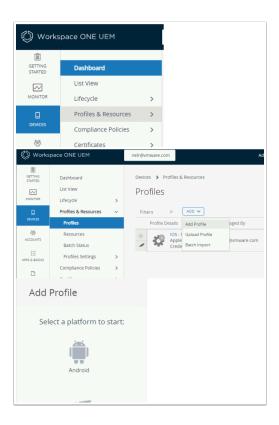
**NOTE** This section is for attendees that are doing both the Mobile IOS and Android lab.

- Select Policies
  - 1. Select the radio button next ot SSO and select EDIT.
  - 2. On the **Edit Policy** Page, select step **2 Configuration**
  - 3. Select +ADD POLICY RULE
  - 4. On Add Policy Rule page add the following, next to:
    - and user accessing content from \* : Android
    - and user belongs to group(s): Marketing@euc-livefire.com
    - then the user may authenticate using\*: Mobile SSO (for Android)
    - if the preceding method fails or is not applicable, then \*: Password (cloud deployment)
    - Select SAVE
  - 5. Ensure that **Android Mobile SSO** is top of the order, above **Web Browser**, if not select the **6 dots** next to **ALL RANGES**, and *drag upwards* select **NEXT**
  - 6. On the **Summary** page select **SAVE**



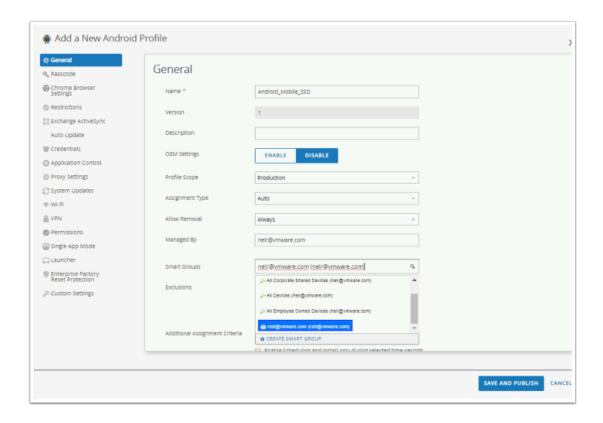
# Part 2. Configuring Single-Sign-on for Android: Android VPN Profile

- **2.1.** We have just configured the Workspace ONE Access Android SSO auth Adaptor, we will now configure the Android VPN profile and add a version to the profile in Workspace ONE UEM.
  - Login to your Saas Workspace ONE UEM Admin Console
    - Configuring Per App Tunnel Profile for Android
    - 1. In the **Workspace ONE UEM** admin console, select **Devices** > Profiles & Resources
    - 2. Under Profiles & Resources select Profiles > ADD dropdown, then select Add Profile
    - 3. On the **Add Profile** window, select **Android**.



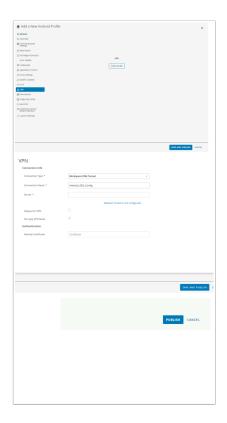
# 2.2 Configuring Single-Sign-on for Android

- Configuring Per App Tunnel Profile for Android cont..
- In the Add a New Android Profile window configure the following...
  - 1. In the left column select General and configure only the following: Next to -
    - 1. Name type Android\_Mobile\_SSO
    - 2. **Smart Groups**: **YOUR ORGANISATIONAL GROUP**. (scroll to the bottom and select the line with the world)



### 2.3 Configuring Single-Sign-on for Android

- Configuring Per App Tunnel Profile for Android cont..
- In the Add a New Android Profile window configure the following...
  - 1. In the left column, select **VPN** and select **Configure**.
    - 1. In the **VPN** window configure the following next to:-
      - 1. Connection Type: Workspace ONE Tunnel
      - 2. Connection Name: Android SSO Config
      - 3. Server: (leave default)
      - 4. Per-App VPN Rules: checkbox enabled
    - 2. Select SAVE AND PUBLISH
    - 3. On View Device Assignment window select PUBLISH



# Part 3: Configuring an Android Native applications for a Per App VPN Profile in WorkspaceONE UEM for SSO

3.1

- Ensure you are logged into your Workspace ONE UEM admin console with your Admin credentials
  - In the Workspace ONE UEM Admin Console select APPS & BOOKS > Applications > Native
  - 2. Under Native next to Internal select Public and then select + ADD APPLICATION
  - 3. On the Add Application window add the following: -
    - Next to Platform select Android
    - Next to Source leave the default SEARCH APP STORE
    - Next Name type Outlook
    - At the bottom of the Page select NEXT
  - 4. In the Add Application window select Microsoft Outlook
  - 5. On the Microsoft Outlook: window click on the Select button
  - 6. On the Microsoft Outlook Access: window click on the APPROVE button
  - 7. On the on the **Microsoft Outlook APPROVAL SETTINGS** window click on the **SAVE** button
  - 8. In the Edit Application Microsoft Outlook window select SAVE & ASSIGN
  - 9. On the Microsoft Outlook Update Assignment page . select ADD ASSIGNMENT
  - 10. On the Microsoft Outlook Add Assignment page next to Select Assignment Groups select All Devices ,

- 11. Next to **App Delivery Method** select the AUTO **radio button**
- 12. Next to **App Tunneling** select **ENABLED**. Next to **Android\*** select your **Android\_Mobile\_SSO@\*** profile
- 13. Next Application Configuration select Configure

• Next to the following add the respective configuration under the Value area

email address
 domain of user account
 username
 UserPrincipalName
 UserPrincipalName

server authentication method
 account type
 ModernAuth
 ModernAuth

Focused inbox
 Contact sync enabled
 Suggested replies enabled
 Enable
 Enable

- 14. Select Save > Select ADD
- 15. Select **SAVE AND PUBLISH** > **PUBLISH**
- 16. You should now have Outlook for Android in your Apps & Books > Applications console



#### 3.3

- In the APPS & BOOKS > Applications > Native > Public tab continued...
  - 1. Select +ADD APPLICATION
  - 2. In the **Add Application** window next to: Select

Platform\*: Android

Name\*: VMware Tunnel

select NEXT

3. In the Add Application window select Tunnel - Workspace ONE

- 4. In the **Tunnel Workspace ONE** section, click the **SELECT** button
- 5. Select SAVE & ASSIGN
- On the Tunnel Workspace ONE- Update Assignment window select ADD ASSIGNMENT
- 7. In the VMware Workspace ONE Tunnel Add Assignment window next to
  - Select Assignment Groups: All Devices
  - App Delivery Method: Auto radio button
- 8. At the bottom of the page select ADD
- 9. Select SAVE & PUBLISH
- 10. Select PUBLISH



#### 3.4 Configuring Sales Force for native Android Single Sign-On

- In the WorkspaceONE UEM console, select APPS & BOOKS > Applications > Native
  - 1. In the **List View** interface select **Public**, select + **ADD APPLICATION**
  - 2. In Add Application window, select the following, next to:-
    - Platform\*: Android
    - Name\*: Salesforce
  - 3. At the bottom of the **Add Application** window, select **NEXT**
  - 4. In the Add Application window under Apps select Salesforce
  - 5. In the Add Application window under Salesforce click SELECT
  - 6. On the Edit Application Salesforce window, select SAVE & ASSIGN
  - 7. On the Salesforce Update Assignment window select ADD ASSIGNMENT
  - 8. On the Salesforce Add Assignment window select and update the following next to:-
    - Select Assignment Groups: All Devices
    - App Delivery Method\*: Auto radio button

- App Tunneling: toggle Enabled
  - Android\*: Android Mobile SSO
- 9. Next to **Application Configuration** select **Configure**. You will notice a whole range of additional configurations now become available
- 10. Next to the Title **AppServiceHosts** 
  - Under the middle area type in your custom Salesforce domain
  - e.g. sanjose35-dev-ed.my.salesforce.com
  - At the bottom of the Salesforce Application Configuration page select SAVE
  - At the bottom of the Salesforce Add Assignment window select ADD
- 11. On the Salesforce Update Assignment window select SAVE AND PUBLISH
- 12. On the Preview Assigned Devices window select PUBLISH



- 3.5 Configuring BAMBOOHR for native Android Single Sign-On
- 1. In the WorkspaceONE UEM console, select APPS & BOOKS > Applications > Native
  - Under the Pubic select +ADD APPLICATION
- 2. In **Add Application** window, select the following, next to:-
  - Platform\*: Android
  - Name\*: BAMBOOHR
  - Select NEXT
- 3. In the Add Application window under Apps select BambooHR
- 4. In the Add Application window under BambooHR click Select
- 5. On the Edit Application BambooHR window, select SAVE & ASSIGN
- 6. On the BambooHR Update Assignment window select ADD ASSIGNMENT
- 7. On the BambooHR Add Assignment window select and update the following next to:-

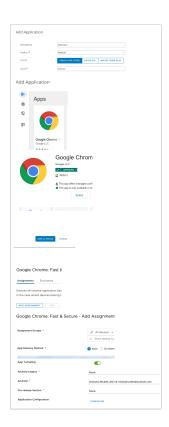
- Assignment Groups: All Devices
- App Delivery Method\*: Auto radio button
- App Tunneling: toggle Enabled
   Android\*: Android Mobile SSO
- Next to Application Configuration: NOTE This App doesn't support app configuration...
- 8. At the bottom of the **BambooHR Add Assignment** window select **ADD**
- 9. On the BambooHR Update Assignment window select SAVE AND PUBLISH
- 10. On the Preview Assigned Devices window select PUBLISH
  - This application does not support the SDK we will therefore have to manually configure the native application settings on the device



#### 3.6 Configuring your Chrome Browser for Single-Sign ON

- Certain Applications like Chrome integrate with your Browser. You will have to configure your browser for single-sign ON as well
  - 1. In the APPS & BOOKS > Applications > Native > Public tab continued...
  - 2. Select +ADD APPLICATION
  - 3. In the **Add Application** window next to: Select
    - Platform\* : AndroidName\*: Chrome
    - 1. select **NEXT**
  - 4. In the top of the Add Application window select Google Chrome Fast & Secure
  - 5. On the Edit Application Google Chrome Fast & Secure select SAVE & ASSIGN

- 6. On the **Google Chrome: Fast & Secure -** Update Assignment window select **ADD ASSIGNMENT**
- 7. In the **Google Chrome** Add Assignment window next to
  - Select Assignment Groups: All Devices
  - App Delivery Method: Auto radio button
- 8. Next to **App Tunneling** select **ENABLED** ( two new sections are added)
  - Android\*: Android\_Mobile\_SSO
- 9. At the bottom of the page select ADD
- 10. Select SAVE & PUBLISH
- 11. Select PUBLISH



# **Part 4: Configuring VMware Tunnel Component**

For this lab to work we need to ensure you have a Published Application like Microsoft Word. If you are comfortable with Workspace ONE UEM you can use any application you choose, but you will need to Publish it and ensure you have a native version on your Android Device.

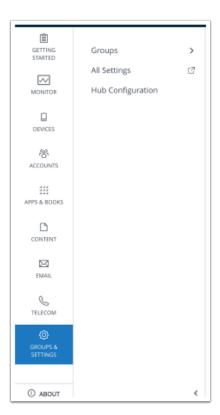
Configure single sign-on for Android devices to allow users to sign in securely to enterprise apps, without entering their password.

#### **About this task**

To configure single-sign-on for Android devices, you do not need to configure the VMware Tunnel, but you configure single sign-on using many of the same fields

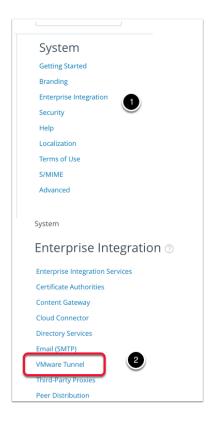
#### 4.1

- · Configuring Single-Sign-on for Android
  - 1. Ensure you launch your on your Control center desktop and launch your browser to enter <a href="https://cn-livefire.awmdm.com">https://cn-livefire.awmdm.com</a>
  - 2. Log into your **Workspace ONE UEM** admin console with your Admin credentials.
  - In the Workspace ONE UEM admin console, select GROUPS & SETTINGS, select All Settings



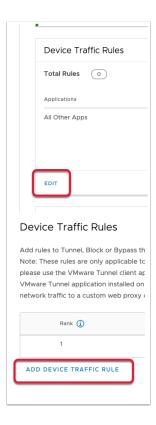
# 4.2 Configuring Single-Sign-on for Android.... continued

- Configuring VMware Tunnel Component...
  - 1. Under **System** select **Enterprise Integration**
  - 2. Select VMware Tunnel.



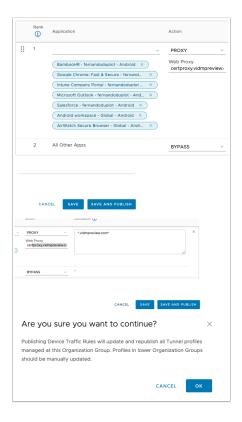
# 4.3 Configuring Single-Sign-on for Android.... continued

- In the Device Traffic Rules section section select EDIT
  - To the left of the Device Traffic Rules window select ADD DEVICE TRAFFIC RULE



# 4.4 Configuring Single-Sign-on for Android.... continued

- Configuring VMware Tunnel Component...
- Next to Rank # 1, under Application in the drop down select BambooHR, Chrome: Fast & Secure, Intune Company Portal, Microsoft Outlook, Salesforce, Android Workspace and Airwatch Secure Browser.
  - Under Action from the dropdown select PROXY
  - Under Web Proxy type certproxy.vidmpreview.com:5262
  - Under **Destination** type \*.vidmpreview.com
  - Next to Rank # 2, under Application leave (all other Apps) under action select BYPASS
  - 3. Select SAVE AND PUBLISH
  - 4. On the Are you sure you want to continue? window select OK



#### 4.4

- On your Mobile Device, wait until all your apps have been deployed. That being Microsoft
  Outlook; BambooHR; Salesforce, Intune Company Portal, Android Workspace,
  Airwatch Secure Browser and Chrome and VMware Tunnel
- Look to be prompted for the following message: Connection request. Tunnel wants to set up a VPN connection.... You have the option to select Cancel and OK. Select OK



# Part 5: Testing Mobile SSO for Android

- 5.1 We will test Mobile SSO using the Microsoft OUTLOOK Application
- Ensure your Android Mobile device is enrolled into your custom environment
  - 1. On your Android device you should see a **Microsoft Outlook** application natively installed with a **Lock** as part of it. **Open** the **Microsoft Outlook** Application
  - 2. On the **Outlook** page select **GET STARTED**
  - 3. In the **Add account window** type your **email address**, eg. user35crsj@sanjose35.euc-livefire.com select **CONTINUE**
  - 4. On the User Account found select the checkbox
  - 5. To the bottom of the page select ADD ACCOUNT
  - 6. Enter your username in the Workspace ONE Access console, select Next
  - 7. If you are prompted for password, its an indication you **Mobile SSO for Android** has failed. Cancel the authentication. Do NOT Sign IN. (Possibly reach out to your instructor)
  - 8. On the **Account added** window select **SKIP**
  - 9. Notice you are now at your Outlook Inbox
  - Close and re-open your Outlook client and you will see a seamless Mobile SSO experience.



### 5.2. Testing Mobile SSO for Salesforce

- On your Android device, choose your Work profile
  - 1. Select the **Salesforce icon**
  - 2. On the terms and conditions select I AGREE
  - 3. On your login notice you have the option at the bottom **OR Log in using:** *your custom domain.* Select *your custom domain*
  - 4. In the Salesforce for Android window select Allow
  - 5. Notice you are now in your Salesforce application for the first time. Close the application an re-open.



# 5.3 Testing Mobile SSO for BambooHR

- On your Android Device select your BambooHR application
  - 1. In the **bambooHR** window type in your *custom domain* in the **yourdomain**.boomboohr.com section
    - · eg. sanjose35.bamboohr.com
    - select Continue
  - 2. Select the LOG IN WITH OKTA button
  - 3. On the **Welcome to Chrome** window select Accept & Continue
  - 4. On the **Sign in to Chrome** select **No thanks**
  - 5. On the Workspace ONE console enter your username and select Next
    - 1. Notice your Okta Routing rules redirect to Workspace ONE VIDM and authenticate and the you are granted access to BambooHR



# Part 6. consolidating what we've larned

6.1

- Repeat part 3 and 4 for Microsoft Word , Powerpoint , ONE drive and Excel
  - We will do Microsoft Word as an example,
  - 1. In the APPS & BOOKS > Applications > Native > Public tab continued...
  - 2. Select +ADD APPLICATION
  - 3. In the **Add Application** window next to: Select
  - 4. Platform\*: Android
  - 5. Name\*: Microsoft Word
  - 6. select **NEXT**
  - 7. In the Add Application window select Microsoft Word
  - 8. In the **Microsoft Word** section, click the **SELECT** button
  - 9. Select SAVE & ASSIGN
  - 10. On the Microsoft Word Update Assignment window select +ADD ASSIGNMENT
  - 11. In the Microsoft Word Add Assignment window next to
    - Select Assignment Groups: All Devices
    - App Delivery Method: AUTO
    - App Tunneling: ENABLED
      - Android\*: Android\_Mobile\_SSO
  - 12. At the bottom of the page select ADD
  - 13. Select SAVE & PUBLISH

#### 14. Select PUBLISH

- repeat this process for the rest of the applications
- 6.2 . Configuring Network Traffic Rules
- In the Workspace ONE UEM console, select GROUPS & SETTINGS > ALL Settings >
   Enterprise Integration > VMware Tunnel
- In the Device Traffic Rules add Microsoft Word, Excel, PowerPoint and OneDrive to the existing Webproxy configuration

# Windows 10 Certificate Single Sign On using an AirWatch Certificate Authority

In this lab you will be deploying a certificate to an enrolled Windows 10 virtual machine. This certificate will be generated by the built-in CA in Workspace ONE UEM.

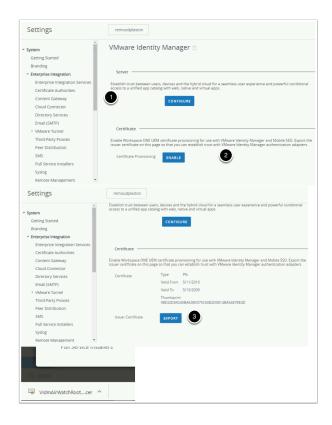
We will later configure Workspace ONE Access to trust certificates issues by UEM and configure the Certificate (Cloud Deployment) authentication adapter.

Finally we will test everything on a Windows 10 Machine to ensure we are able to have a seamless authentication experience.

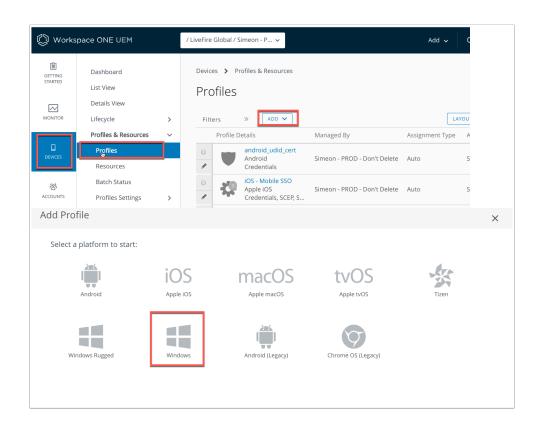
# Part 1: WorkspaceOne UEM - Certificate Profile

1

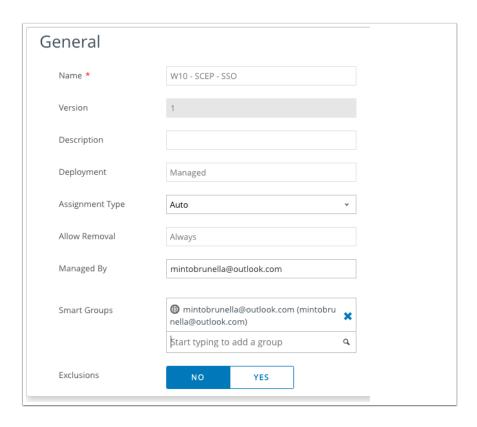
- Open Chrome on your ControlCenter2 jumpbox and navigate to <a href="https://cn-livefire.awmdm.com">https://cn-livefire.awmdm.com</a> Authenticate using your e-mail address and unique password
  - Navigate to Groups & Settings > All Settings > Enterprise Integration > VMware Identity Manager > Configuration
  - 2. Under Certificate select **ENABLE** (this should be enabled from a previous lab)
  - 3. Under Certificate next to Issuer Certificate select EXPORT

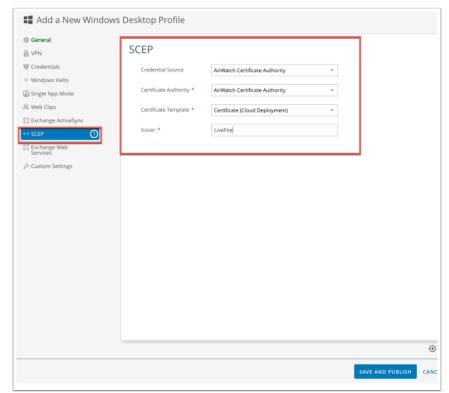


- 2. WorkspaceOne UEM Certificate Profile continued...
- Then navigate to Devices > Profiles & Resources > Profiles > ADD > Add Profile > Windows >
   Windows Desktop > User Profile Give it a name: W10 SCEP SSO.
- 2. Select your **Smart Group** with the **World icon** for the Smart Group
- 3. Select the **SCEP** payload on the left hand navigation panel.
- 4. Select **CONFIGURE**
- 5. Set the following
  - Credential Source: AirWatch Certificate Authority
  - Certificate Template: Certificate (Cloud Deployment)
  - Issuer: LiveFire
  - Click SAVE AND PUBLISH
- In the **Device Assignment** notice your device in the list of device being added. Then click PUBLISH





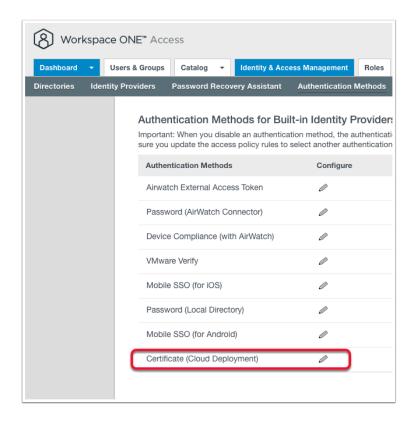


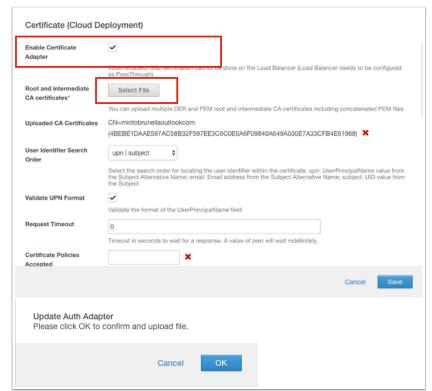


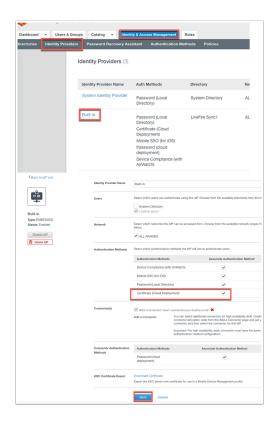


# Part 2: Configuring Workspace ONE Access Certificate (Cloud Deployment) Authentication

- 1. Configuring Workspace ONE Access Certificate (Cloud Deployment) Authentication
- In this next section, we will configure Workspace ONE Access Certificate Auth Adaptor to trust the certificates being presented by the devices.
  - 1. On your **ControlCenter** server, use your **unique Workspace ONE Access** server and authenticate to the local directory using administrator account and password.
  - 2. Under Identity & Access Management > Manage select Authentication Methods
  - 3. Click on the **Pencil** to Configure the **Certificate** (**Cloud Deployment**) authentication method.
  - Select the checkbox Enable Certificate Adapter and click Select File to upload the Certificate (VidmAirWatchRootCertificate.cer) you downloaded above in the UEM console.
  - 5. On the **Update Auth Adapter** window select **OK**
  - 6. Leave everything else in here as default and click **Save**.
  - Now navigate Identity Providers under Identity & Access Management click on Builtin
  - 8. Navigate to the **Authentication Methods** area and select the **check box** next to **Certificate (Cloud Deployment)** and select **Save** at the bottom of the page.







#### 2.

- Configuring Workspace ONE Access Certificate (Cloud Deployment)
   Authentication....continued
  - Navigate to Policies under Identity & Access Management then click on the SSO policy.
  - 2. Select Edit
  - 3. Next to Configuration select +ADD POLICY RULE.
  - 4. In the Add Policy Rule window add the following, next to:-
    - 'and user accessing content from' to Select Windows 10 from the drop down
    - then the user may authenticate using\* change to Certificate (Cloud Deployment)
    - "if the preceding method fails or is not applicable, then" change Select failback method... to Password (Cloud Deployment)
  - 5. Select **SAVE**
  - 6. Select +ADD POLICY RULE.
  - 7. In the **Add Policy Rule** window add the following, next to:-
    - 'and user accessing content from' select Web Browser from the drop down
    - then the user may authenticate using\* change to Certificate (Cloud Deployment)
    - "if the preceding method fails or is not applicable, then" change Select failback method... to Password (Cloud Deployment)
  - 8. Select SAVE,
  - 9. Next to ALL RANGES for Windows 10 on the left select the 6 DOTS and drag to the top
  - Select NEXT, select SAVE.



# Part 3: Windows 10 Single Sign On using Certificates

- Now that the administrative elements are in place we will now test the authentication flow from our Windows 10 VM.
  - On the ControlCenter2 VM on the desktop you will find the Remote Desktop folder. In this folder click double click on w10client01.RDP
  - Inside the Windows 10 Virtual Machine open Microsoft Edge from the desktop and type OFFICE.COM in the address bar
  - 3. In the **Office.com** page select **Sign In**
  - 4. In the **Sign in** window, type your **email address**. eg user35crsj@sanjose35.euclivefire.com.
  - 5. Select Next
  - 6. Notice now that you are being re-directed to **cas.vidmpreview.com** in the URL field and you are prompted for a **Certificate.**
  - 7. Click **OK** on the pop-up for your certificate and notice your are straight into your WorkspaceOne bookmarks Tab.
  - 8. Now click on any one of your **Office365 deeplinks** and notice your are authenticated without further credentials. If you get prompted to "Stay Signed in?" simply click **No.**
  - 9. You are now authenticated to your O365 environment using a certificate based authentication method.

This completes this lab.



# Windows 10 Compliance Workspace One UEM + Workspace ONE Access

# **Part 1: Workspace One UEM Compliance Rules**

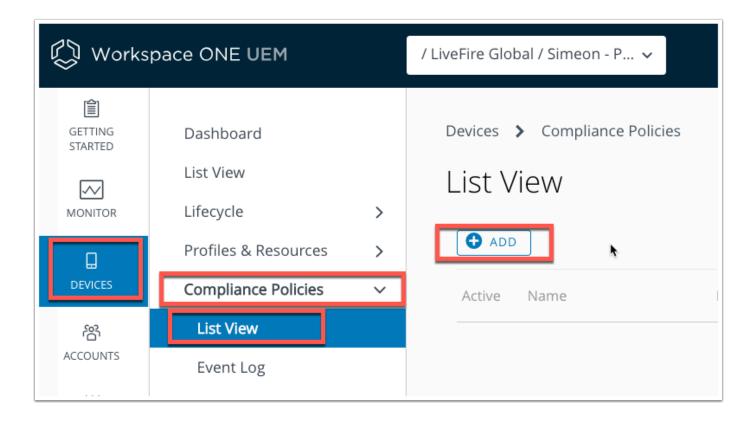
WorkspaceOne allows administrators to check the device posture in addition to the credentials provided for authentication. This ensure's that not only the provided credentials are valid, but also the device being used to access corporate resources is deemed secure and compliant. WorkspaceOne UEM has a robust compliance engine that allows administrator to set a standard for security on devices.

First you will be configuring a standard for compliance on Windows 10 using WorkspaceOne UEM

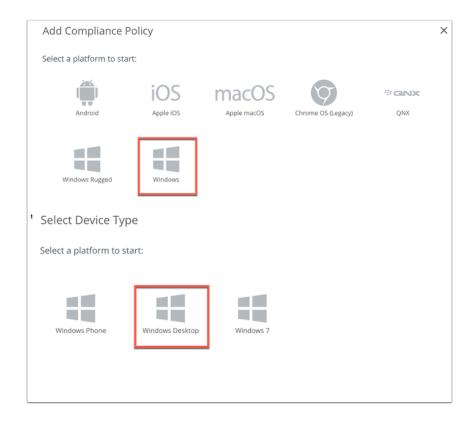
Second, you will be configuring Workspace ONE Access Access Policies to check the device compliance during the authentication process.

Third, you will bring this to life by authenticating to O365 using Workspace ONE Access certificate adapter in conjunction with device compliance.

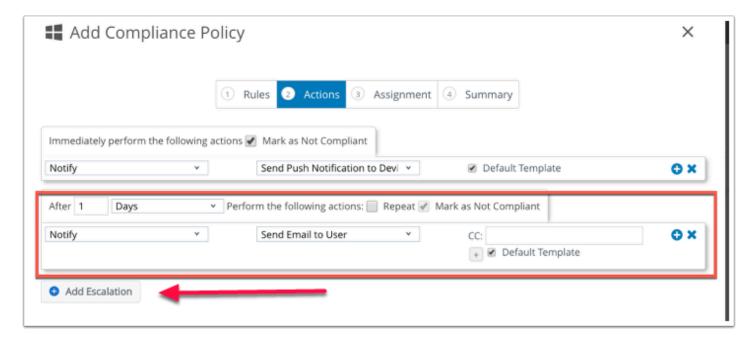
- 1. Let's begin with configuring our UEM compliance rules for Windows 10. (**Note**: that the same procedure can be used for Android and iOS, but in our scenario we will be dealing with Windows 10)
- Open the Workspace One UEM console on cn-livefire.awmdm.com and authenticate using your unique credentials. Navigate to Devices > Compliance Policies > List View and click + ADD



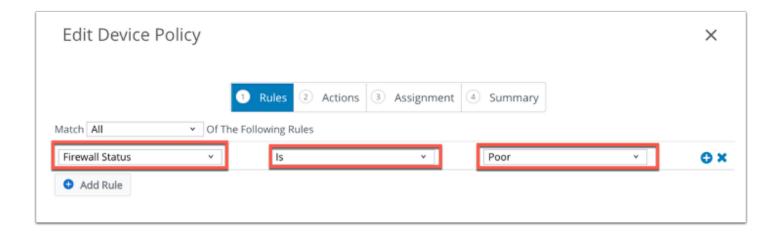
- 2. Select **Windows** from the **"Select a platform to start:"** window and select **Windows Desktop** from the next page as this one relates to Windows10 specifically.
- Select NEXT at the bottom of the page. We have now set our rule we will now select an
  action.



- 3. In the **Actions** tab validate the check box next to "**Mark as Not Compliant**" is selected.
- This will ensure that if our device does not follow the rules set in the previous page it will be flagged as not compliant. Now notice the drop down for the actions you can take. You could go as harsh as performing an enterprise wipe, or as subtle as notifying the user via a push notification.
- In the left dropdown leave Notify as the default and change Send Email to User to "Send Push Notification to Device" from the the action dropdown.
- Select + Add Escalation and leave as default. Notice you the user will be e-mailed after 1
  day of the rule still being broken. Click NEXT at the bottom of the page

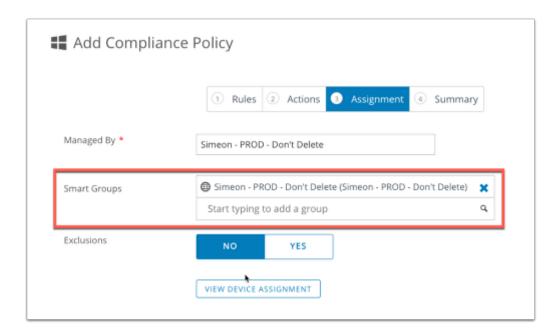


- 4. In the **Add Compliance Policy** page notice all the rules your can set in the left hand drop down. These are all the parameters an admin can set to determine whether a device is compliant with the organizations security rules. For this particular lab we will be dealing with the **Firewall Status**. Configure the following:-
- On the left under Match select the dropdown and change MDM Terms of Use Acceptance to Firewall Status
- In the 2nd drop down, this should automatically change to Is
- in the 3rd dropdown change Good to "Poor".

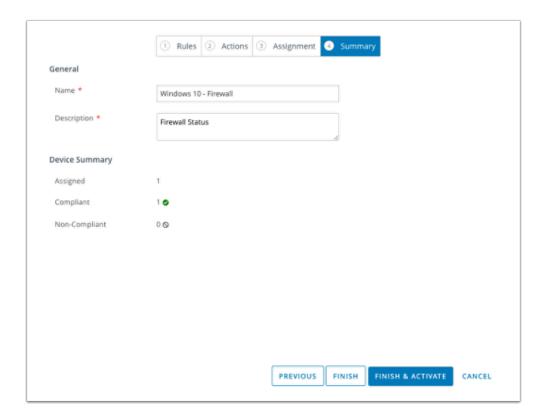


5. Under the **Assignment** tab next **Smart Groups** select your unique **Organization Group** marked with the **world** symbol.

#### Click **NEXT**



6. Under the **Summary** Tab change the default Name **Firewall Status** to - **Windows 10 - Firewall** and click **FINISH & ACTIVATE** at the bottom of the page.

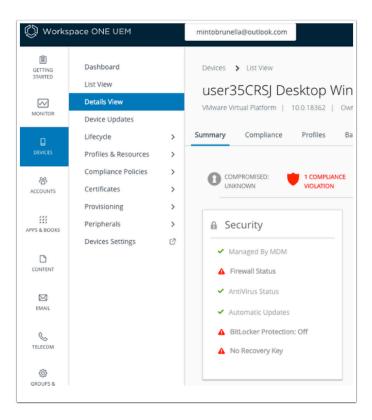


- 7. On your **Controlcenter** desktop, open the **Remote Desktop** folder.
- Select and RDP to the W10Client01 with username Administrator and password VMware1!
  - 1. On the windows 10 desktop select **Start** > **Run**
  - 2. In the **Run** window type **WF.msc**
  - In the Windows Defender for Firewall for Advanced Security select the Domain, Private and Public Profile and change the Firewall state from ON (recommended) to OFF, Select OK to close the Windows Defender Firewall window



8. Note! The Compliance Engine will now run (runs every 5 minutes by default) a check against the devices assigned to the Compliance Rule and report back to the Admin whether there are any device that have not passed the test. Since the Firewall is disabled on the Windows 10 Device we should get a flag stating it's non-compliant. This might take a while, so move on to the next section of the lab.

- Go back to your Workspace ONE UEM console, select Devices > Details View
- Notice now there is 1 COMPLIANCE VIOLATION and the Firewall Status is red



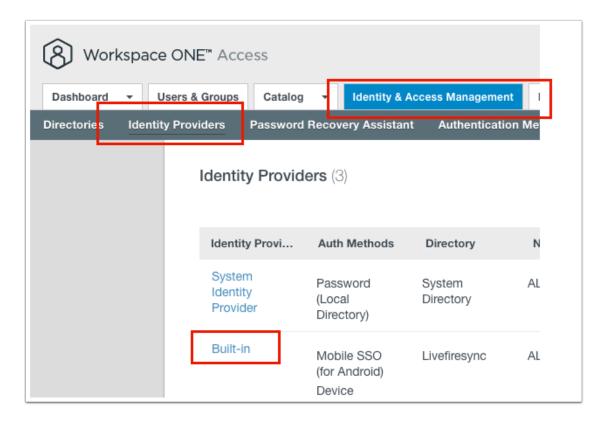
## Part 2: Workspace ONE Access Access Policy Device Compliance

1.

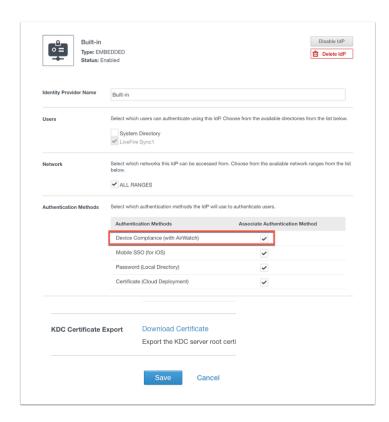
- Let's enable Device Compliance from AirWatch then enable Authentication Method in the **Built-In** Identity Providers .
  - Navigate to your unique Workspace ONE Access tenant and authenticate as System Admin
  - 2. Navigate to Identity & Access Management Tab > Setup > AirWatch
  - 3. Scroll down to Compliance Check, select the **Enable radio button** and select **Save**



2. Open **Identity & Access Management** tab and select **Identity Providers**. On the page **Identity Providers** window select **Built-in** 



3. Scroll down to **Authentication Methods** and enable the **Device Compliance (with AirWatch)** checkbox and scroll down and select **Save** at the bottom of the page.



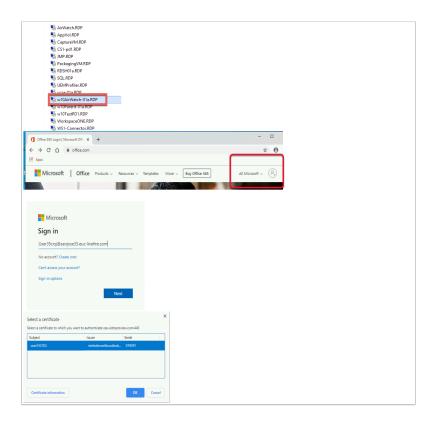
- Now Navigate and select Policies in the Identity & Access Management tab
  - 1. Next to the **SSO** policy select the radio button and select **EDIT**
  - 2. In the **Edit Policy** window select **Configuration**
  - 3. Select ALL RANGES next to the policy that applies to "Windows 10"
  - 4. In this policy you will see that **Certificate (Cloud Deployment)** is the primary authentication method that is being used. We will now add device compliance, as an additional Access requirement, to allow user access. Select the + next to **Certificate** (**Cloud Deployment**)
  - 5. Next to If the preceding method fails or is not applicable, then CHANGE Password (cloud deployment) to Select fallback method....
  - You will now have an "and" clause. In the dropdown select Device Compliance (AirWatch).
  - 7. Select **SAVE** at the bottom of the page.
  - 8. Select **NEXT** on the following page and **SAVE** again on the **Summary** of the **Edit Policy** page.



## **Part 3: Windows 10 Compliance in Action**

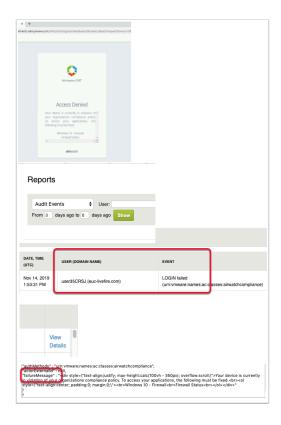
- 1. Windows 10 Compliance in Action
- We will now test for Compliance as an authentication method.
  - Navigate to the Desktop of the ControlCenter2 and open the Remote Desktop folder and launch an RDP session using the W10client01.RDP client.
  - Open Chrome within the W10 machine that was enrolled. Now type in Office.com.Select the sign-in to your account ICON on the right-hand side of the page.

- On the Sign In window type your custom user eg user35crsj@sanjose35.euclivefire.com, select Next
  - You will get a **pop up** from Chrome that will request you to select the appropriate certificate to use for authentication.
- 4. On the **Select a certificate** window select **OK**
- At this point Workspace ONE Access will check the validity of the certificate, but also send an API compliance query to Workspace ONE UEM to ensure the device is compliant (This is using the **UDID** that is present to vIDM in the certificate)

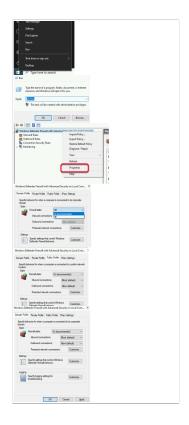


#### 2.

- You will notice an Access Denied message. We can also see this in the Event audits in Workspace ONE Access.
  - In your Workspace ONE Access tenant. Navigate to Dashboard > Reports > Audit Events and select Show
  - 2. Look for an event that is **LOGIN failed** with your custom user,
  - 3. To the right select **View Details.** Scroll down until you find the area **"failuremessage"** and read what it says.



- 3. Windows 10 Compliance in Action continued...
- Use your RDP connection and go back and enable the Windows Firewall on the Windows 10 machine.
  - 1. Select **Start** > **RUN** and type **wf.msc**
  - 2. Right click **Windows Defender Firewall with Advanced Security on Local Computer** and select **Properties**
  - 3. Re-enable the **Domain**, **Private** and **Public Profiles** by selecting the **dropdown** next **Firewall state** and change **Off** to **On** (**recommended**)
  - 4. Select **OK** to close the **Windows Defender Firewall with Advanced Settings on Local Computer**



4.

- Navigate back to your Workspace ONE UEM Console
  - 1. Select **Devices** > **List View** > and select your **Windows 10 device**
  - 2. It take about 5 minutes for your Status to change in Workspace ONE UEM. **Keep refreshing** your screen
    - 1. If **WNS status: Disconnected** shows then try rebooting your Windows 10 machine.
    - 2. If this does not work Select Query > Security and Query > Health Attestation
  - 3. You should now see the device listed as **compliant** and the **Firewall status** as green in the WorkspaceOne UEM console.



5

- Revert back to your Windows 10 virtual machine
  - 1. Open a browser and type Office.com
  - 2. On the right of the page select the **Sign into your accounts** ICON
  - 3. On the **Sign in** type your **custom user email address** eg. user35crsj@sanjose35.euc-livefire.com select **Next**
  - 4. On the **Select a certificate** window select **OK**
  - 5. On the **Stay signed In?** window select **NO**
  - 6. Notice the Single Sign-On using the **Certificate + the Compliance Check** against UEM worked successfully and you now have access to the application

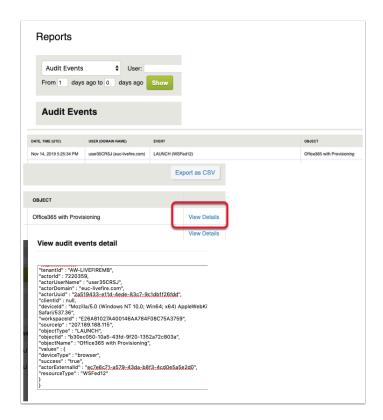


6.

- If you go to Workspace ONE Access, select the Dashboard > Reports > Audit Events
  - 1. Select Show,
    - notice the EVENT is LAUNCH and your User, the OBJECT is Office365 with Provisioning,
  - 2. Select View Details
  - 3. Notice Audit Events are reporting a successful login using Certificate (Cloud Deployment) and Device Compliance (with AirWatch).

•

This completes the **Windows 10 Compliance** with **Workspace ONE Access** and **Workspace ONE UEM Lab**. This is a single example of the many options for compliance that could be used not restricted to Windows 10, but also other platforms



## **Securing O365 with Workspace One UEM**

## Part 1: Configure Azure for Integration with Workspace ONE UEM

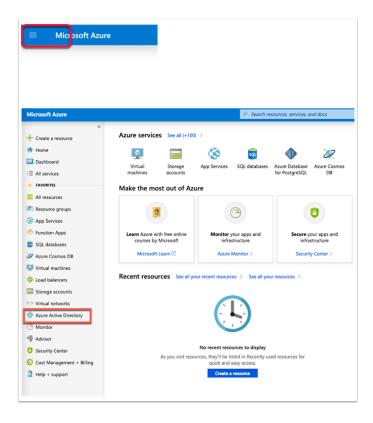
In this lab you will configure and apply data loss prevention (DLP) application policies to the Microsoft Intune App Protection applications and data in the Workspace ONE UEM console. Workspace ONE UEM does not directly enforce policies on applications. The Microsoft SDK controls and enforces the policies.

### **Pre-requisites:**

- **1.** Enterprise Mobility + Security E5 License (EM+S E5)
- 2. Admin credentials with access to Azure Active Directory with permissions to add enterprise applications and with the Group.Read.All and Group.ReadWrite.All permissions.

Note: Graph API does not support modern authentication. Hence can only use non federated Admin credential. Use \*onmicrosoft.com domain.

- 1. Login to **portal.azure.com** using your onmicrosoft admin account created in an earlier lab.
  - 1. On the landing page select the **=** 3 **horizontal lines** in the top-left hand corner to open the **admin menu**
  - 2. Select the **Azure Active Directory** from the left hand navigation pane.



- 2. In the left pane select Mobility (MDM and MAM)
  - 1. In the Mobility (MDM and MAM) select + Add application
  - Select the AirWatch by VMware application, scroll down to the bottom right-hand corner
  - 3. Select **Add** on the side panel that pops-up.
    - You should notice a brief **Added application** message with a green tick next to it
  - 4. Go back to **Mobility (MDM and MAM)** by selecting the **Mobility (MDM and MAM)** at the top of the screen
    - Notice you now have an AirWatch by VMware Application



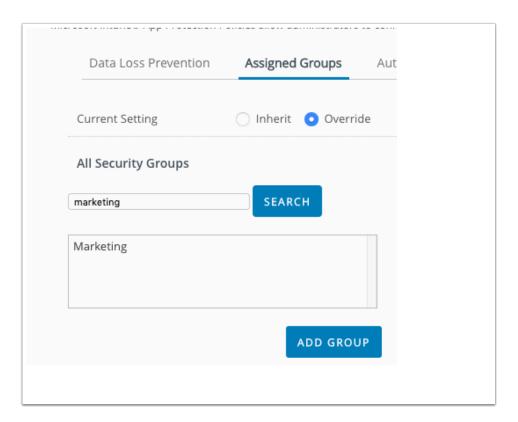
## Part 2: Configure Workspace ONE UEM for Application Protection Policy

- 1. Configuring Data Loss Prevention using Microsoft Intune® App Protection Policies for Android and IOS Mobile devices
  - 1. Switch to your **Workspace ONE UEM** console and login as **Admin**
  - 2. Go to GROUPS & SETTINGS > ALL SETTINGS
  - 3. Under APPS, select Microsoft Intune App Protection Policies
  - 4. In the **Microsoft Intune App Protection Policies** console. Select the **Authentication** tab. Next to:-
    - Username: your office 365 CloudAdmin username
    - Password : your cloud admin off365 password
  - 5. Select SAVE & ASSIGN

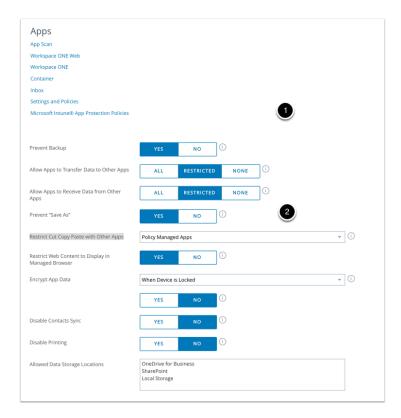


### 2. In the Microsoft Intune App Protection Policies console

- 1. Next to the **Authentication** tab to the left, select the **Assigned Groups** Tab
- 2. Under All Security Groups select SEARCH Marketing
- 3. Select Marketing select ADD GROUP
- 4. Close the window by selecting the X in the top right-hand corner.



- 3. Ensure you are still logged into your **Workspace ONE UEM** admin console
  - 1. Select GROUPs & SETTINGS > All Settings
  - 2. In the Apps Section select Microsoft Intune® App Protection Policies
  - Select the Data `Loss Protection tab, under Data Relocation section configure the following:-
    - Allow Apps to Transfer Data to Other Apps: RESTRICTED
    - Allow Apps to Receive Data from Other Apps: RESTRICTED
    - Restrict Cut Copy Paste with Other Apps: Policy Managed Apps
  - 4. Select SAVE & ASSIGN



for Intune Policies to be applied on **Android devices** we have to install the **Microsoft**Intune company Portal app.

## Part 2.1: Installing the Microsoft Intune Company Portal App (Android Only)

In the APPS & BOOKS > Applications > Native > Public tab

- 1. Select +ADD APPLICATION
- 2. In the **Add Application**window next to: Select
  - Platform\*: Android
  - Name\*: Microsoft Intune Company Portal App

- select NEXT
- 3. In the Add Application window select Intune Company Portal
- 4. In the Intune Company Portal section, click the Select button
- 5. Select **SAVE & ASSIGN**
- 6. On the Intune Company Portal- Update Assignment window select ADD ASSIGNMENT
- 7. In the Intune Company Portal- Add Assignment window next to:-
  - Select Assignment Groups: All Devices
  - App Delivery Method: AUTO radio button
  - App Tunneling: ENABLED (notice two extra lines are added)
    - Android\* Android\_Mobile\_SSO
- 8. At the bottom of the page select ADD
- 9. Select SAVE & PUBLISH
- 10. Select PUBLISH



## **Part 3: Test App Protection Policies**

Now that the settings have been setup in the Workspace ONE UEM console, we must actually see these policies in effect on the device to enhanced security.

Wait 5 to 10 minutes for those policies to be applied to your device.

Part 3: Is divided into 2 sections

Section 1: We test with an IOS device

Section 2: We test using an Android device

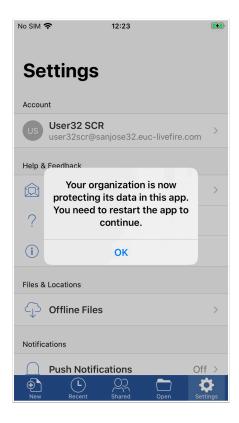
If you have not done any IOS configuration move on to Section 2 in Part 3 of this Lab.

#### **Section 1: IOS TEST**

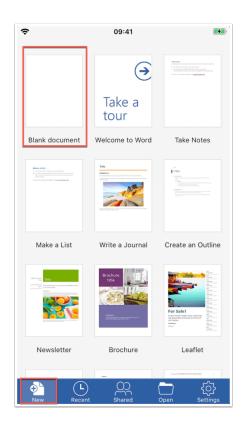
**Note:** The following steps have been written assuming you have NO previously installed Native Office 365 Applications on your IOS device prior to enrolling your device. If you suspect you have, for consistent results, that are in line with the instructions in this Lab, remove these native applications, and install Microsoft Word and Microsoft Excel through the Workspace ONE HUB application.

- 1. Ensure your IOS device is enrolled your lab environment and all previous parts of these labs have been completed successfully
  - 1. On your IOS device launch Microsoft Word
    - You will now see a prompt that the application has received additional Company Policies, select OK to close the window
  - 2. You will be prompted to set a passcode in accordance with the policy. Set a **4 digit pin** e.g. **2019**





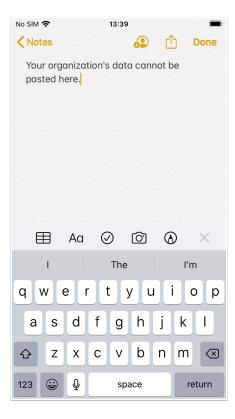
- 2. Let's now look at the Data Loss Prevention feature.
  - In the Word app on your iOS device click on New at the bottom left to create a new document.
  - 2. Click on **Blank Document** in the top left corner.
  - 3. Now type Hello World, then select and click copy
  - 4. Now open **Notes** as an application on the device
  - 5. Click the **Pen on paper icon** in the bottom right corner of the application for a new note.
  - Now press and hold to select Paste. You will get a message saying "Your Organisation's data cannot be pasted here."





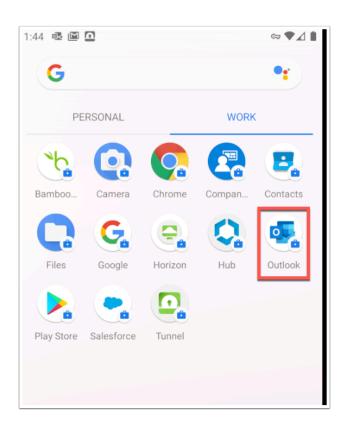


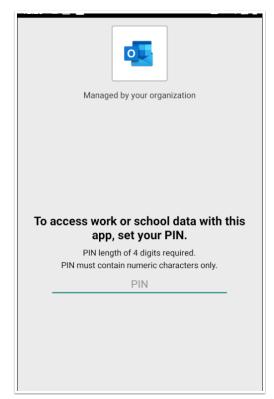


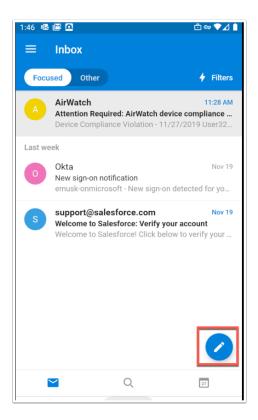


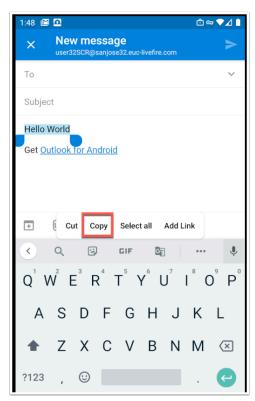
### **Section 2: Android OS Test**

- 1. Ensure your Android device is enrolled your lab environment and all previous parts of these labs have been completed successfully.
  - 1. On your Android Device. Open the managed Outlook application
    - Notice the application is managed by your organization and you will be required to set a pin. Type 2019 or any four digit pin.
  - 2. Once you are in the **Outlook** application and you have entered the pin to authenticate, click on the **pencil icon** in the bottom right.
  - 3. Now in the body area of the new message type Hello World.
  - 4. **Select** the text and click **copy**



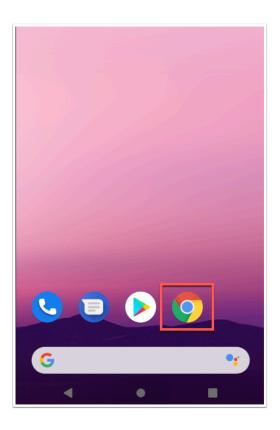






- 2. Now click **home** and click on the **Chrome** application that does not have the suitcase.
  - 1. In the Chrome application click on the address bar and click Paste
  - 2. You will note that it will not paste this text from Outlook. You will get a message "**Your** organisation's data cannot be pasted here."

• This concludes the Securing O365 with Workspace ONE UEM - you have seen the integration with Microsoft securing the digital workplace.





## Day 4

# Reporting, Analytics and Automation WorkspaceOne Intelligence

### **Part 1: Overview**

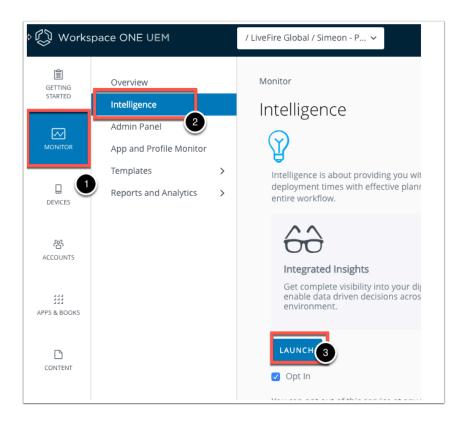
VMware Workspace ONE Intelligence gives you insights into your digital workspace. At the moment Intelligence can aggregate information from three different sources: Workspace ONE Access, Workspace ONE UEM, and Apteligent.

#### **Components**

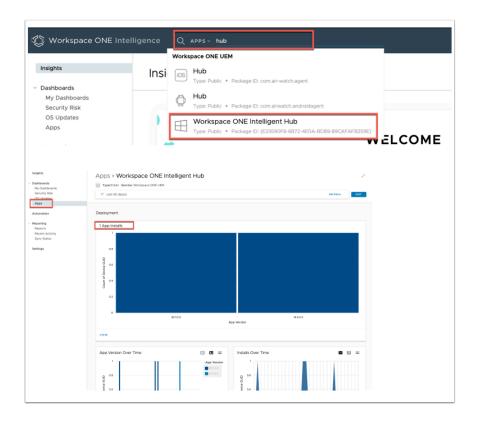
Workspace ONE Intelligence aggregates data from Workspace ONE UEM and Apteligent by VMware. It includes **Dashboards**, **Reports**, and **Automation** to analyze data and perform actions for efficiency and remediation. It integrates with third-party connection services like Slack and ServiceNow for notifications.

In this lab we will look at how to create reports, dashboards and build automation based on this information.

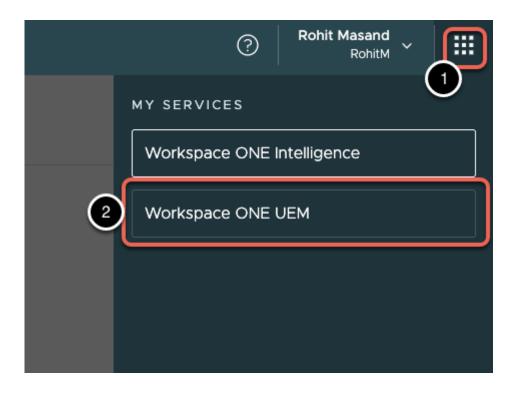
- 1. Accessing **Workspace ONE Intelligence** from the **Workspace ONE UEM** console:
- 1. Open a browser and navigate to **cn-livefire.awmdm.com** and authenticate using your **username** and **password.**
- Navigate to MONITOR in the Workspace ONE UEM Admin console > Select Intelligence and select LAUNCH



- 2. You will now be redirected to the **Workspace ONE Intelligence** server.
  - Here you will find at the top a search function which allows you to search for Apps, Automations Reports, Automation, Dashboards, OS, Reports and Widgets.
  - 1. Select Apps. This is very useful if you want to just look for something quickly.
  - 2. In the **Search** area type "Hub". Notice the devices that you have the hub installed.
  - 3. Click on **Windows**, or any other that you have installed. You will now get a glimpse into the devices this app is installed on, the version of the application, the time it was installed etc.
    - Notice you are also directed in the left hand navigation bar to Apps under Dashboards. We will come back to Dashboards at a later stage in the lab.



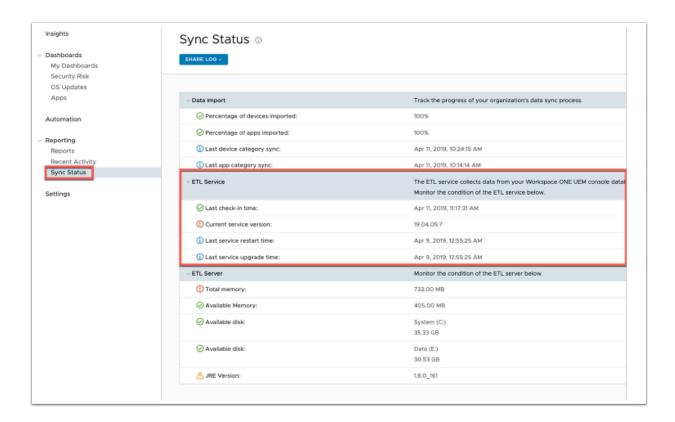
- 3. Return to the **Workspace ONE UEM** console:
  - 1. Select the square menu for MY SERVICES in the top right corner of the UI.
  - 2. Select Workspace ONE UEM from the MY SERVICES menu.



## **Part 2: Reporting**

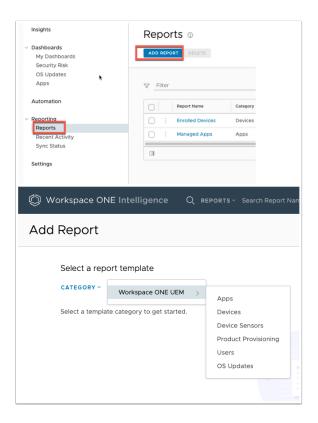
1. Under Reporting Click on Sync Status

Reports tie in directly into the database of the WorkspaceOne Workspace ONE UEM environment. For SaaS environment no additional setup required. However for onpremise Workspace ONE UEM deployments you will require the ETL (extract, transform, load) service which pushed data from the Workspace ONE UEM database to the Intelligence Cloud Service on AWS. This would have to be installed on a separate server. In order to see the current Status of the ETL service.

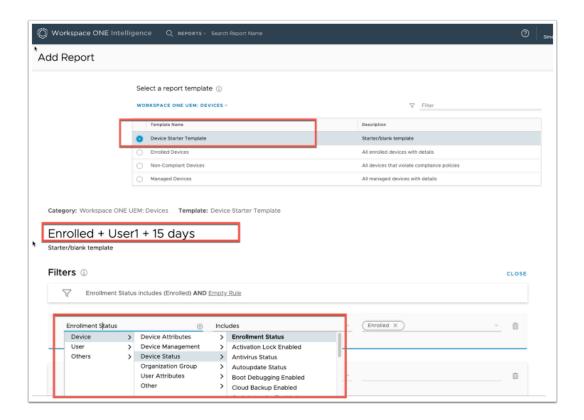


### 2. Under Reporting

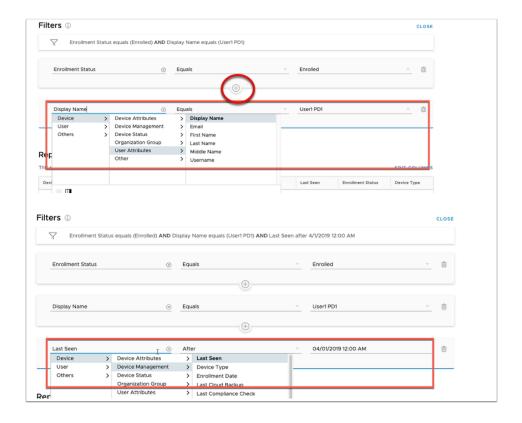
- 1. Click on **Reports** and click on **ADD REPORT** 
  - You will now have the option to select category of report you would like to create.
- In the Add Report window expand the dropdown arrow next to CATEGORY, Click on Workspace ONE UEM > Devices
  - Notice here you have a few reports already pre-populated for the admin to use.



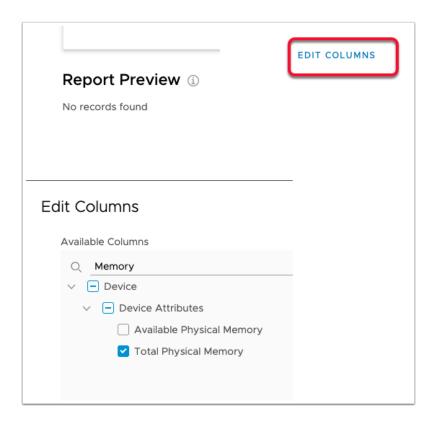
- 3. Select the radio button next to Device Starter Template
  - 1. Select **NEXT** at the bottom of the page.
  - 2. Where it says **Device Starter Template** re-name it to **Enrolled + CustomUser + 15 days**.
  - Below Empty Rule, In the Search field select on Search, select Device > Device Status
     Enrollment Status
  - 4. To the right of **Enrollment Status** using the **drop-down** to the right of **Includes**. Replace **Includes** with **Equals** .
  - 5. To the right of **Equals**, from the drop down select **Enrolled**.



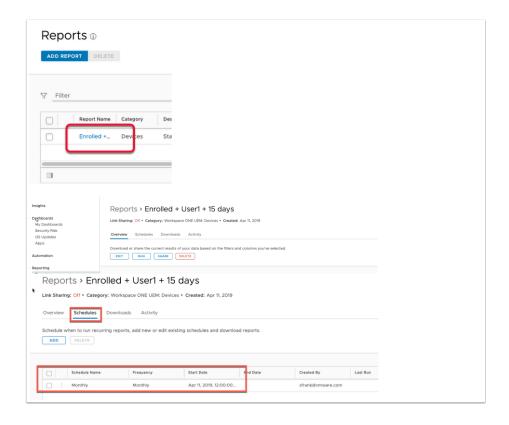
- 4. Under your first Filter in the middle, select the + to add another filter
  - 1. In the **Search** area area select **Device** > **User Attributes** > **User Name** 
    - In the area to the right of **Display**, select the **drop down** on the right side of **Includes** and select **Equals**
    - 2. In the area to the right of **Equals** select the **drop down** and select your **Custom User**.
  - Below the filter in the middle select the + to add another filter and click Device > Device Management > Last Seen
    - In the area to the right of Last Seen, select the drop down on the right side of Includes and select After
    - In the area to the right of After select the drop down and select select 04/01/ 2019 (April 1 2019)



- 5. Below your fliters, In the **Report Preview** section,
  - 1. In the far-right side of **Report Preview** click on **EDIT COLUMNS**. note. Intelligence allows you to customize the results to your business requirements.
  - 2. In the Edit Columns window, under **Available Columns** in the **Search** area type **Memory** and select **Total Physical Memory**.
  - In the bottom left-hand corner select ADD (1). You will see the column Total Physical Memory is added.
    - Note, you can re-arrange the order in which columns are presented in the report by dragging the column.
  - 4. Select **SAVE** to close the **EDIT COLUMNS** window
  - 5. Select **SAVE** at the botom right to save your **custom Report**

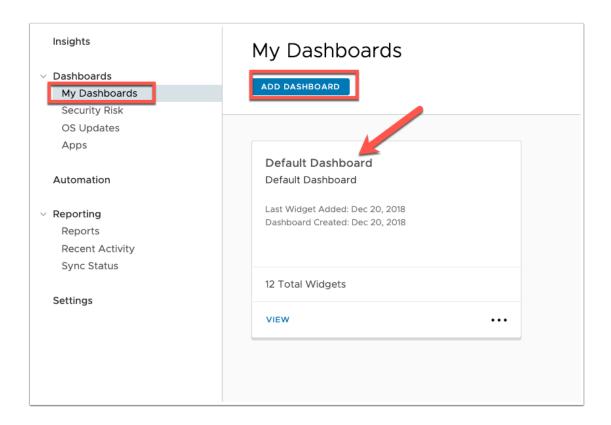


- 6. Go back into your Custom Report by select Enrolled +.. under Report Name
  - Notice you have 4 tabs at the top Overview, Schedules, Downloads, and Activity
  - You have the ability to **Edit** the report, **Run** the report and **Share** and **delete** the report.
  - Share is a great feature as you can e-mail various parties or even make it available via an external link to someone outside the organisation.
  - The second tab is **Schedules**, this is where you can set when the report should run. It can be setup **hourly**, **daily**, **weekly**, or **monthly**.

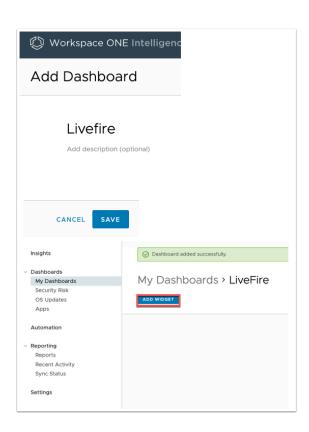


## **Part 3: Dashboards**

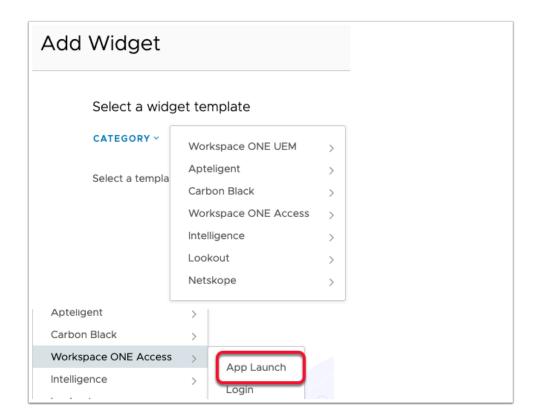
- **My Dashboards** powered by Workspace ONE Intelligence, displays data you customize with applied widgets. Display data as graphics and analyze the trends occurring in areas within your Workspace ONE platform by App, Device, or Operating system (OS) update. Data in this view are consolidated from other dashboards.
- 1. In the Workspace ONE Intelligence window
  - 1. In left hand-hand pane, select to **Dashboards** > **My Dashboards**
  - 2. Select ADD DASHBOARD
- Notice there is already a **Default Dashboard** setup with 12 widgets, this can also be view. For this lab we will create a new Dashboard.



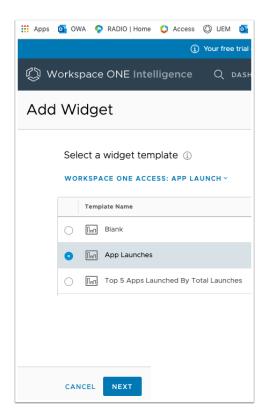
- 2. In the Add Dashboard window,
  - 1. In the Name your Dashboard area type LiveFire and select SAVE in the bottom right.
  - 2. In the My Dashboards > Lifefire window select ADD WIDGET



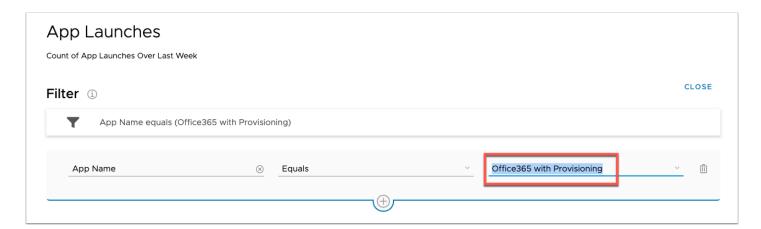
- 3. In the ADD WIDGET window
  - 1. Next to **CATEGORY** select the **drop down**
  - 2. Select Workspace ONE Access > APP LAUNCH



- 4. We will now have the option to create from blank widget or existing widget.
  - In the Template Name Column select the radio button next to App Launches (second one from the top)
  - 2. Select **NEXT** in the bottom right corner.

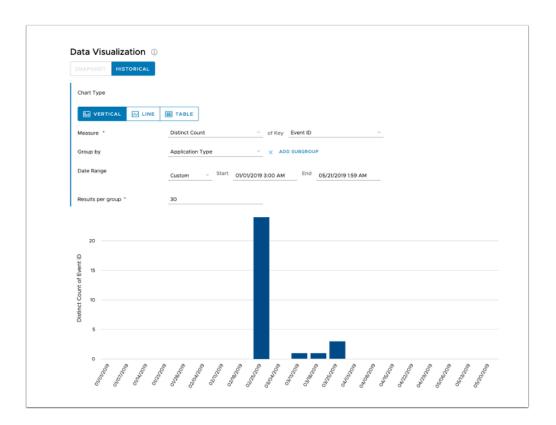


- 5. In the **App Launches** window under the **Filter** heading
  - Select App Name > Equals > Office 365 with Provisioning. (NOTE: If you have done the Deep Links lab, Select Word)

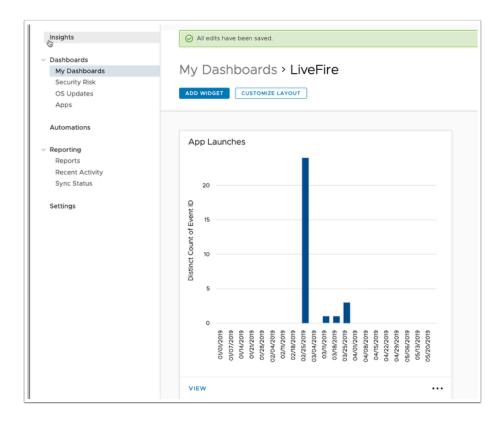


- 6. Under **Data Visualization** 
  - 1. Next to **SNAPSHOT** select **HISTORICAL**
  - 2. Under the **VERTICAL** tab enter the following filter: -
    - Next to Measure from the dropdown select Distinct Count and next to of Key from the dropdown select Event ID
    - 2. Next to **Group by** from the **dropdown** select **Application Type**
    - Next to Date Range from the dropdown select Custom next to Start 05/01/2019 next to End {todays date}
    - 4. Next to **Results per group** type 30

- You will now get a data visualization of the times someone access this particular application within a give time period.
- 3. Select **SAVE** at the bottom right to close the wizard.



7. You will now see the LiveFire Dashboard has one widget "App Launches" with very specific data visualized for the admin to consume.

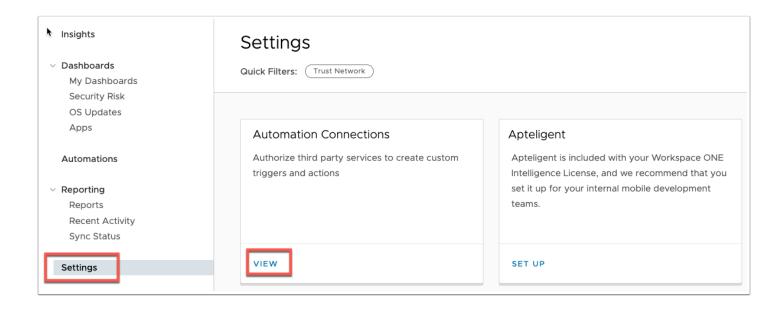


## **Part 4: Automation**

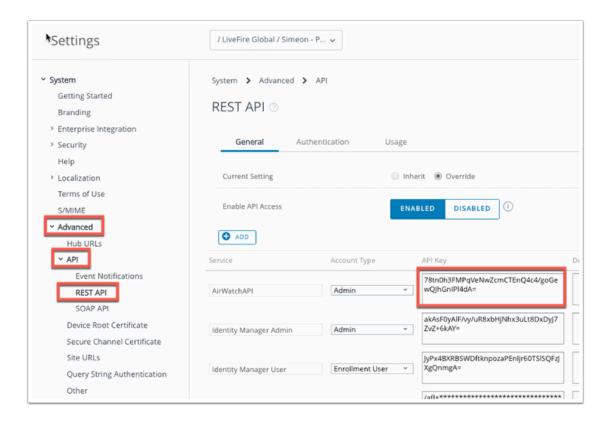
Automation requires the use of "Connectors" to connect to other services via API to execute a sub set of commands based on the input. Currently, Automation is possible out of box with Workspace ONE UEM, Slack and ServiceNow. You can create a custom connection as well. In this example, we will use Workspace ONE UEM as a connector to trigger actions based on the aggregated information.

### 1. In Workspace ONE Intelligence

- 1. In the left pane under **Insights**, go to the **Settings** section, select **Integrations**
- 2. Under Automation Connections select VIEW
  - Notice there are three connectors there by default Slack, Workspace ONE UEM, and ServiceNow. This is an ever growing link as VMware continue to partner with vendors.

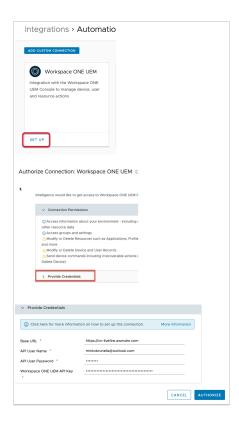


- Open a new tab if necessary in your browser and revert back to the Workspace ONE UEM Console
  - 1. Select Groups & Settings > All Settings > System > Advanced
  - 2. Expand API select REST API.
  - 3. Under **Service** next to **AirWatchAPI** copy the **API** key to Notepad or an equivalent text editor

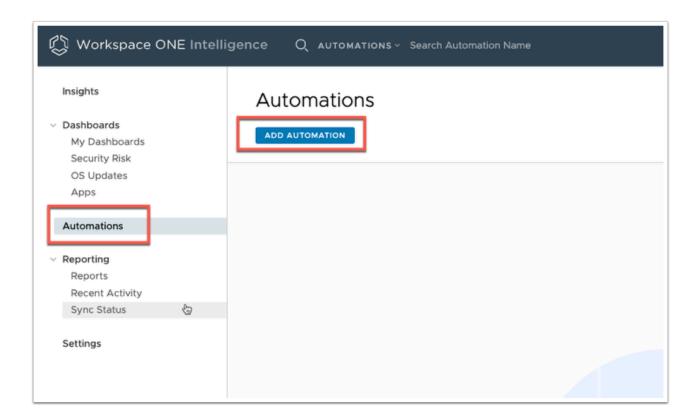


3. Revert back to **Workspace ONE Intelligence.** In the **Integrations > Automation Connections** section

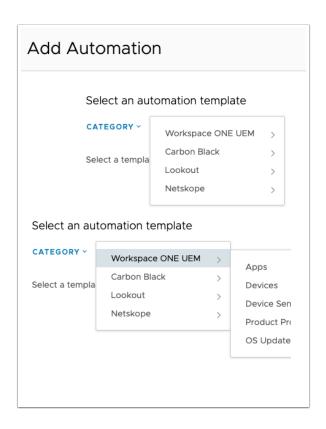
- 1. Under the Workspace ONE UEM connector, select SET UP
- 2. In the Authorize Connection: Workspace ONE UEM, select Provide Credentials
- 3. Fill in the information with your Workspace ONE UEM credentials:
  - BASE URL : https://cn-livefire.awmdm.com
  - API User Name: Your login credentials for your Workspace ONE Tenant
  - API user Password : Password of your Workspace ONE UEM Tenant
  - Workspace ONE UEM Tenant Code: API Admin Key from Workspace ONE UEM
- 4. Select Authorize



- 4. Now that the connector for WorkspaceOne Workspace ONE UEM has been configured for Automation. Let's build an Automation!
  - Navigate inside the Workspace ONE Intelligence Console click Automations ADD AUTOMATION

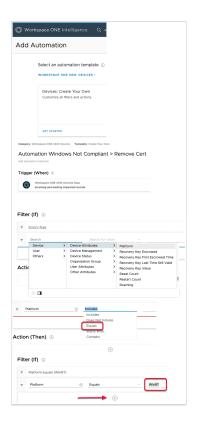


- 5. In the **Add Automation** window
  - 1. Next to Category select the drop down
  - 2. Select Workspace ONE UEM > Devices



- 6. In the Add Automation window
  - 1. In the **Devices: Create Your Own** section select **GET STARTED**

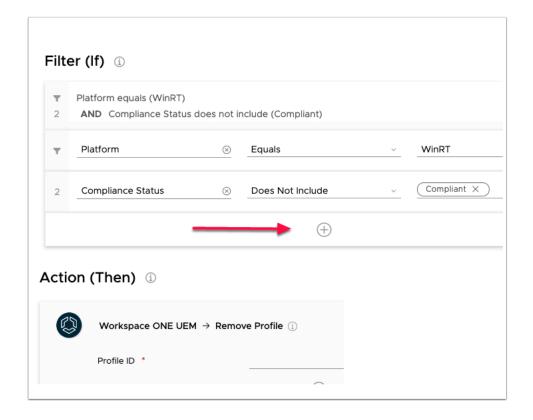
- In the Name your automation section type Automation Windows Not Compliant > Remove Cert
- 3. Under Filter (If)
  - In the Search area select Device > Device Attributes > Platform
  - To the right of **Platform** select the **Includes dropdown** and change to **Equals**
  - In the area to the right of **Includes** select **WinRT**
  - Just below your **first filter** in the middle select the ?



- 7. Under Filter (If) under Platform in the Search area
  - 1. In the **Search** area select **Device > Device Status > Compliance Status**
  - To the right of Compliance Status select the Includes dropdown and change to Does not Include
  - 3. In the area to the right of **Does not Include** select **Compliant**



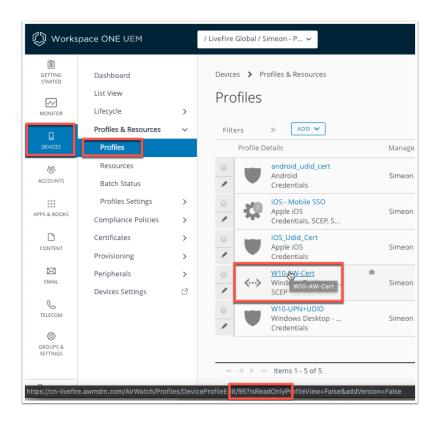
- 8. Below your filters In the Action (Then) area
  - 1. Select the?
  - Under Action (Then) in the Search fot trigger or connections area, in the drop down select Workspace ONE UEM ---> Remove Profile
  - We now need to get the **Profile ID**. Get this from the **Workspace ONE UEM** Console



- 9. In the Workspace ONE UEM Console
  - 1. Go to **Devices**> Profiles & Resources > **Profiles**.
  - 2. Point to the applicable Windows SSO profile in the Profiles List View to display the item's URL in the bottom left of the browser.
    - Find the ID number located in the middle of the string.

An example of the string is:

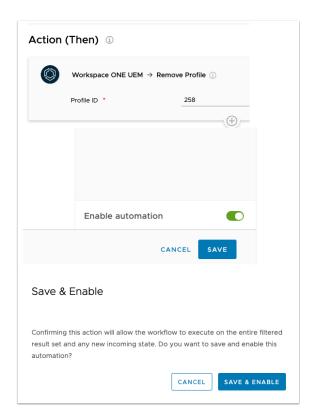
https://<Workspace\_ONE\_Workspace ONE UEM>/AirWatch/Profiles/ DeviceProfileEdit/95?isReadOnlyProfileView=x.



- 10. Go back to your Workspace ONE Intelligence Console
  - Use the unique number in your URL string and next to Profile ID type in the UNIQUE NUMBER
  - 2. In the far right next to **Enable automation** change the to **Toggle** from **OFF** to **ON**
  - 3. Select SAVE
  - 4. Select Save and Enable

You have now finished the Automation that lets us Automate actions into WorkspaceOne Workspace ONE UEM based on triggers. This completes the Intelligence lab.

**Note**, you can choose to take multiple actions like emailing the user, changing organization group or even removing multiple applications and profiles from the device.



# **Advanced API Automation**

### **Overview**

This lab will provide hands on training to leverage APIs to perform Automation task in your Workspace ONE UEM Environment. We will use POSTMAN to demonstrate the API automation.

In the industry today, DevOps, Operations and Support teams are leveraging API capability to automate application releases, minimize human interaction and achieve faster troubleshooting. In this lab we will learn how to use these APIs by making a collection of API calls for our DevOps use case.

**Use Case:** Developer team releases weekly updates to business critical application. Built an automation for this application release to our production devices.

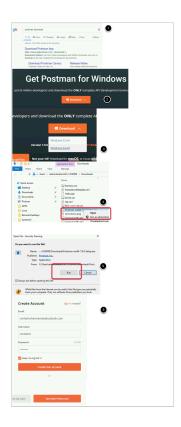
This section has 2 parts

- Setting UP Postman•
- Accessing the Workspace ONE UEM ApI

## Part 1: Setting Up Postman

Log in to your **Controlcenter** server with your administrative credentials

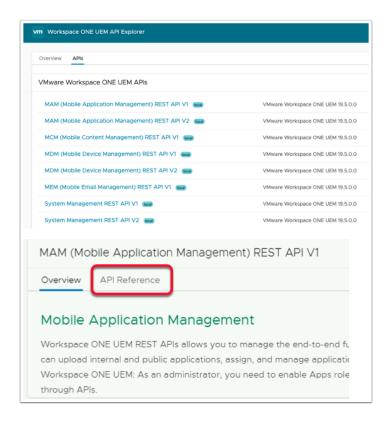
- Open your chrome browser in the google search type Postman download. Select the option to Download Postman App
- 2. In the Get Postman for Windows select **Download**
- 3. Select the Windows 64bit version to download
- 4. Open your **Downloads** folder on select and **Open** the **Postman-win64**. **xx** installer
- 5. Select Run
- 6. After the installer has finished you will be prompted to **Sign UP** 
  - 1. In the **Email** section type an **email** (possibly a dummy email you used in previous labs)
  - 2. Fill in Username
  - 3. Password VMware1!
  - 4. Select Create free account
- 7. On the Welcome to Postman page select Save My Preferences



## Part 2: Accessing the Workspace ONE UEM API

All the REST API calls are listed in the API portal. You can access the portal by navigating to <a href="https://</a><a href="https://cwarkspaceONE">https://cwarkspaceONE</a> UEM URL>/api/help.

- On your ControlCenter server, open your browser and navigate to <a href="https://cn-livefire.awmdm.com/api/help">https://cn-livefire.awmdm.com/api/help</a>
- 2. You will notice you are the default **Overview** page. Click on the **APIs**. tab.
- 3. Select and open the MAM (Mobile Application Management) REST API V1 module.
  - One can use the search capability to search for desired API calls' using the Search APIs/ Method field and then typing the name of the API.
- 4. In the MAM (Mobile Application Management) REST API V1 you will land on the Overview page, select the API Reference tab



# **Part 3: DevOps Automation**

 To meet our use case, DevOps needs the capability of uploading the application to the UEM console, create and assign smart group and publish to specific devices. We will use a total of 4 API calls to achieve the same.

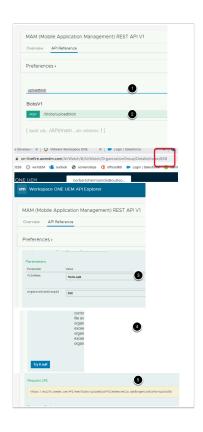
### **Step 1: Upload Application**

- 1 Uploading the application in the console comprises of two POST API commands.
- 1. uploadblob: Uploads the apk as a blob to the database server.
- 2. begininstall: Creates an internal application using the uploaded file blob.
- 1. Search **uploadblob** in the **Search APIs/** Method field.
- Next to POST, Click on blobs/uploadblob
- 3. Scroll down to the Parameters field and Enter the required fields next to
- filename : Hello.apk
- organizationGroupID: your oganizationGroupID

Note: In your **Workspace ONE UEM** Console, browse to **Groups & Settings** > Groups > Organization Groups > Details. Look in the address bar of your browser and the last digits will be a /number combination . **Copy the ID** from **the Browser** URL. For example: **https://cn**-

**livefire.awmdm.com/AirWatch/#/AirWatch/OrganizationGroup/Details/Index/722**. In this case, 722 is the **organizationGroupId**, **copy this number** to **organizationGroupID** field

- 4. Scroll right down to the bottom of the page and Click Try it out!.
- 5. Scroll down to see the response of your API call. **Copy** and **Paste** the **Request URL** in the response to **Notepad++**.

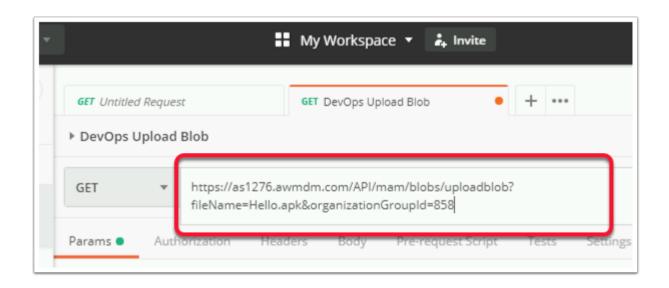


Note: We will use Postman tool to make our API calls and create Automation.

- 6. Navigate to the **ControlCenter2** Server. Find the Postman icon on your desktop screen. **Open** Postman application.
- 7. Click Request.
- 8. In the **SAVE REQUEST** Window in the **Request Name** section type **DevOps Upload Blob**. This is the first API call you are creating.
- 9. Scroll down to +Create Collection. and click on +Create Collection
- 10. In the **Name your Collection** area name it **Livefire collection**.
- 11. Select the **orange tick box** to the right of your entry
- 12 Click Save to Livefire Collection.

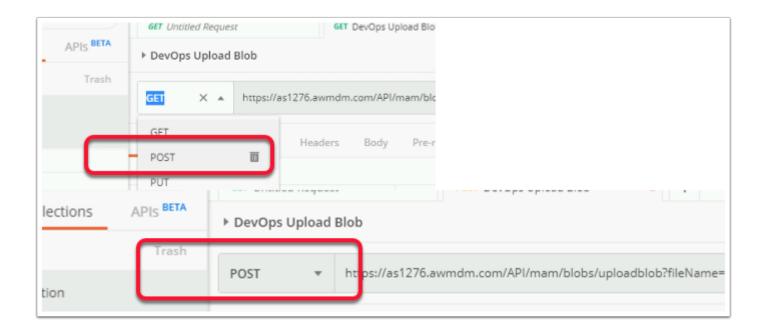


12. Next to **GET**, Paste the copied **Request URL** in the **Enter Request URL** field in Postman.

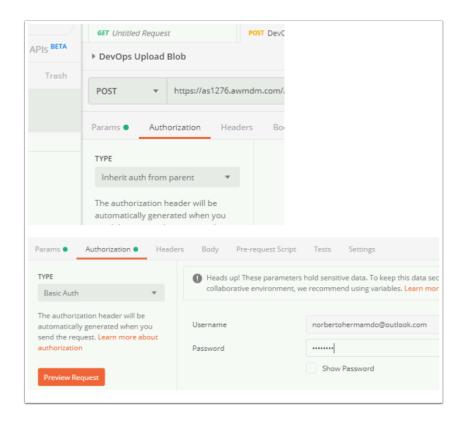


13. Change the Request type from **GET** to **POST**.

Note the Params value is now populated.

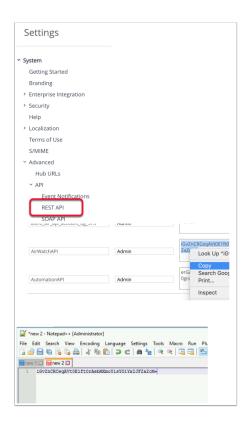


- 14. Below **POST** next to **Params** select the **Authorization** tab,
- 15. Below the **TYPE** area select the **drop down** and change **inherit auth from parent** to Basic Auth.
- 16. Provide your **Workspace ONE UEM admin credentials** in the **Username** and **Password** field.



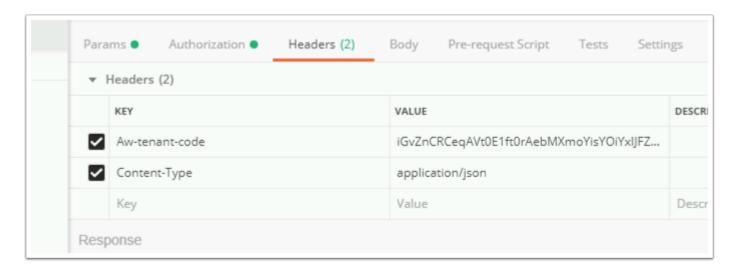
17. Switch back to the Workspace ONE UEM console

- Go Groups & Settings > ALL Settings > System > Advanced > API > REST API
- In the REST API section next the AirWatchAPI ADMIN section select and copy the API KEY
- Note Save the API key to Notepad++

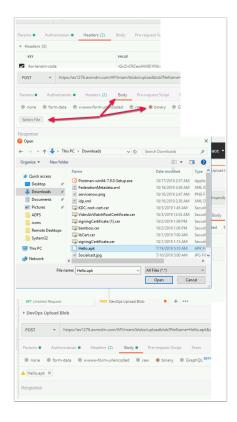


- 18. Switch back to **PostMan**. On the next tab next to **Authorization** select **Headers**,
- Add the following under the **KEY** and **VALUE** areas

KEY	VALUE
Aw-tenant-code	YOUR API ADMIN KEY
Content-Type	application/json

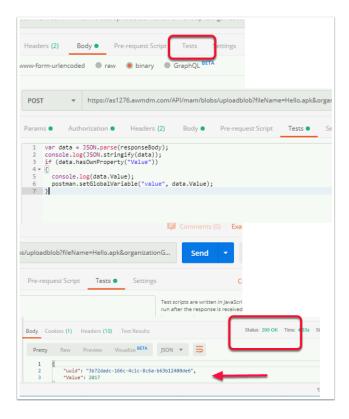


- 19. Next to the **Headers** tab, switch to the **Body** tab
- In the Body section select the Binary radio button
- In the **Binary** section click on **Select File**.
- Browse to the **Downloads** folder and select the **Hello.apk** file. Select **Open**.

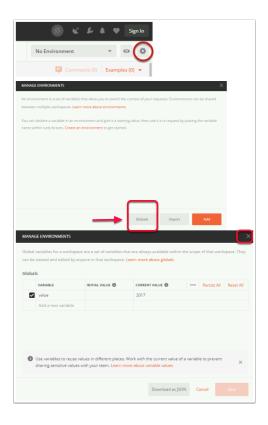


- 20. From the **Body** section switch two tabs across and select the **Tests** tab
- Under Tests, copy and paste the below json script.
  - This will create a global variable **Value** and assign the response result of the blob update to this global variable.
- Click SEND.
  - You should see a 200 OK next to Status.
  - In the body of the response, you will see **uuid** and **value** of the uploaded blob

```
var data = JSON.parse(responseBody);
console.log(JSON.stringify(data));
if (data.hasOwnProperty("Value"))
{
  console.log(data.Value);
  postman.setGlobalVariable("value", data.Value);
}
```



- 21. Before we move forward, we will check to confirm the global parameter from our previous call is created.
- 1. In PostMan navigate to **Settings** (Top Right cog wheel)
- 2. Select Globals
- 3. Check in the list if there exist an entry called **'value'** and its **CURRENT VALUE** matches the output in the response body. We will use this value in the next call.
- 4. Click X to Close the MANAGE ENVIRONMENTS window

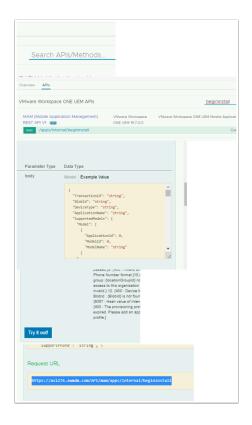


# Part 4: Creating the next API Call

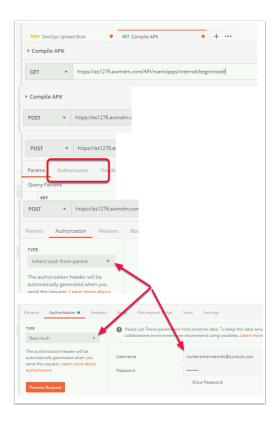
- Once Uploadblob is successfully executed, we will pass this blob "value" parameter in the next API call to save as an internal app on the console.
- 1. In **PostMan** Create a new tab by selecting the **+New** on the top left hand corner
  - 2. In the Create New window select GET Request
  - 3. In the SAVE REQUEST window under Request name type Compile APK.
  - 4. Select Save to Livefire Collection.



- On your ControlCenter server, revert back to your browser In the address bar https://cn-livefire.awmdm.com/api/help
- 1. Under the APIs tab to the right in the Search APIs/Methods area type begininstall.
- 2. Click on /apps/internal/begininstall API.
- Scroll down to Parameters. In the right part of Parameters next to Parameter Type you
  will see Data Type, Hover your mouse over the yellow Data Type box and Click. You will
  see the appChunkTransaction field populated on the left.
- 4. Scroll down and Click Try it out!
- 5. Scroll down. Copy the **Request URL** field in the response.

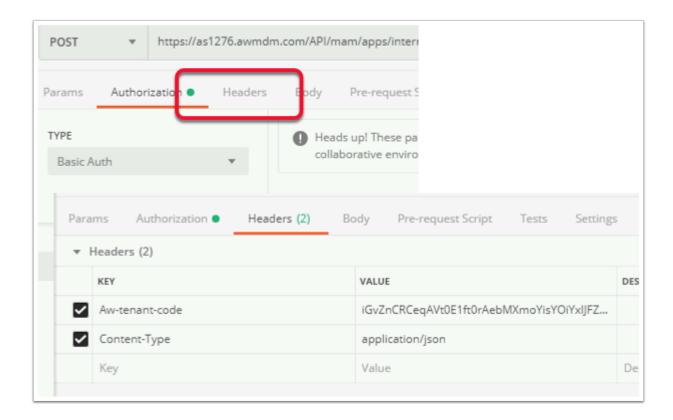


- · Navigate back to Postman,
  - 1. Under the **Compile APK** tab next to **GET** in the **Enter Request URL** area, **paste the copied Request URL**.
  - 2. Change the command type from **GET** to **POST**.
  - 3. Under the newly selected **POST**. To the right of the **Params** tab select the **Authorization** tab
  - 4. In the **Authorization** section under **TYPE** change **Inherit auth from parent** to **Basic Auth**
  - 5. To the right fill in your **Workspace ONE UEM username** and **password**. (this might autofill as its round number 2)



- Next to the Authorization tab select the Headers tab
- Under the Headers tab under KEY and VALUE fill in the following values using the table below.

KEY	VALUE
Aw-tenant-code	YOUR API ADMIN KEY
Content-Type	application/json

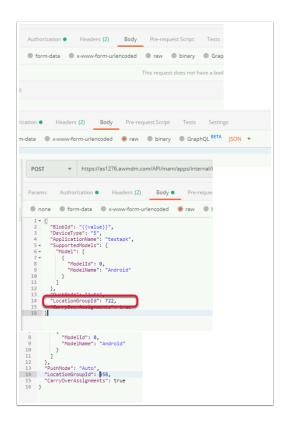


- Next to **Header** select the **Body** Tab,
  - 1. select the RAW radio button
    - Ensure that **JSON** is select instead of **TEXT**. (JSON should be default)
  - 2. Copy and Paste the below sample script.
    - In this example, we have simplified to only include device type Android (Device type-5),

Push mode and Organization group.

- Replace the LocationGroupId in the sample script with your LocationGroupId documented in Notepad++
  - You could edit the ApplicationName. Leave PushMode in the body of the API call to "Auto".

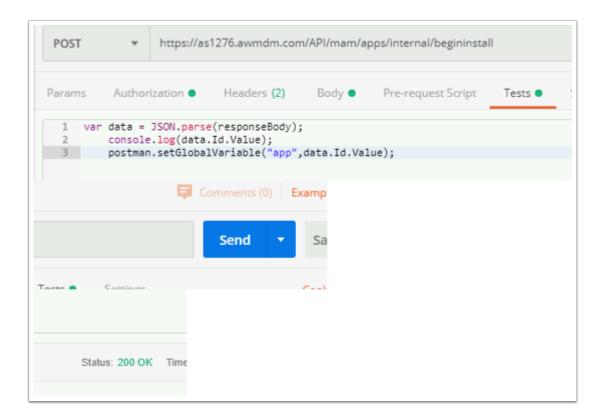
```
},
"PushMode": "Auto",
"LocationGroupId": 722,
"CarryOverAssignments": true
}
```



- Two tabs down from **Body** select the **Tests** tab
  - In the **Tests** Tab, we will create a new global variable for our application id.
    - This Application id will be passed in the future to assign the smart group to this application.

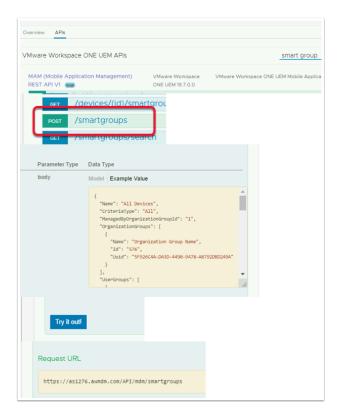
```
var data = JSON.parse(responseBody);
  console.log(data.Id.Value);
  postman.setGlobalVariable("app",data.Id.Value);
```

Click SEND. Confirm the response is 200 OK.



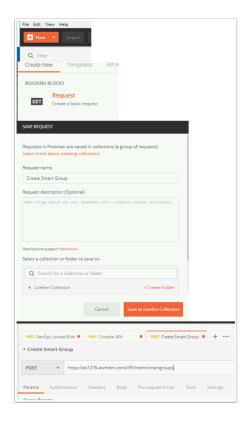
## **Part 5 : Create a Smart Group**

- Navigate back to your Workspace ONE UEM API console, https://cn-livefire.awmdm.com/api/ help
  - 1. Switch to the APIs tab, in the Search APIs/Methods type Smart Group.
  - 2. Click on **POST /smartgroups**.
  - 3. **Scroll down** to find the expanded view of the API, under **Parameters**, to the right under **Data Type click** over the **yellow box** 
    - This will populate the **SmartGroupEditModel** field.
  - 4. Scroll down and click Try It Out! button.
  - Scroll until you find the Request URL field, Copy your Request URL https://as1276.awmdm.com/API/mdm/smartgroups.

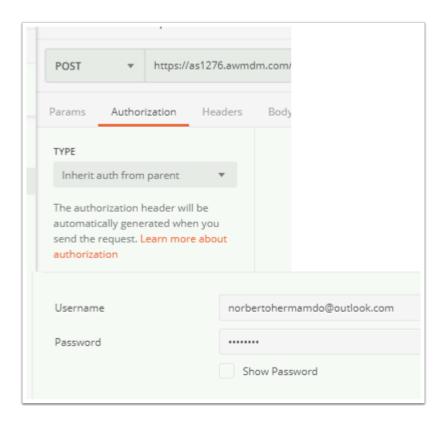


2

- Switch back to **Postman**.
  - 1. In the top left-hand corner select +New
  - 2. Next to **GET** select **Request**
  - 3. In the **SAVE REQUEST** window, Under **Request name** type **Create Smart Group**. Select **Save to Livefire Collection**
  - 4. Change the **Request type** from **GET** to **POST**.
  - 5. In the Enter request URL area Copy and Paste your copied request URL

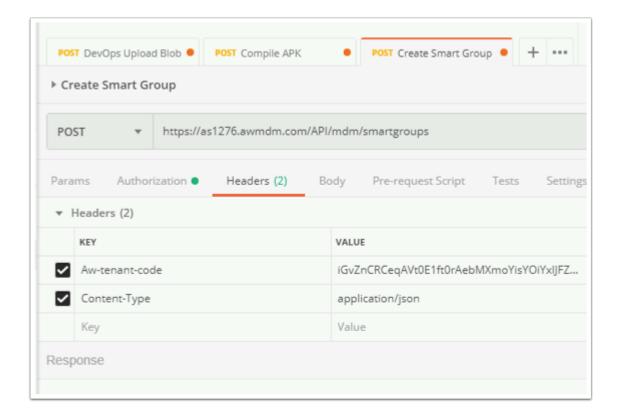


- Next to Params select the Authorization tab
  - 1. Under TYPE change Inherit auth from parent to Basic Auth
  - 2. Next to **Username** and **Password** ensure that your **Workspace ONE UEM** credentials have auto-filled



- Switch to the next TAB Headers,
  - Enter the **KEY** and **VALUE** configuration in the below table.

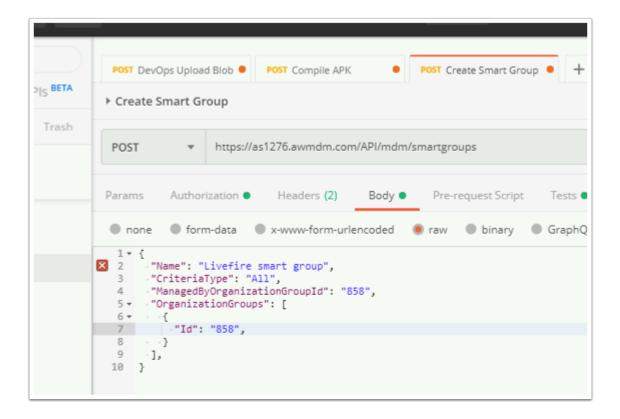
KEY	VALUE
Aw-tenant-code	YOUR API ADMIN KEY
Content-Type	application/json



- Next to Headers, switch to the Body Tab
  - 1. Select the **raw** radio button
  - 2. Copy and Paste the below script,
  - 3. Next to the "ManagedByOrganisationGroupId" and "Id" replace the "722" sample code with YOUR "ID"

**NOTE:** A Customer would use the SmartGroupEditModel and replace values with their own required parameters. For simplicity, below is an example where we create a smart group, 'Livefire smart group' managed at OG with LGID 722.

```
{
  "Name": "Livefire smart group",
  "CriteriaType": "All",
```

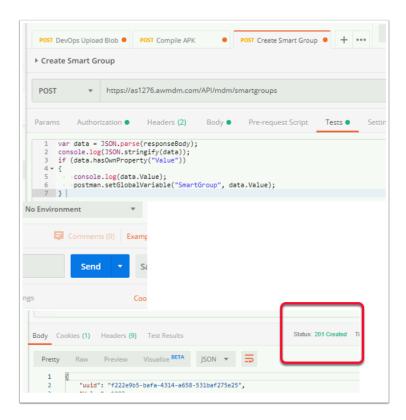


- Select the Tests tab
  - copy the below JSON script. In this script, we are passing the response from create smart group API call to our next call.

```
var data = JSON.parse(responseBody);
console.log(JSON.stringify(data));
if (data.hasOwnProperty("Value"))
{
    console.log(data.Value);
    postman.setGlobalVariable("SmartGroup", data.Value);
}
```

Click SEND. Confirm the response Status is 201 Created is displayed.

Make sure the **Variable** "SmartGroup" is created in the Settings of Postman.

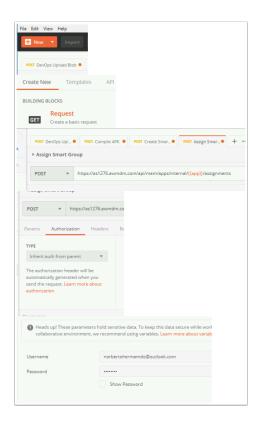


# Part 6: Assign and Publish.

- Navigate back to your Workspace ONE UEM API console, cn-livefire.awmdm.com/api/ help.
  - 1. Select the APIs tab.
  - 2. In the **Search APIs/Methods** area type **assignments**.
  - 3. Click on PUT /apps/internal/{applicationId}/assignments
  - 4. Scroll down to Parameters, to the right, next to Parament Type,
    - Under the Data Type header you will see a yellow box. Click on the Yellow box. This
      populates the applicationAssignments field to the right
    - Under Parameter next to applicationId enter any number value eg. 444
  - 5. Scroll down, Click Try it Out!
  - 6. Scroll down, to the Request URL area. Copy and save the Request URL.
- Note, the application id will be replaced by Global Variable "app" that was created in the second API call by Tests JSON script.

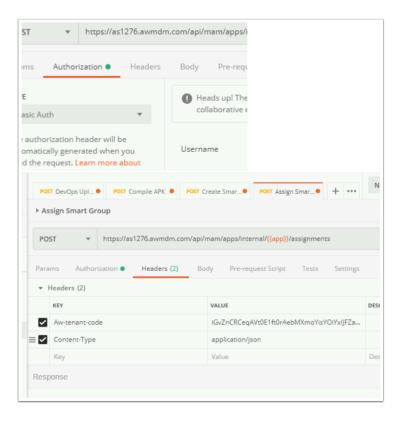


- Revert back to Postman.
  - 1. Create a new Tab by selecting **+NEW**
  - 2. On the Create New page next to GET select Request
  - On the SAVE REQUEST page under Request name type Assign Smart Group. Select Save to Livefire Collection
  - 4. Change the **Request type** to PUT or **POST**.
  - 5. Copy the Request URL. https://as1276.awmdm.com/api/mam/apps/internal/{{app}}/assignments.
  - 6. Under **POST** select the **Authorization** tab
  - 7. On the **Authorization** tab under **TYPE** change **inherit auth from parent** to **Basic Auth**
  - 8. Verify that your **Username** and **Password** fields have automatically been filled in with your Workspace ONE UEM credentials



- From the Authorization tab, switch to the Headers tab
  - In **Headers** populate the respective, **KEY** and **VALUE** areas

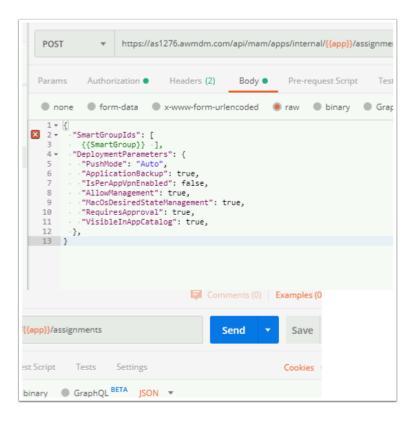
KEY	VALUE
Aw-tenant-code	YOUR API ADMIN KEY
Content-Type	application/json



- Next switch from the **Headers** tab and select the **Body** tab
  - Select the raw radio button. You can copy and paste the body from the API portal. For simplicity, paste the below body.
  - Click Send. Check for 201 Created response.

```
"SmartGroupIds": [
    {{SmartGroup}} ],
"DeploymentParameters": {
    "PushMode": "Auto",
    "ApplicationBackup": true,
    "IsPerAppVpnEnabled": false,
    "AllowManagement": true,
    "MacOsDesiredStateManagement": true,
    "RequiresApproval": true,
    "VisibleInAppCatalog": true,
},
```

Note: We are passing the 'SmartGroup' Global variable from the previous API call.



## **Part 7: Validation**

- Navigate to the Workspace ONE UEM console.
  - Under Apps&Books > Native. Under the Internal tab Check your APK is added successfully
  - 2. We will now validate the assignment of the APK. Select the **radio button** next to your APK icon and click **ASSIGN**.
  - 3. On the **testapk Update Assignment** window, below **+ADD ASSIGNMENT**, notice the Livefire smart group has already been assigned.
  - 4. Select the radio button next Livefire smart group click EDIT.
  - 5. Next to **Select Assignment Groups** is *Livefire smart group* and next to **App Delivery Method** the configuration is set to **AUTO**.
  - 6. Next to **Select Assignment Groups** click on *Livefire smart group* In the criteria confirm your OG is selected under Organization Group.
  - 7. Cancel all the windows. This confirms all the APIs successfully Executed.



## **Part 8: Automation**

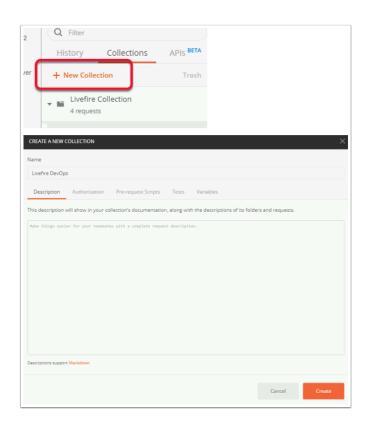
This Section will add all the above 4 API calls in one collection and execute them together to demonstrate automation. Before you begin, delete the APK and Smart Group you just created in the previous section from the workspace ONE UEM console.

- In the Workspace ONE UEM console,
  - Navigate to Apps & Books > Native. Select the APK you uploaded and click DELETE. On the Restricted Action - Application Delete window enter your Security PIN
  - Click on Filters on the same screen. Expand Status, select All. You will observe the app
    was not deleted but deactivated from the console. Select the radio button next to the
    APK click DELETE.
    - Note: This is a safety net in console to ensure Admin do not delete critical production application that have an active assignment.
  - 3. Navigate to **Groups & Settings > Groups > Assignment Groups**. Select the **check box** next to your smart group and click **DELETE**.



### 2. Creating a New Collection.

- Navigate to **POSTMAN**.
  - 1. On the left pane, click + New Collection.
  - 2. In the CREATE A NEW COLLECTION window under Name type Livefire DevOps.
  - 3. Click Create.



#### 3 Save all 4 API calls to the new collection.

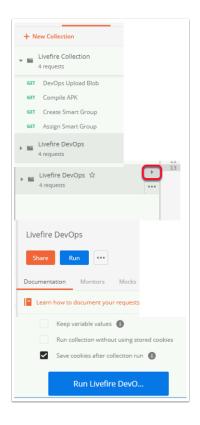
- In **POSTMAN**, from the left panel, click on **DevOPs upload blob** API call.
  - 1. Navigate to the right hand side of the window and look for **Save** which is to the right of **Send**. Select the **drop down arrow** next to **Save**. Click on **Save** As
  - In the SAVE REQUEST window and scroll down to All Collections and select Livefire DevOps. and select Save to Livefire DevOps
- Repeat this task for the remaining 3 API calls, that being
  - 1. Compile APK
  - 2. Create Smart Group
  - 3. Assign Smart Group
- After you have completed the remaning 3 API calls in the left pane of PostMan expand the Livefire DevOps Collection and check that you have added all 4 requests

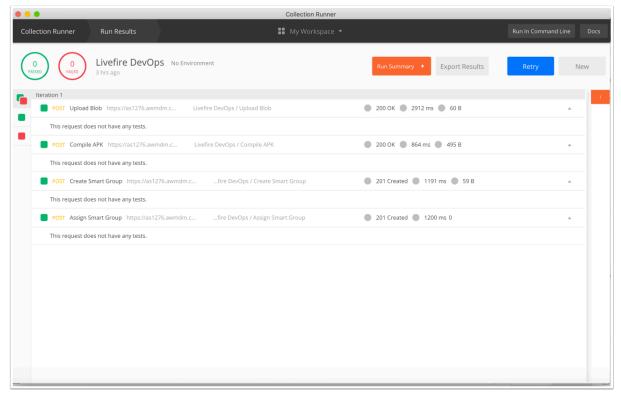


#### 4. Run the Collection

Once the API collection is ready and console clean up is completed, you are ready to execute this automation.

- 1. Select your collection in **POSTMAN**.
- 2. Click on the play icon.
- 3. In the expanded window view, click RUN.
- 4. This will open a new window Collection Runner, at the bottom of the window Click Run Livefire DevOps.
- 5. Go to your Workspace ONE UEM console and validate the APK is present and smart group is assigned.





You can export the entire collection in a json file and use tools like Newman to execute the same from Command Line. You can perform the same task sequence in Powershell

leveraging the Workspace ONE UEM API Portal. This lab uses Postman to simplify and demonstrate API automation for beginners.

To export in JSON, click on the menu Icon (View More Options) next to collection. Click Export to generate a JSON script for your collection. This lab does not demonstrate Newman or Powershell.